

STM32-MAT/TARGET

Hands On

Rev 2.2

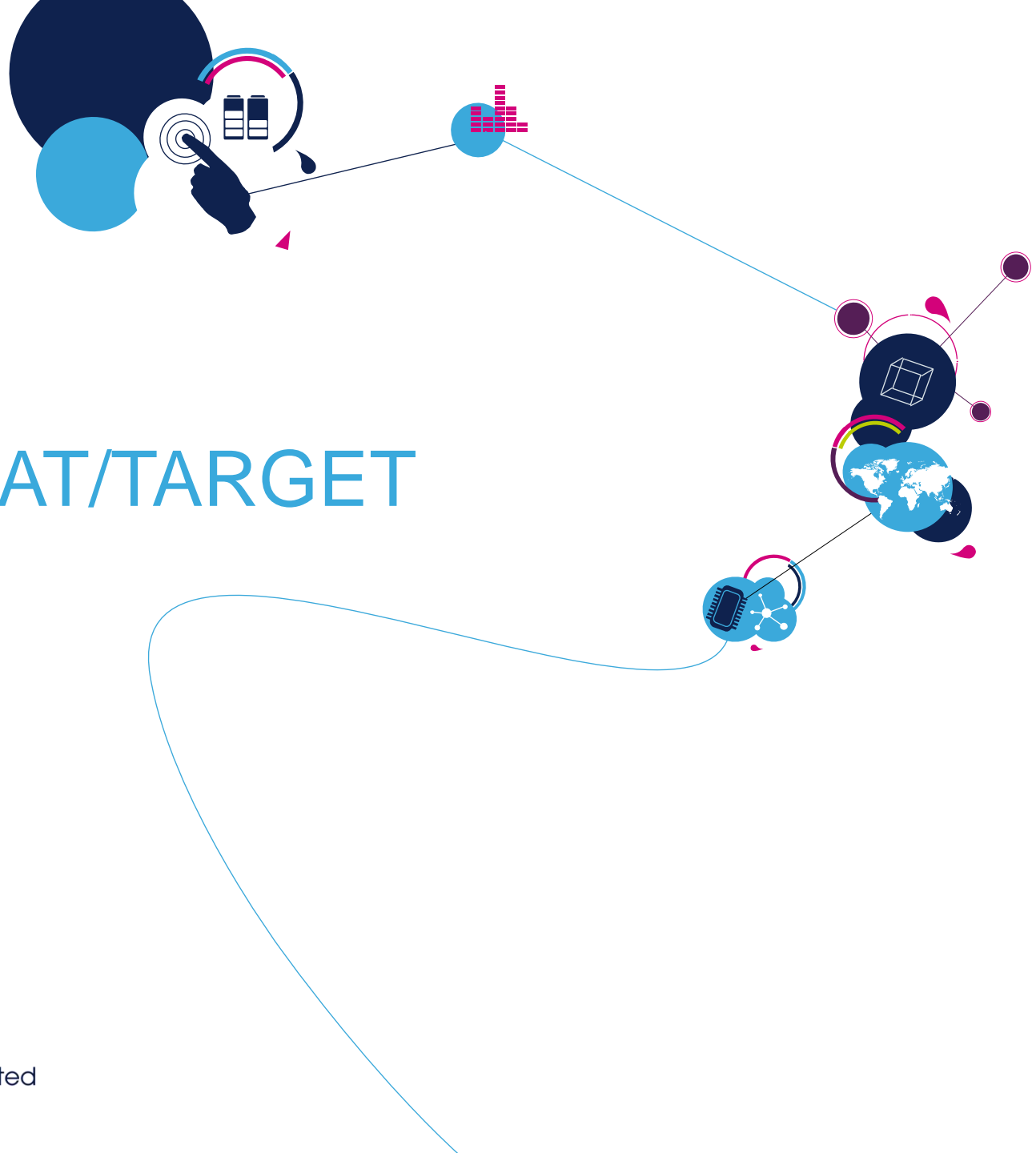


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Must be read



Recommended reading



Detailed

- Hands-on workshop to show you the steps needed to quickly simulate and develop STM32 graphical applications using MATLAB® Simulink environment.
- Know tools installations and settings to be able to start development.
- Know Simulation and « C » Code Generation possibility
- Know how to develop application from scratch
- Know where to obtain additional technical support



• Mandatory Software





• From Mathworks

- MATLAB®, Simulink and Embedded Code 

• From STMicroelectronics

- STM32CubeMX 

• One of following Toolchain

- EWARM from IAR 
- MDK-ARM from Keil 
- TrueSTUDIO from Atollic 
- SW4STM32 from STMicroelectronics 

• STM32-MAT/TARGET toolkit to develop STM32 applications

• Hardware

- Any electronic application board with STM32 and SWD/JTAG connection.
- STLinkV2 or 3rd parties dongle if not integrated to STM32 application board.
- USB to Serial adapter.



Pre-requisites



- **STM32CubeMX**

- Have a look to STM32CubeMX videos to know how using this powerfull tool.

FEATURED VIDEOS

collection of embedded software bricks, abstracting the used STM32 and coming with lots of usage examples!

[See All](#)

STM32CubeMX in 5 points

Lasts 9 minutes and 12 seconds

1. STM32CubeMX software installation
2. MCU selection
3. Configuration
 - Selection of modes and
 - Set up clocks
 - Set up peripherals
4. Software
 - C code skeleton generation
 - And user code with UART communication example
5. Power consumption evaluation with wizard

Insert your user code for UART communications.

STM32Cube – Overview

Lasts 6 minutes and 44 seconds

- STM32Cube, a 100% free solution to ease your life, that combines:
 - A PC software configuration tool
 - STM32 embedded software bricks

C code generation for initialization, according to user choices

LLA Priced available from: STM32L4 L3 PD
LLA Priced available from: STM32L4 L3 PD



- Toolchain

- You must be comfortable with one of following toolchain.

- Ewarm from IAR

Embedded Workbench for Arm (Ewarm)



- μ Vision from Keil



- TrueSTUDIO from Atollic



- SW4STM32 from ST





Hardware setup

Step #1 – Hardware selection



- Use one of STM32 boards including STLink

- Nucleo, Discovery, EvaluationBoard etc...
- STM32F3348-DISCO and STM32F429i-DISCO will be used during examples.



Nucleo Board



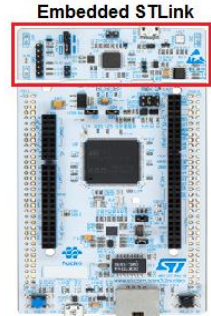
Discovery Board



Evaluation Board



STLink



Embedded STLink

- Or STM32 application board connected to SWD (Single Wire Debug)/JTAG dongle.

- STLink, ULink2, JLink etc..



STLink



ULink2



JLink

Step #2 – Hardware connection



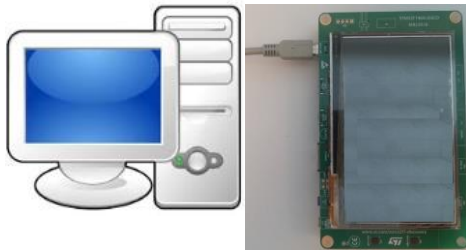
- Connect USB dongle port to PC USB port
 - And connect STM32 HE10 20 pins dongle connector to STM32 target board

Exemple: Connect STLink dongle USB to PC on one side.



Exemple: Connect HE10 20 pins STLink dongle connector to HE10 20 pins connector of STM32 Evaluation Board on the other side.

- Or connect PC USB port to embedded STLink



Exemple: Connect USB PC port to STLink USB port embedded in STM32 board.



Usually, all ST recent boards embed STLink tool.

Step #3 – Hardware connection



- As soon as you are using ST-LINK

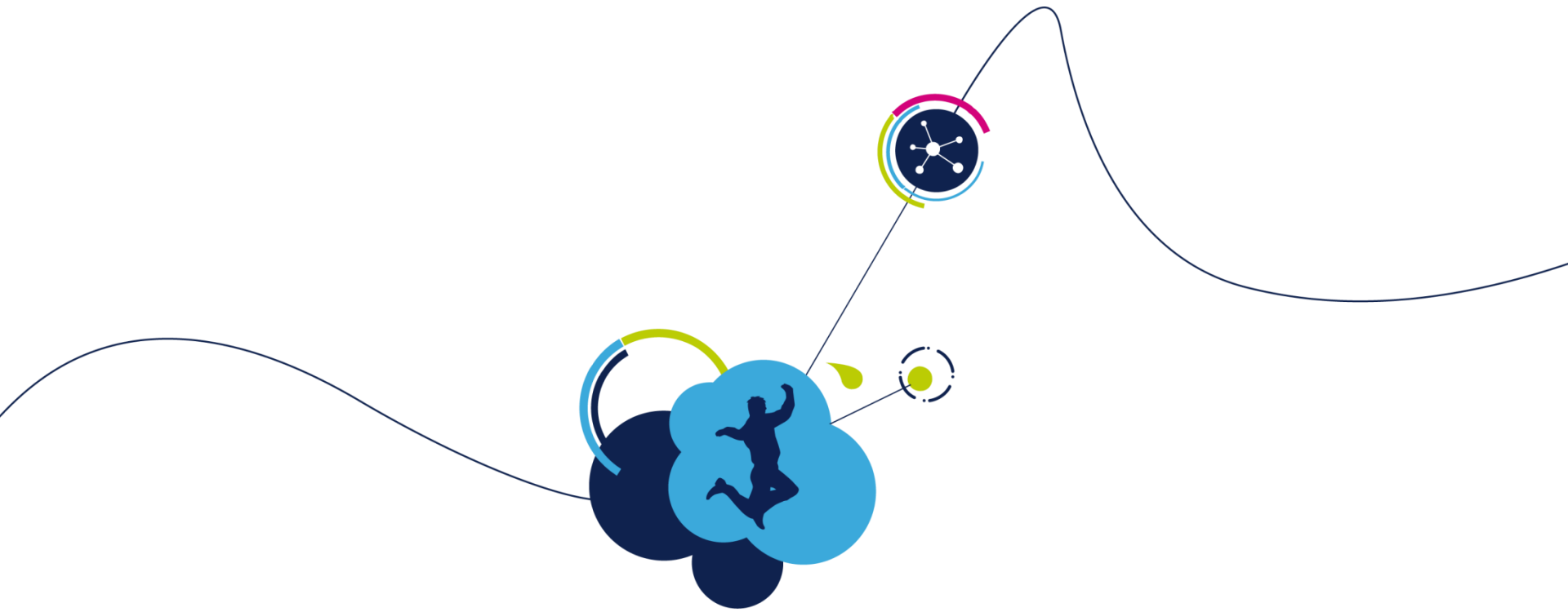
- look at

<http://www.st.com/web/catalog/tools/FM146/CL1984/SC720/SS1450/PF251168?ssearchtype=partnumber>

- « Related Tools and Software » section to check or update firmware

Related Tools and Software

Related Tools and Software	
Part Number	Description
STSW-LINK004	STM32 ST-LINK utility
STSW-LINK005	ST-LINK/V2 firmware upgrade
STSW-LINK009	ST-Link, ST-Link/V2, ST-Link/V2-1 USB driver signed for XP, Windows7, Windows8



Software setup

Quick description of tools



MATLAB®

High level language for complex calculation

Simulink

Graphical development environment
Complete environment of simulation and implementation of embedded systems.

Embedded Coder

C code generation for embedded system.
Embedded system interface



STM32Cube Embedded Software

Collection of embedded software components, highly portable from one STM32 to another

STM32CubeMX

Configuration software tool on the PC, able to generate initialization C code versus user choices



Toolchain

One toolchain from partners or ST is required to compile and link C code generated by Embedded Coder, STM32CubeMX and STM32Cube embedded software



Step #1 – Software installation

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- Install MathWorks software (R2015b or later)
 - MATLAB®, Simulink, Embedded Coder are mandatory
 - Add-ons : SimPowerSystems, Simscape and Stalflow for motor control applications if needed.
 - <http://www.mathworks.com>
- Install STM32CubeMX
 - Download and documents available from : www.st.com/microexplorer
- Install toolchain (Cf Slide 3 : « Systems Check »)
 - Cf Slide 3 « Systems Check » to get link to supported 3rd parties download area.

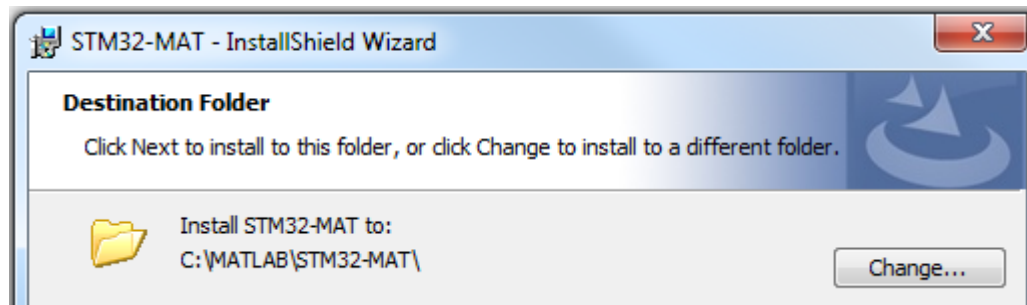
Step #2 – Software installation

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• Install STM32-MAT/TARGET

- STM32 embedded target for MATLAB® and Simulink
- This toolkit is mandatory to integrate STM32 to MathWorks tools.
- Download and documents available from : [click here](#)
- Unzip « stm32-mat_target.zip »
- Run «STM32MatTarget_xx_setup.exe » (xx = software version)
- Default installation path is « C:\MATLAB\STM32-MAT » repository

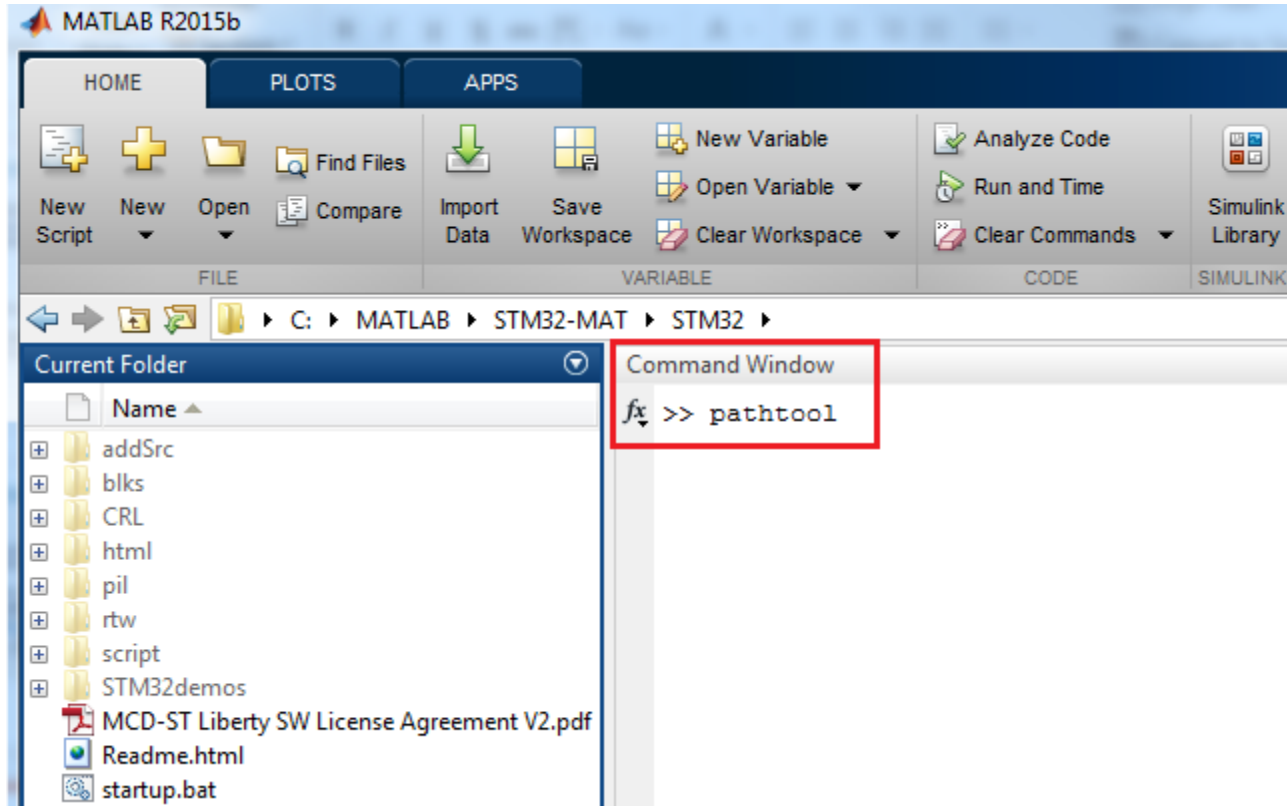


Step #3 – STM32-MAT/TARGET integration

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- Integrate STM32-MAT/TARGET to MathWorks flow
 1. Open MATLAB®
 2. Enter « **pathtool** » command from CommandWindow

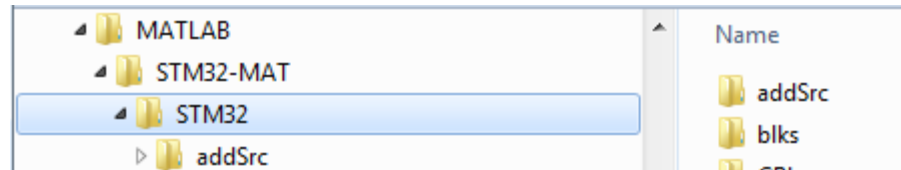


Step #4 – STM32-MAT/TARGET integration

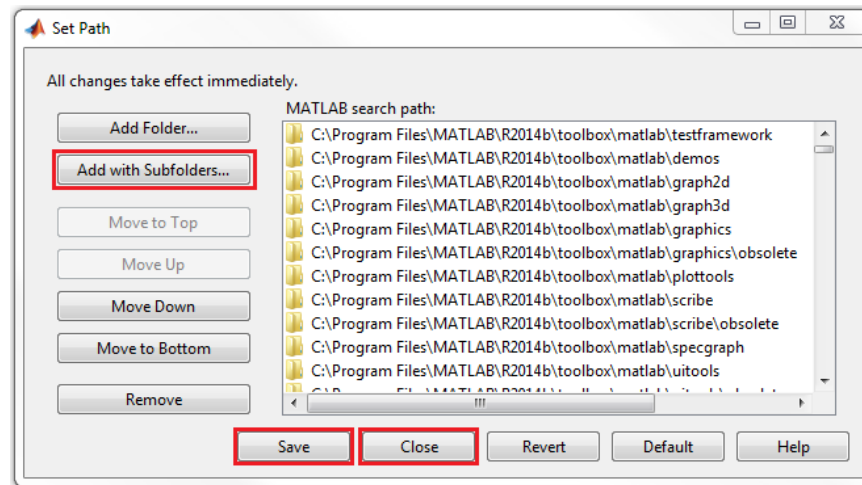
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3. Click « **Add with Subfolders...** » button on « Set path » window.
4. Select STM32 installed path
 - Default path :C:\MATLAB\STM32-MAT\STM32



5. Click « **Save** » then « **Close** » button.



6. Simulink is then ready to design STM32 application.



Scenarios and Tools usage

Simulation / PIL / Code Generation

- Step 1: Pure simulation

- Everything done on the PC. Only MATLAB® and Simulink are needed

MATLAB®/
Simulink

- Step 2: Processor-in-the-loop (PIL)

- Algorithm fully executed on STM32
- Data (Input or output) exchanged between MATLAB®/Simulink and STM32 via UART

MATLAB®/
Simulink

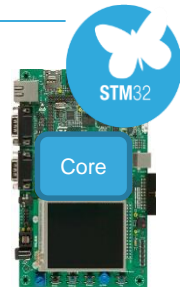
Embedded
Coder

STM32Cube
Embedded
Software

STM32CubeMX

*: used only for UART

Toolchain



- Step 3: Everything on STM32

- Data (input or output) obtained within STM32 through its peripherals (ADC, Timers, ...) and algorithm fully executed on STM32

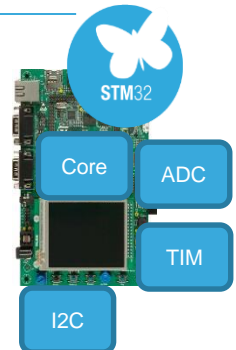
MATLAB®/
Simulink

Embedded
Coder

STM32Cube
Embedded
Software

STM32CubeMX

Toolchain



- Scenarios are independent and can be done individually



- Simulink graphical applications can :
 - Be Simulated on PC.
 - MATLAB® and Simulink needed only.
 - Process Simulink data on STM32 target
 - MATLAB®, Simulink, STM32CubeMX, one toolchain and STM32-MAT/TARGET must have been installed.
 - Generate C code project for this application
 - MATLAB®, Simulink, STM32CubeMX, one toolchain and STM32-MAT/TARGET must have been installed.
 - External Mode
 - MATLAB®, Simulink, STM32CubeMX, one toolchain and STM32-MAT/TARGET must have been installed.
- Simulink model must be created and configured to be able to develop STM32 graphical applications.

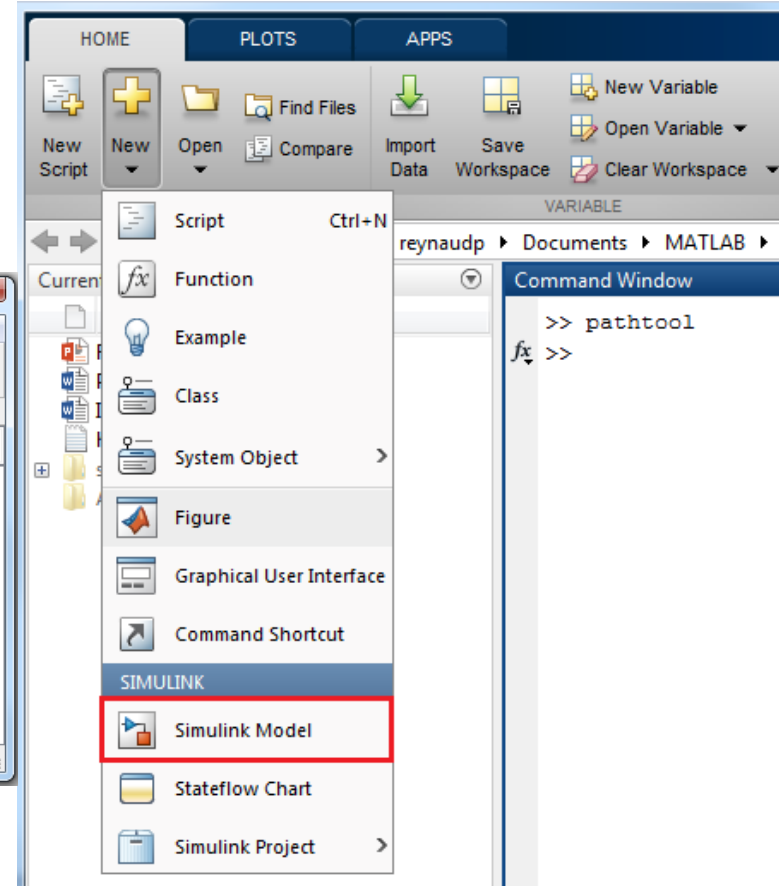
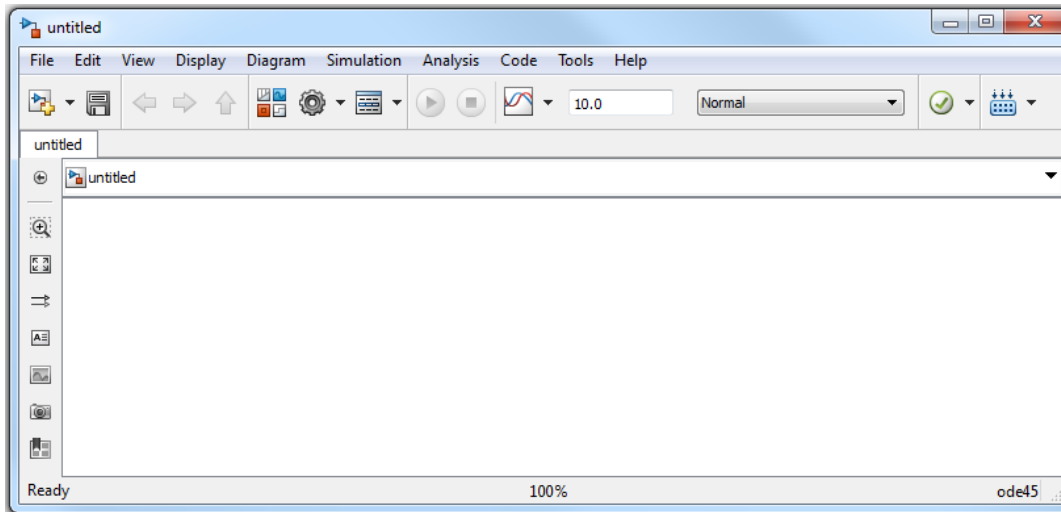


Simulink model setting



Simulink Model Setting 1/5

- From MATLAB® IDE click **New>Simulink Model** to open a new Simulink graphical application model.

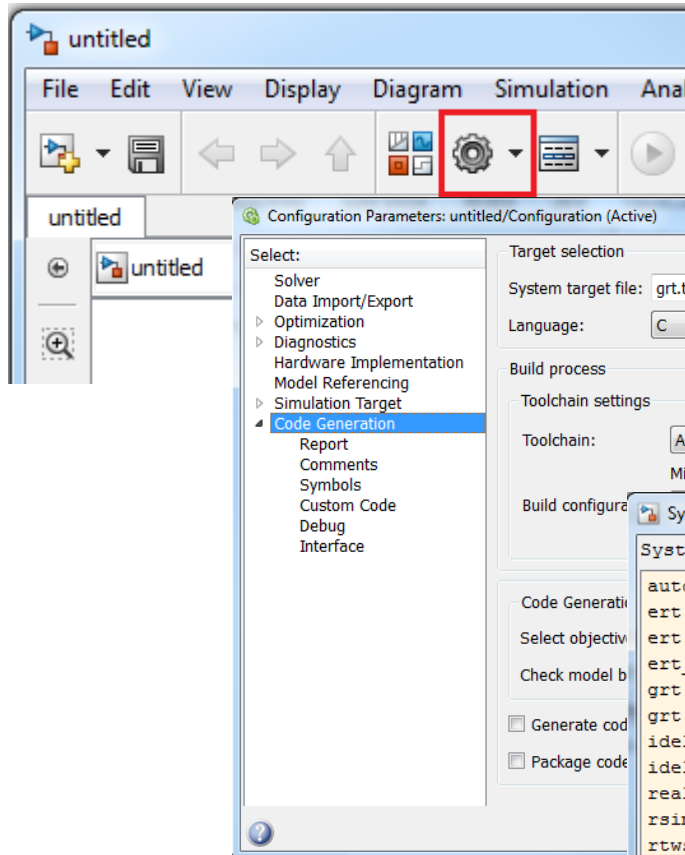


- Then application parameters must be set for STM32 target.....

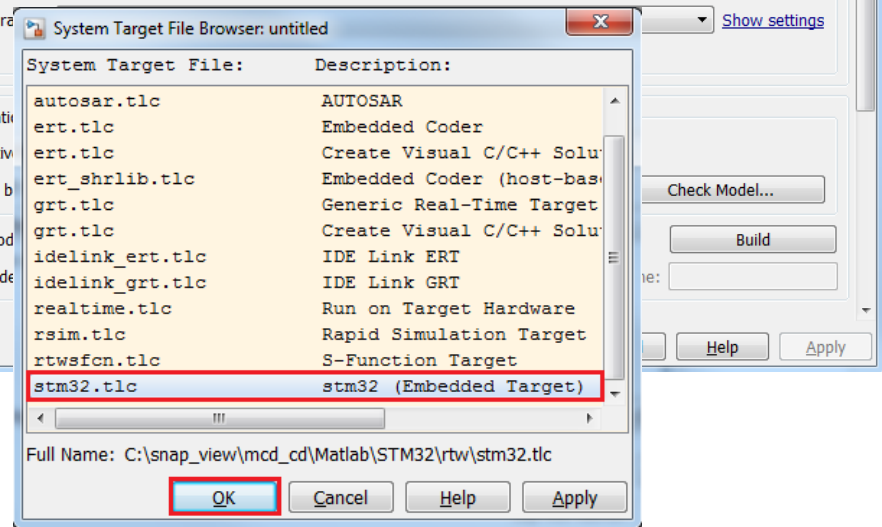
Simulink Model Setting 2/5



- Open **Configuration Parameters** window and select **Code Generation**



- Click « **Browse...** » button to select **stm32.tlc** as **System target file**



- Click « **OK** » button

Simulink Model Setting 3/5



- stm32.tlc has been selected, Build process parameters has changed
- Select **STM32 Options (mandatory)** and **STM32 Project Files**

★ Commonly Used Parameters ≡ All Parameters

Select:

- Solver
- Data Import/Export
- ▶ Optimization
- ▶ Diagnostics
- Hardware Implementation
- Model Referencing
- Simulation Target
- ▾ Code Generation
 - Report
 - Comments
 - Symbols
 - Custom Code
 - Interface
 - Code Style
 - Verification
 - Templates
 - Code Placement
 - Data Type Replacement
 - Memory Sections
 - STM32 Options**
 - STM32 Project Files**

Target selection

System target file: **stm32.tlc** Browse...

Language: C

Description: stm32 (Embedded Target)

Build process

Generate code only

Package code and artifacts Zip file name: _____

Makefile configuration

Generate makefile

Template makefile: **stm32.tmf**

Make command: **make_rtw**

Code generation objectives

Prioritized objectives: Unspecified Set Objectives...

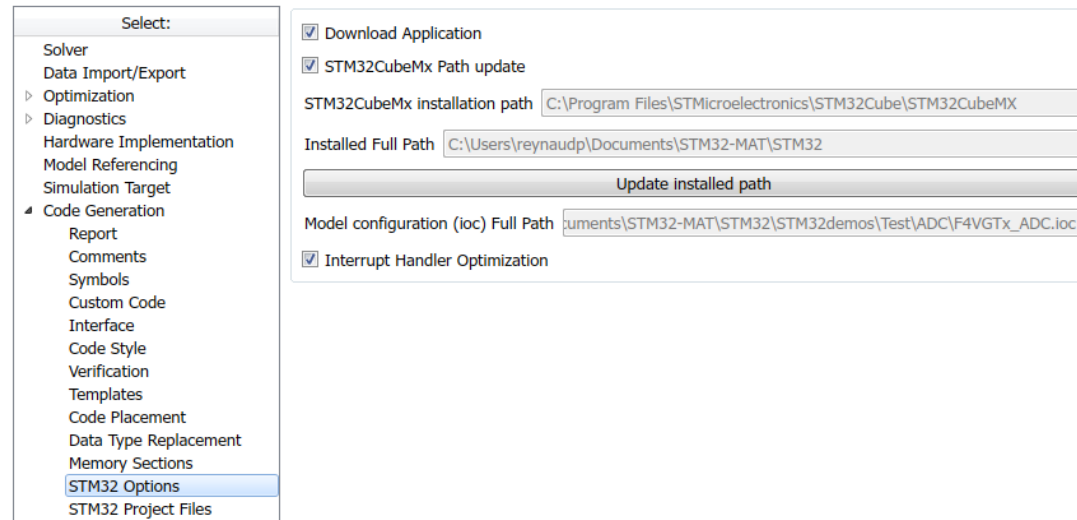
Check model before generating code: Off Check Model...

Simulink Model Setting 4/5

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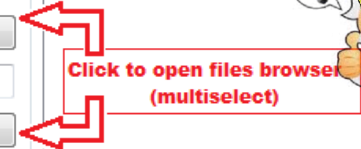
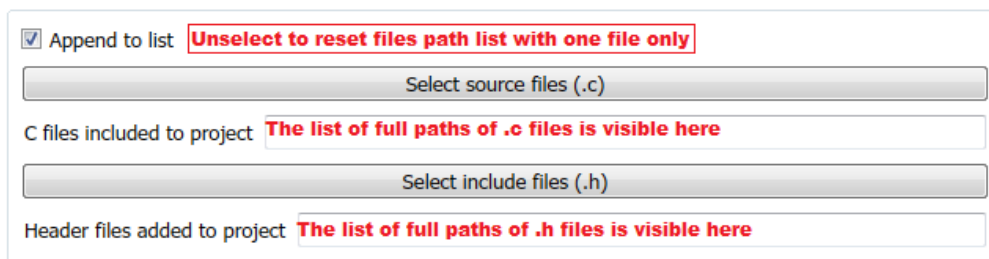
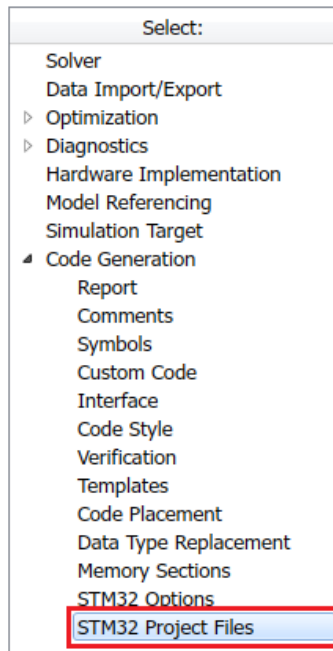


- **STM32CubeMX Path update** is used to automatically update **STM32CubeMX installation path**.
 - Path selected during STM32CubeMX installation
- **Download Application** is used to start STM32CubeMX to generate project.
 - Uncheck for code generation only
- **Installed Full path** is STM32-MAT/TARGET installation path.
 - Default path : C:\MATLAB\STM32-MAT\STM32
- **Update installed path** to update path when it has changed
- **Model configuration (ioc) Full path** is hardware configuration file path created using STM32CubeMX for this Simulink application
 - Read only, updated from STM32_Config model.

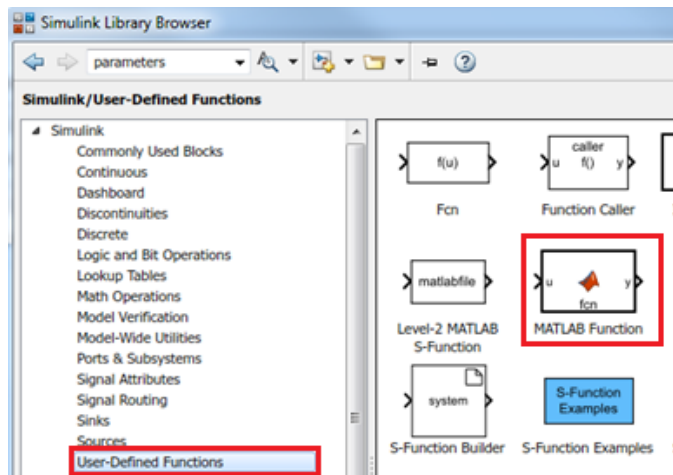


Simulink Model Setting 5/5

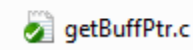
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- **STM32 Project Files** gives possibility to include .c/.h files into generated project.
 - Functions defined in .c files can be used from Simulink "User-Defined Functions>MATLAB Function"
 - For example : Convert MATLAB Function called from ADC test examples generates C code using getBuffPtr function provided with getBuffPtr.c file in STM32\addSrc\src repository to return message pointer.



```
]function [NbChar, Buff] = convert(u)
if coder.target('Sfun')
% Executing in MATLAB, Buff is null
Buff = uint32(0);
NbChar = uint16(0);
else
% Executing in the generated code.
%buffer is an array of 15 unsigned char
buffer = zeros(1,15,'uint8');
%Generate C code using sprintf to write input value as float in buffer
coder.ceval('sprintf',coder.wref(buffer),['%2.2f',0],u);
tmp = uint8('Volt');
%y is input value + 'Volt' = CR+LF
y = [buffer(1:4), tmp, 13, 10, 0];
%Call getBuffPtr extern C function to get pointer address of y buffer
Buff = coder.ceval('getBuffPtr',coder.ref(y));
NbChar = uint16(size(y,2));
end
end
```



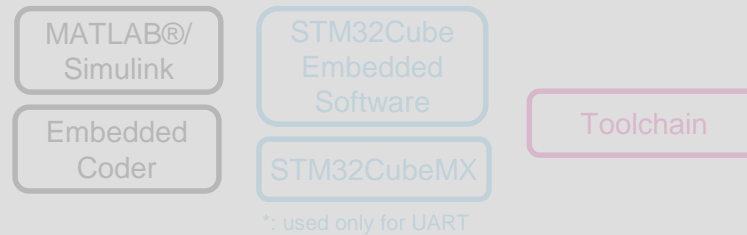


PC pure simulation

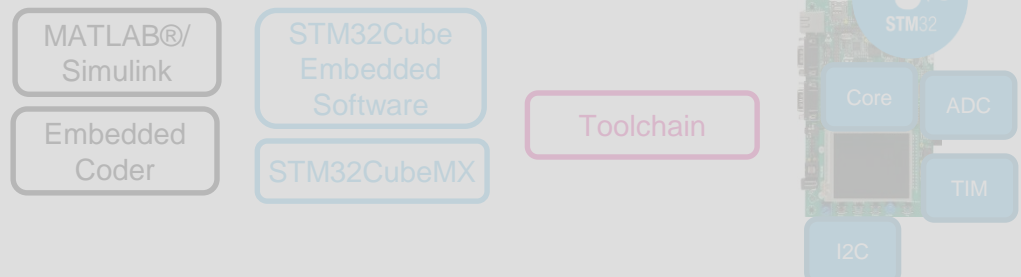
- Step 1: Pure simulation
 - Everything done on the PC

MATLAB®/
Simulink

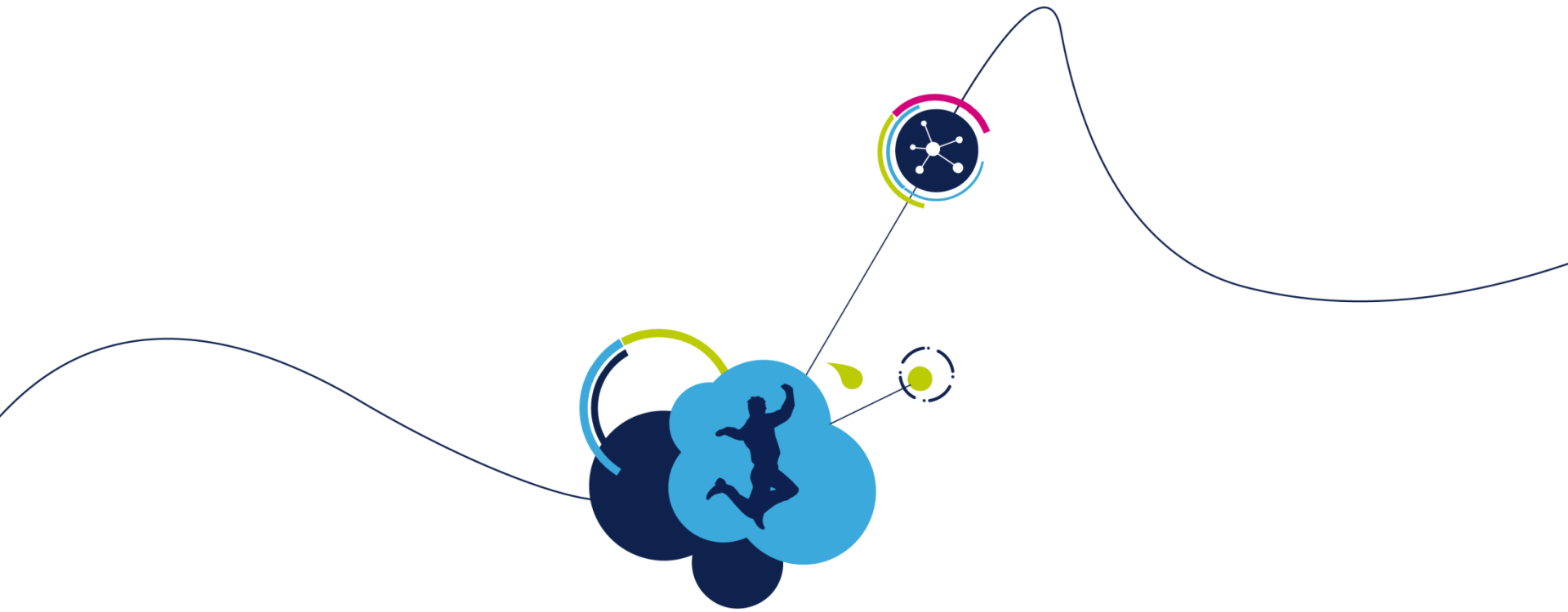
- Step 2: Processor-in-the-loop (PIL)
 - Algorithm fully executed on STM32
 - Data (Input or output) exchanged between MATLAB®/Simulink and STM32 via UART



- Step 3: Everything on STM32
 - Data (input or output) obtained within STM32 through its peripherals (ADC, Timers, ...) and algorithm fully executed on STM32



- Not a subject for this HandsOn
- General purpose for MATLAB®/Simulink
- Doesn't need STM32-MAT/TARGET toolkit.
- Contact MathWorks for MATLAB®, Simulink trainings



Processor in The Loop (PIL)

- Step 1: Pure simulation
 - Everything done on the PC

MATLAB®/
Simulink

- Step 2: Processor-in-the-loop (PIL)
 - Algorithm fully executed on STM32
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MATLAB®/
Simulink

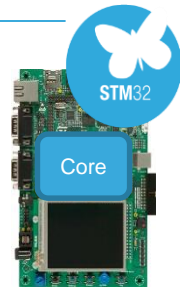
Embedded
Coder

STM32Cube
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Software

STM32CubeMX

*: used only for UART

Toolchain



- Step 3: Everything on STM32
 - Data (input or output) obtained within STM32 through its peripherals (ADC, Timers, ...) and algorithm fully executed on STM32

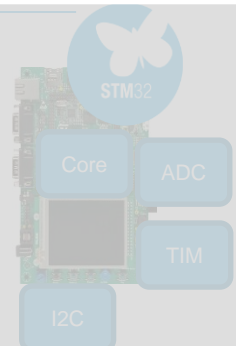
MATLAB®/
Simulink

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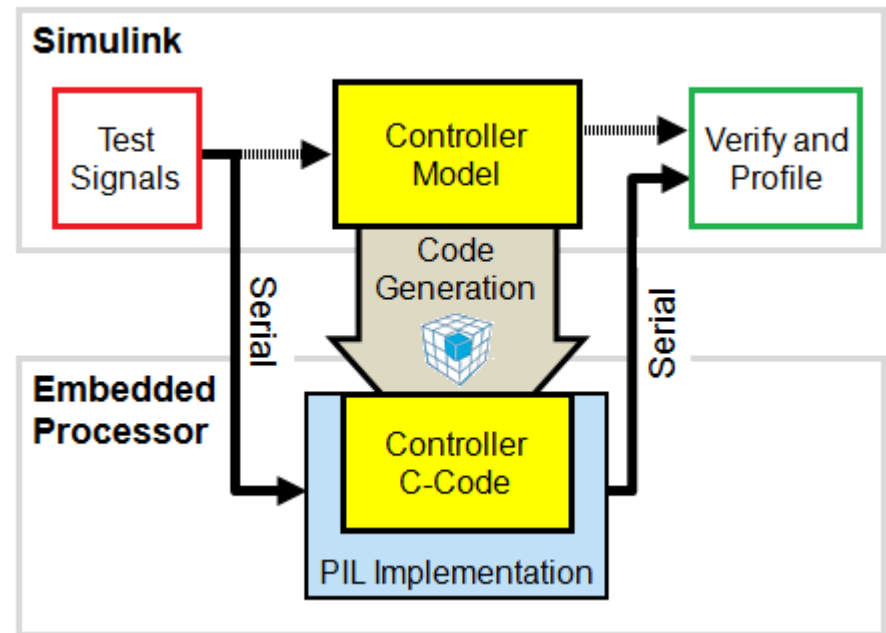
STM32CubeMX

Toolchain





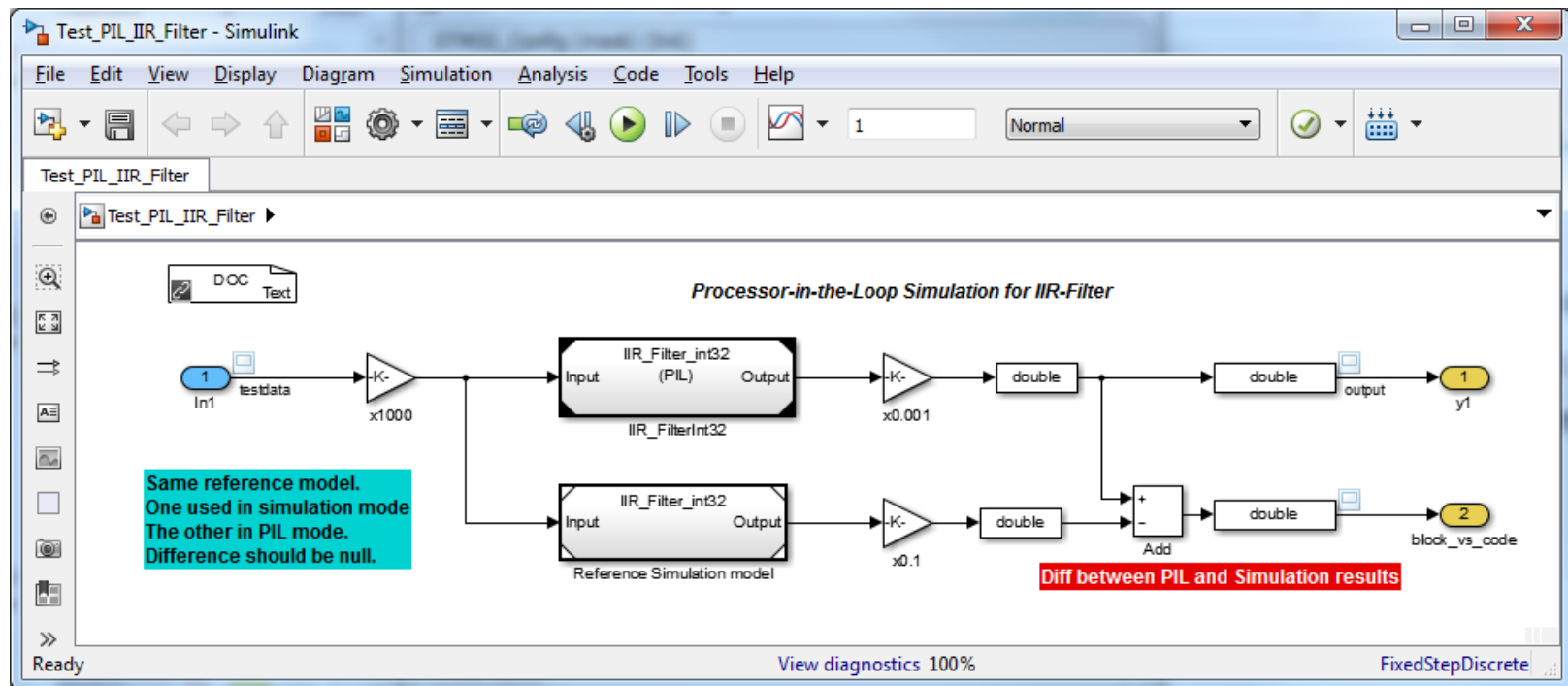
- PIL is used to run MATLAB® algorithm on STM32
 - To see if STM32's computational results are numerically equivalent to PC-based simulation results.
 - To measure directly the time to execute the model steps (**profiling**)
- PIL simulation uses serial port to send data from Simulink to STM32 and receive Simulink processed data back from STM32
- PIL simulation doesn't run in « real-time »
 - Simulink is « master » sending asynchronously data to STM32 through serial port.
 - STM32 waits for data from Simulink, process data (in real-time) and send it back to Simulink through serial-port.
- PIL simulation doesn't process real data from STM32 peripherals.
 - STM32 peripherals (ADC etc...) are not used.
 - Only STM32 USART peripheral is used to communicate with Simulink.





- IIR Filter example

- Open Test_PIL_IIR_Filter.mdl model example from C:\MATLAB\STM32-MAT\STM32\STM32demos\PIL\Filter (Default STM32-MAT/TARGET installation path)

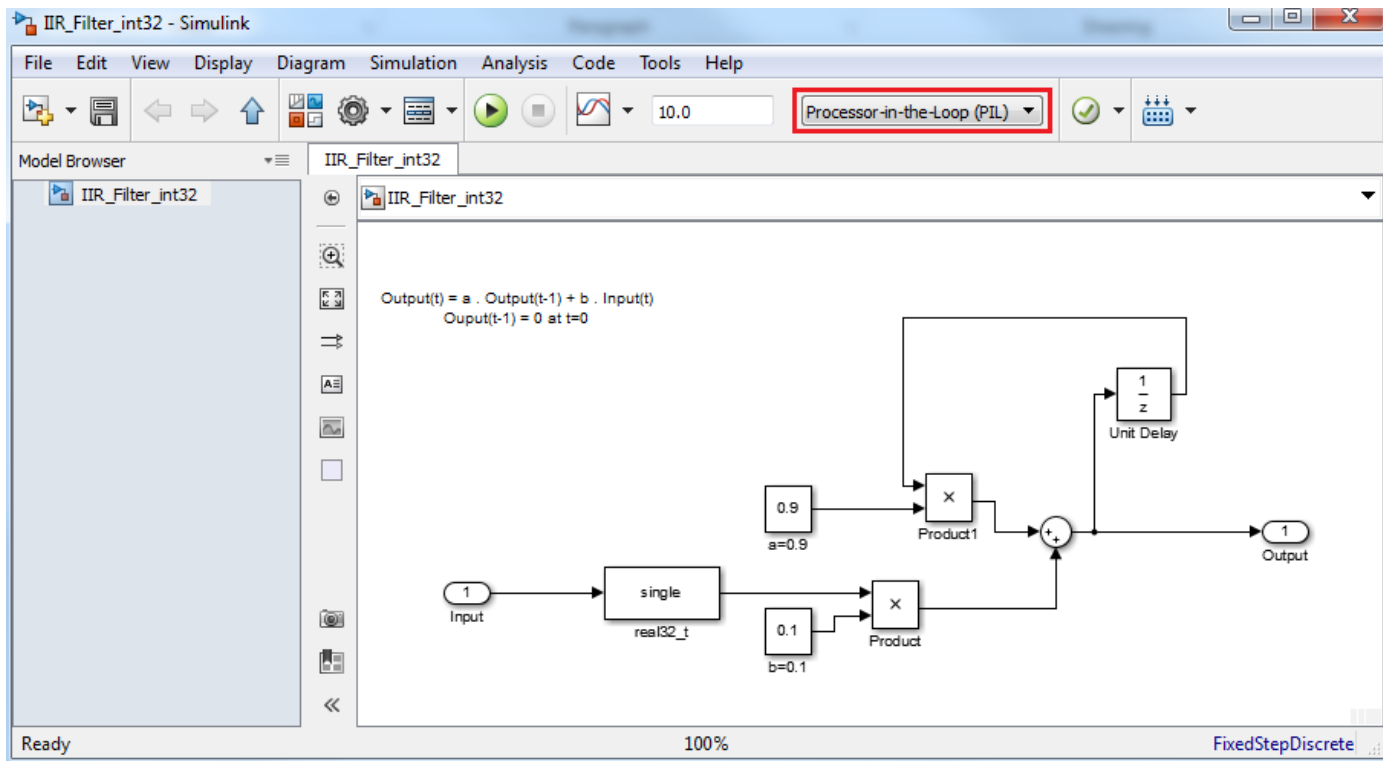


Reference Model for PIL

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- It uses IIR_Filter_int32.mdl as reference model.
- IIR_Filter_int32.mdl is a simple algorithm for one order filtering.
- IIR_Filter_int32.mdl is set to be used for Processor-in-the-loop (PIL)

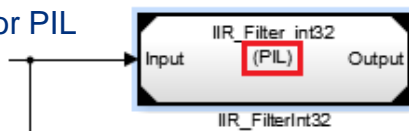


PIL setting vs Simulation



- IIR_filter_int32 model is used twice :

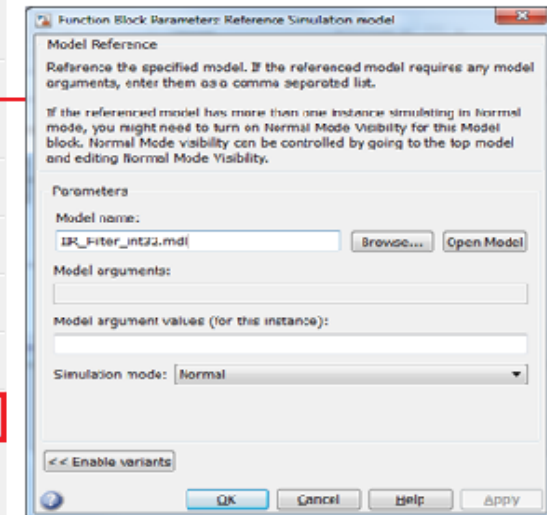
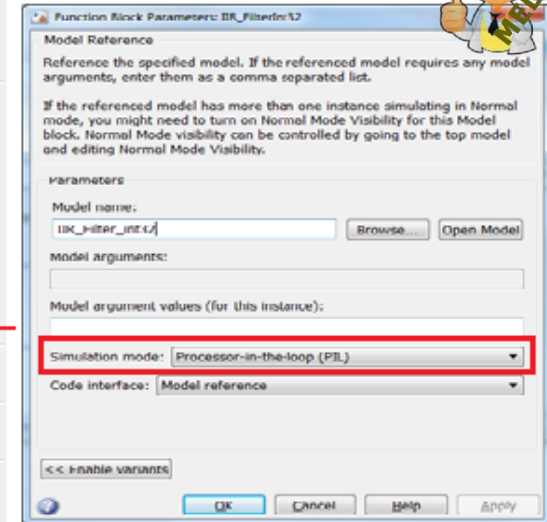
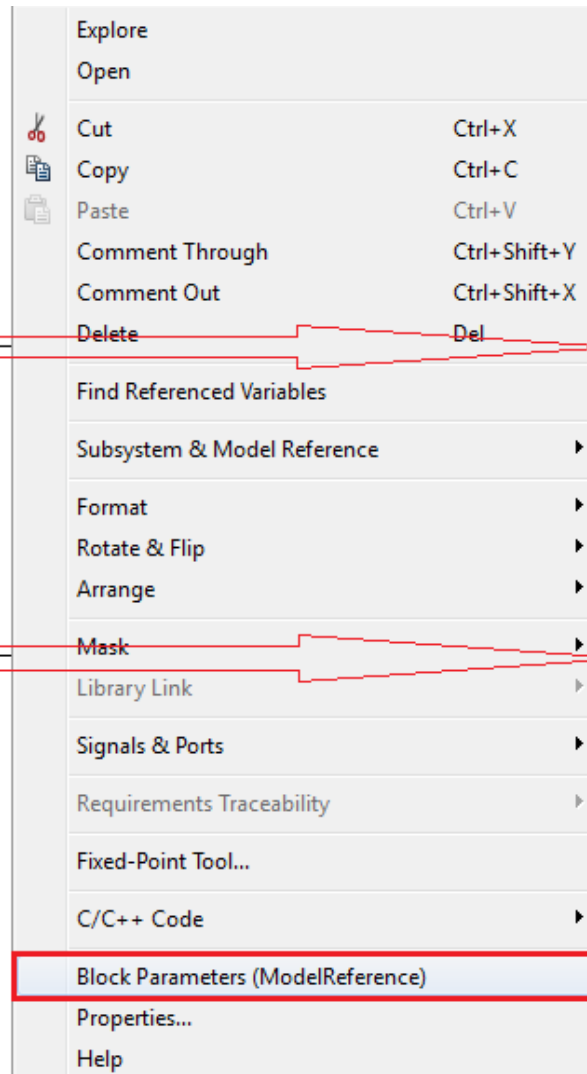
- One is set for PIL



- One is set for simulation model (Normal)



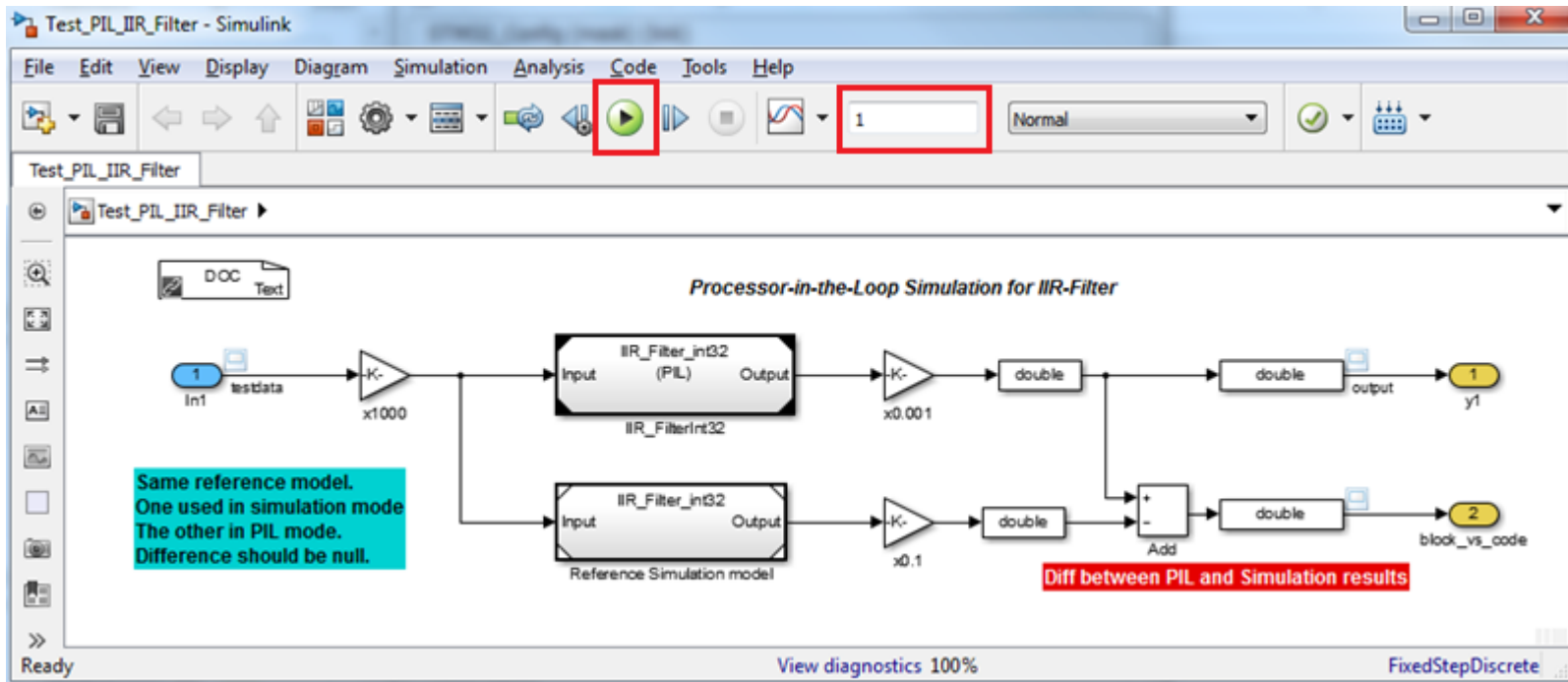
- Click right mouse button on each reference model to open select Block Parameters



Simulink PIL start



- Set simulation duration time and click run simulation green button
 - Example : Simulate 1second

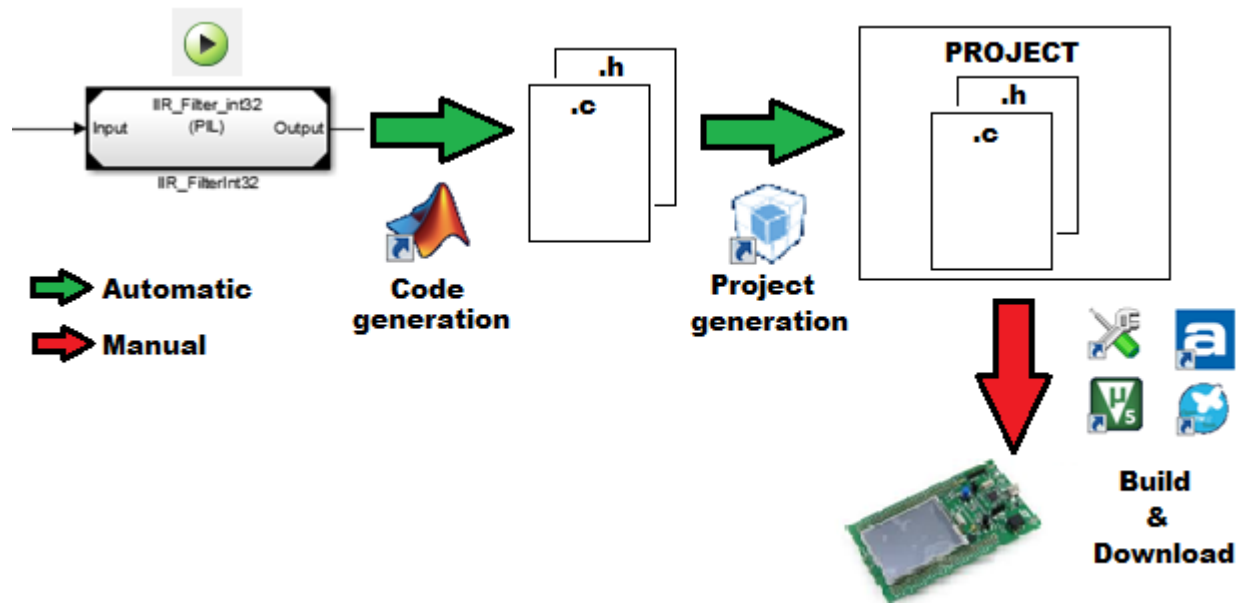


Code generation overview

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- PIL reference model runs into STM32 target as simulation model runs on PC
 - Automatic conversion of PIL model to .c/.h files
 - Automatic call to STM32CubeMX to create project
 - Manually build and download project to STM32 target from selected toolchain



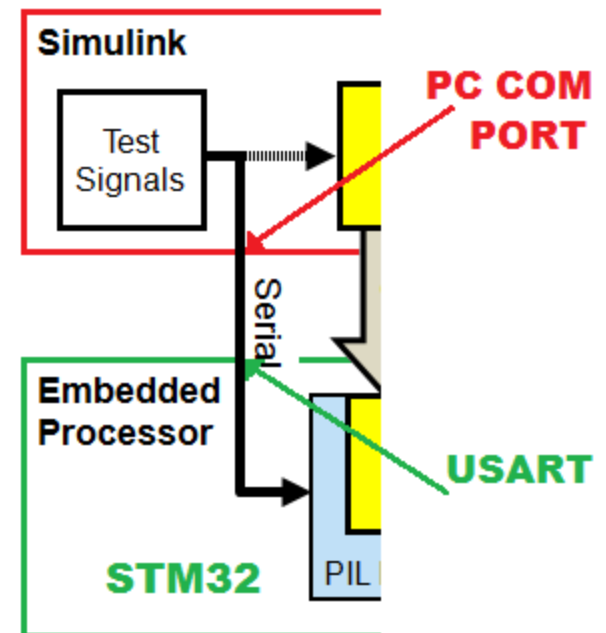
PC/STM32 communication overview



- Some parameters are requested when you start PIL
 - STM32 Target
 - STM32 device that will run the application

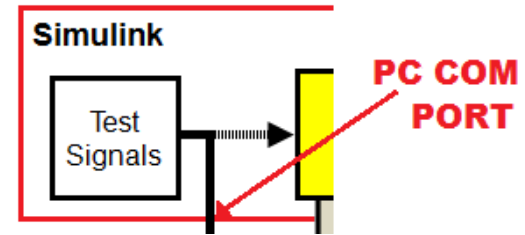
- PC Communication Port
 - COMx
 - Default parameters : 115200bds, 8b, no parity, 1 stop

- STM32 Communication Port
 - USARTx
 - USARTx, Port and Pins for Rx/Tx
 - Same parameters as PC COM Port selection

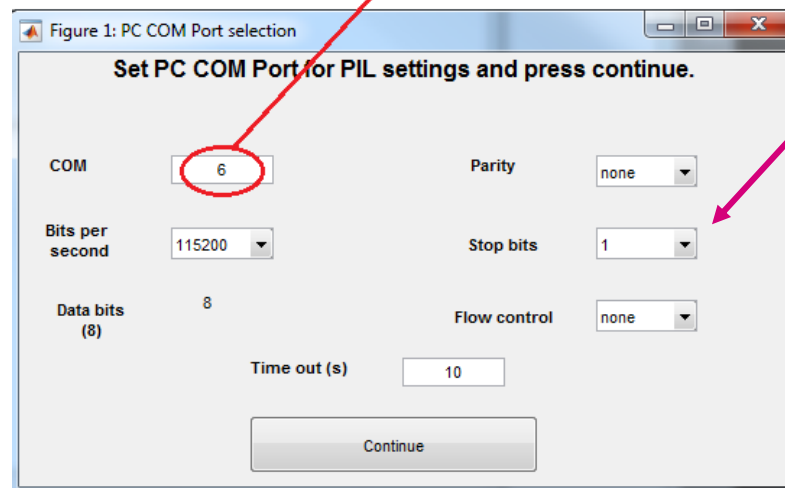
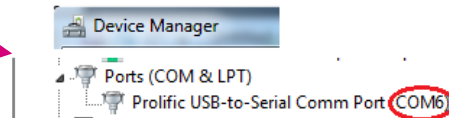




- PC COM Port from Device Manager
 - 8b is fixed, other parameters can be changed
 - Time Out: Simulink message error after 10 seconds without communication.



Look at Windows «Device Manager» to find PC COM Port



Set parameters



- STM32 Selection

- Example with STM32F429i-DISCO board

- Family : STM32F4
- Name: STM32F429ZITx
- Frequency:168MHz (by default STM32max speed is selected)



Frequency value is used for Profiling.
To compute STM32 processing time.

Figure 1: STM32 MCU selection

Select MCU Family and MCU name and press continue.

STM32 Family	STM32 Name
STM32F4	STM32F429ZITx
Max frequency value (Hz)	
168000000	
Continue	



- STM32 COM Port

- Example

- USART1
- Rx: PA10 & Tx: PA9

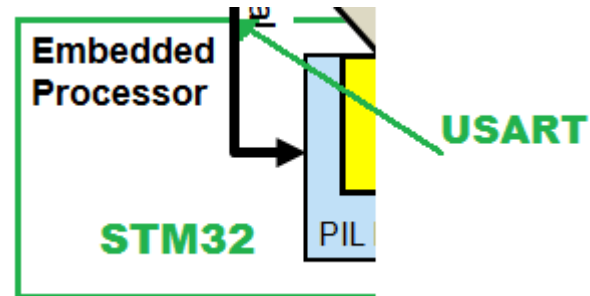


Figure 1: PIL USART parameters selection

Select PIL MCU communication parameters and press continue.

Usart name: USART1

Rx port: PA10

Tx port: PA9

Continue

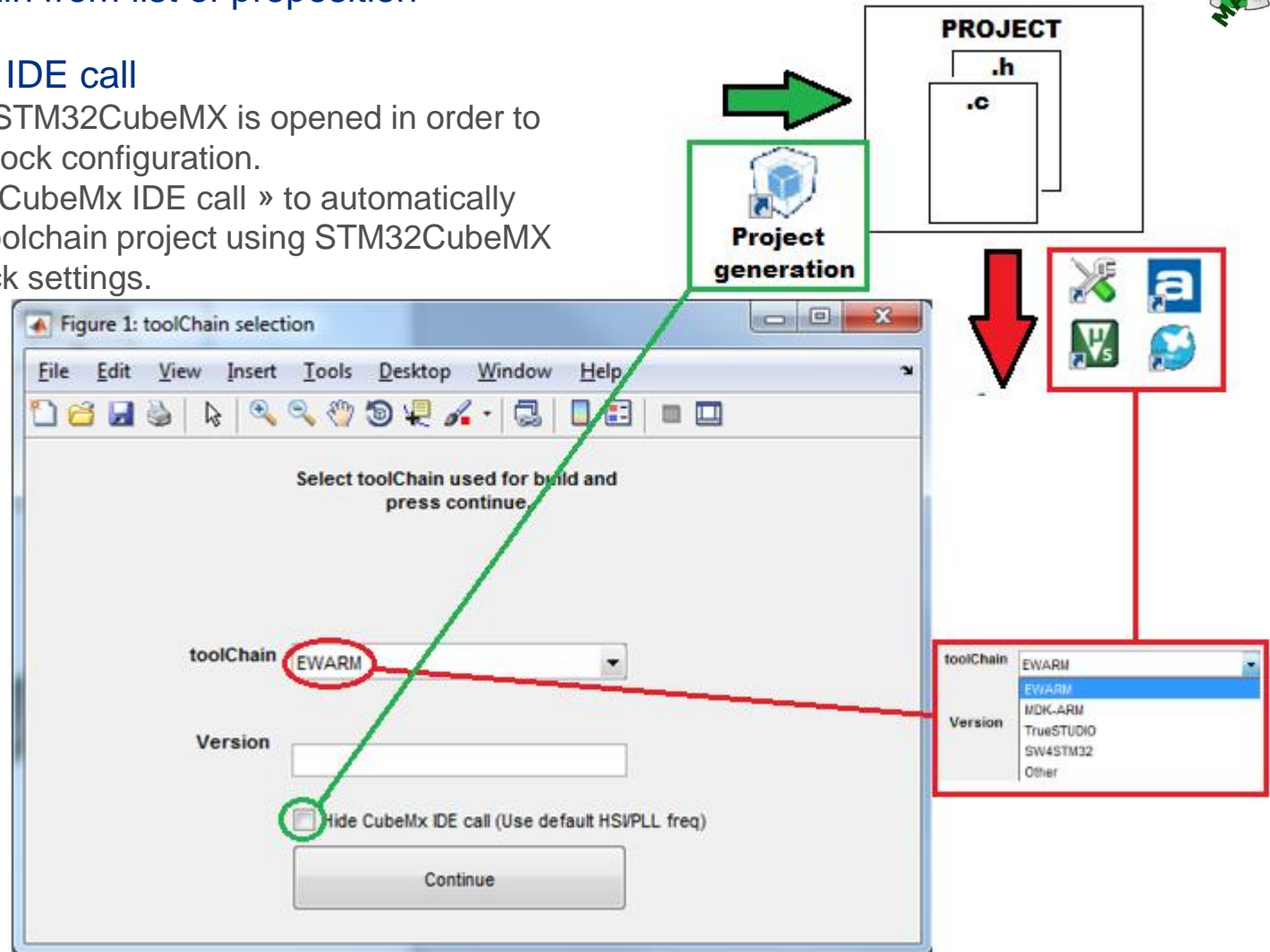


- Toolchain Selection

- Select toolchain from list of proposition

- Hide CubeMx IDE call

- By default STM32CubeMX is opened in order to set/verify clock configuration.
- Set « Hide CubeMx IDE call » to automatically generate toolchain project using STM32CubeMX default clock settings.

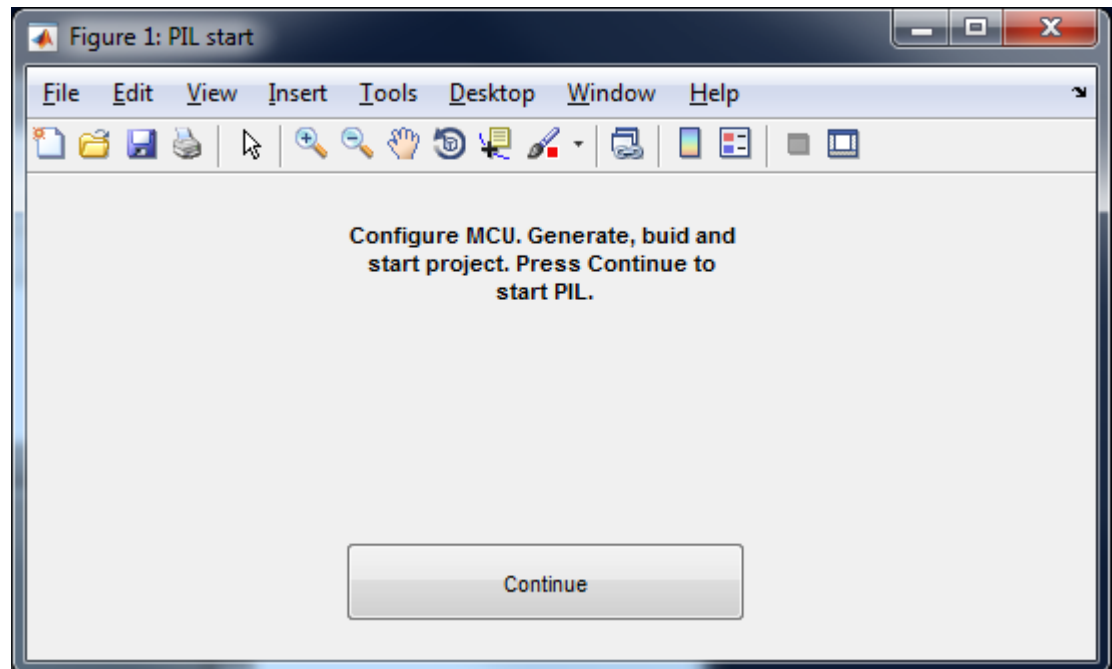


PIL Processing 5/5

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- It is an asynchronous process.
 - Simulink is waiting.
 - Simulink must send data through COM port, only when project is built and downloaded to STM32 target.
 - Then, you will press « Continue » button to start data flow PC/STM32.
 - STM32CubeMX is automatically opened and you can verify or modify STM32 settings.





Look at STM32CubeMX User Manual to know how to deeply use it.

STM32CubeMX & PIL 1/2



• STM32CubeMX settings done

- Pinout :
 - Usart1 , Rx/Tx
- USART1 Configuration

Basic Parameters	
Baud Rate	115200 Bits/s
Word Length	8 Bits (including Parity)
Parity	None
Stop Bits	1

• STM32CubeMX settings to do

- Clock Configuration

- Default value

HCLK (MHz)

16

180 MHz max

- Reference value already selected for Profiling

Max frequency value (Hz)

168000000

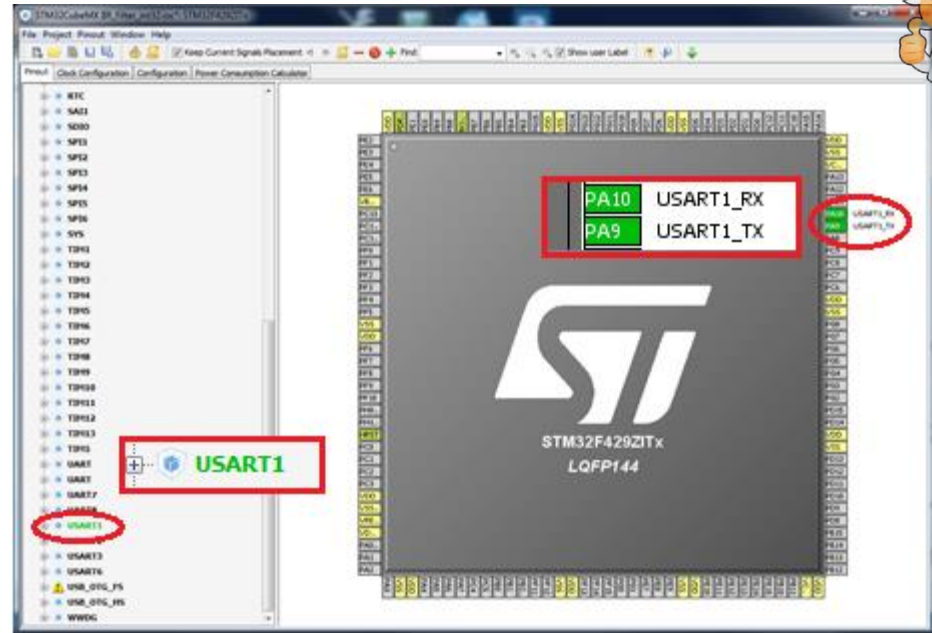
- Clock setting : Enter 168 and return

- Then Clock tree is automatically updated

HCLK (MHz)

168

180 MHz max

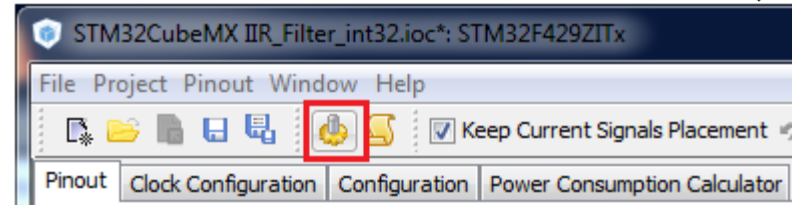
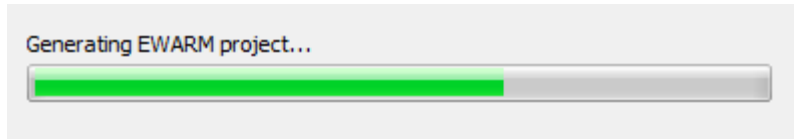


STM32CubeMX & PIL 2/2

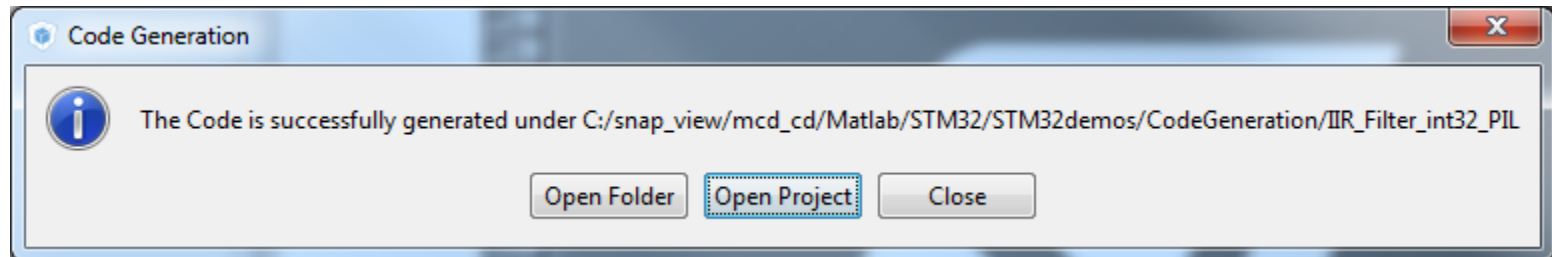


- STM32CubeMX project generation
 - Generate source code based on user settings
 - Press Project Settings « OK »

- Generate Project



- Open Project



- Close STM32CubeMX



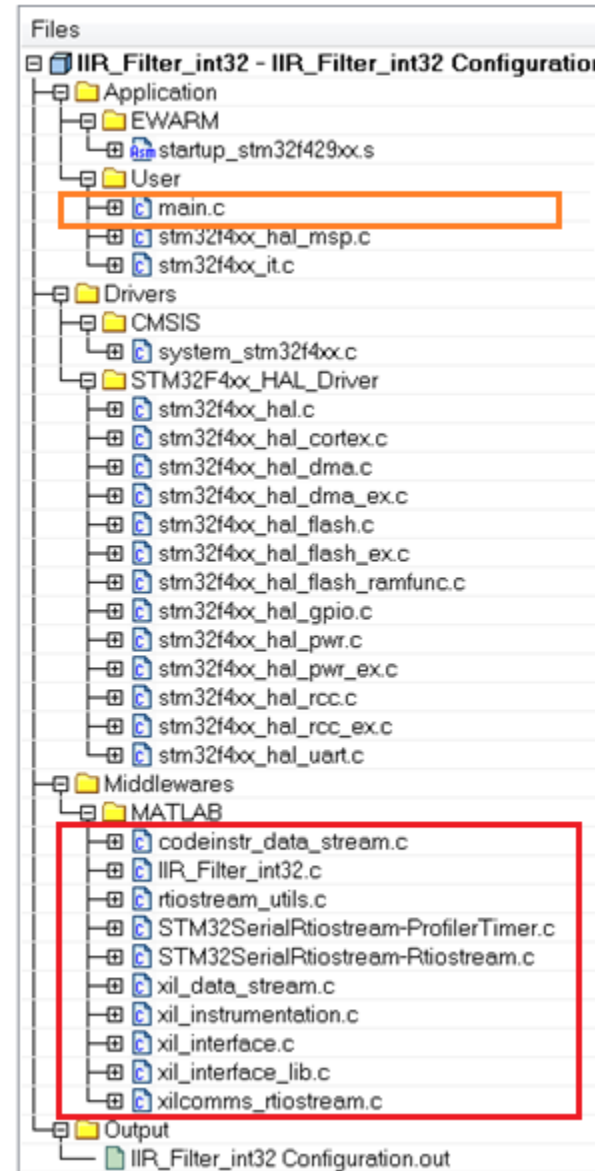
Look at toolchain User Manual to know how to deeply use it.

Toolchain & PIL 1/2

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• Toolchain project

- Generated from STM32CubeMX
- Includes
 - Application files generated from MATLAB®
 - main.c generated from MATLAB® and modified by STM32CubeMX
 - HAL mandatory peripherals drivers



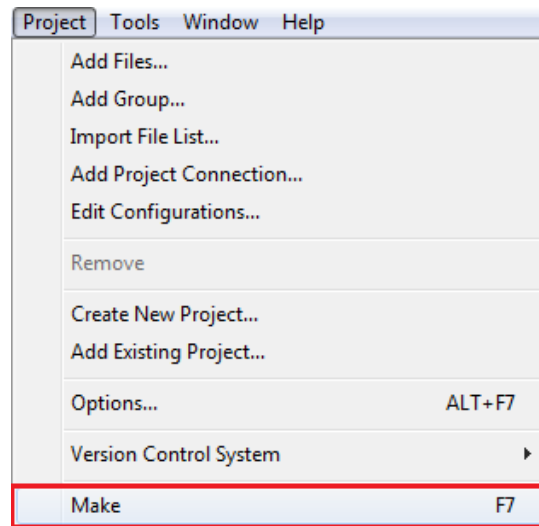
Generated from MATLAB® and Modified by STM32CubeMx

Generated from MATLAB®

Toolchain & PIL 2/2

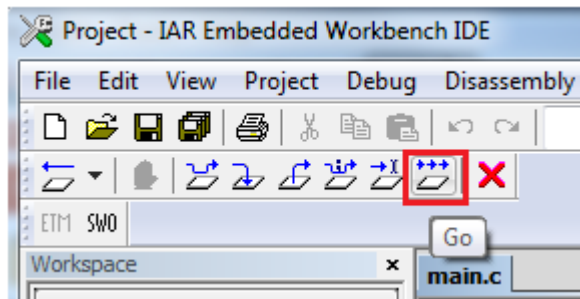
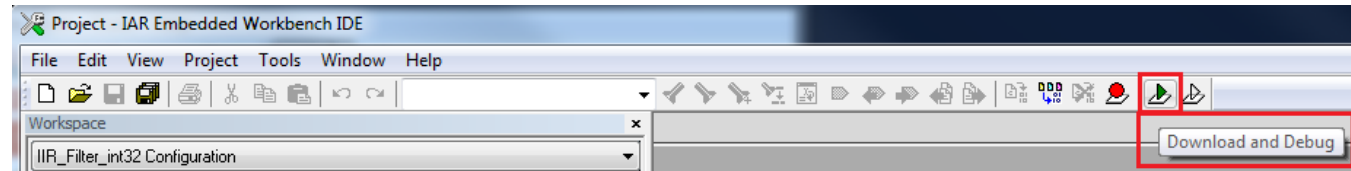


- Build Toolchain project
 - Make (F7)



IAR EWARM toolchain used for this example

- Download project

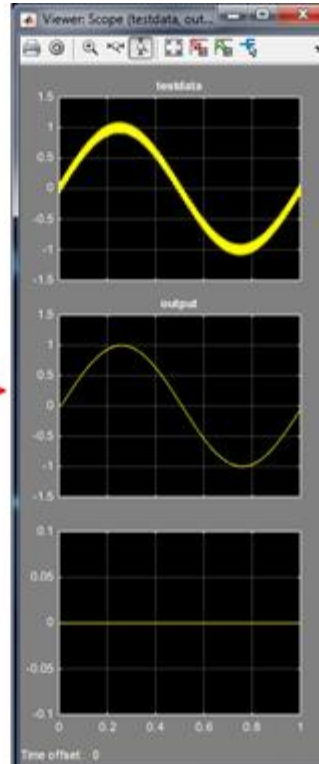
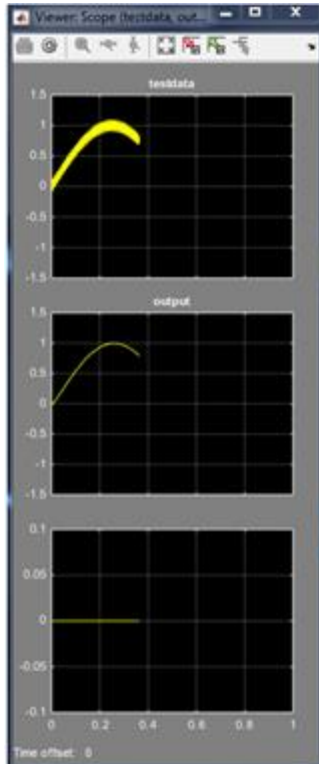
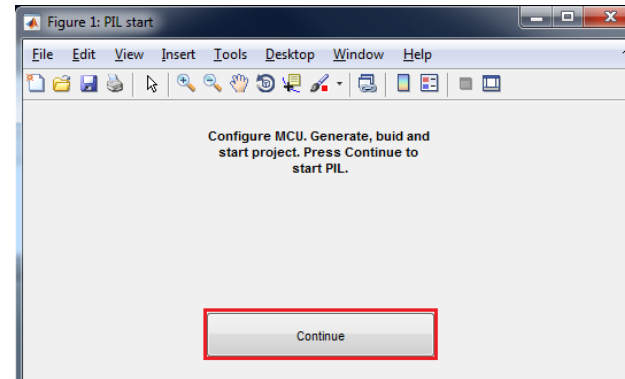


- Run project
 - Then, STM32 is running and waits for data from Simulink.



- Start Simulink data flow
 - « Continue » button of PIL start window

- PIL results



Input signal

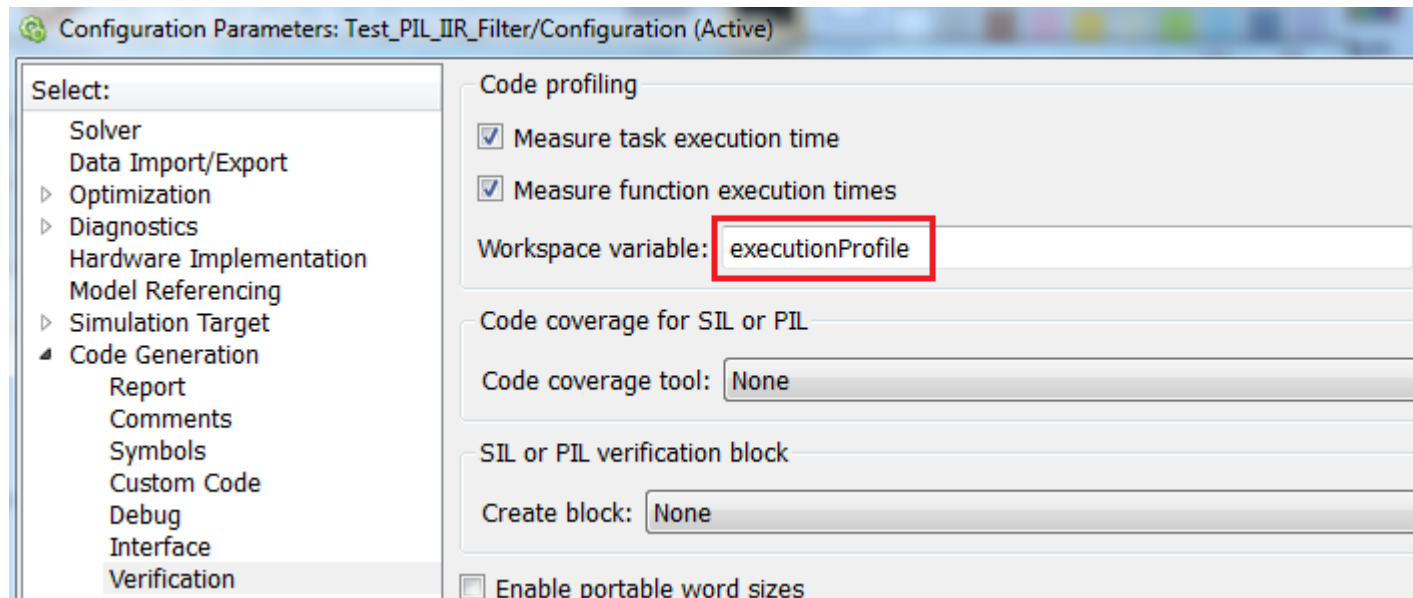
**STM32 filtered
signal**

**Difference
between
PC & STM32
filters**



- Profiling = PIL Timing analysis
 - executionProfile has been generated in MATLAB® Workspace
 - « executionProfile » default Workspace variable name
 - Can be modified from « Configuration Parameters » window Code Generation > Verification of the model.

Name	Value
a1	0.9000
b0	0.1000
executionProfile	1x1 ExecutionTime
t	1001x1 double
testdata	1001x1 double
tout_PIL	1001x1 double
yout_PIL	1001x2 double





- Enter «executionProfile.report» on MATLAB® command window to open profiling report window to know
 - STM32 processing time at selected frequency
 - Execution time and number of calls per function

Code Execution Profiling Report for IIR_Filter_int32

The code execution profiling report provides metrics based on data collected from a SIL or PIL execution. Execution times are calculated from data recorded by instrumentation probes added to the SIL or PIL test harness or inside the code generated for each component. See [Code Execution Profiling](#) for more information.

STM32 processing time ~549µs

1. Summary

Total time (seconds × 1e-09)	548905
Measured time display options	('Units', 'Seconds', 'ScaleFactor', '1e-09', 'NumericFormat', '%0.0f')
Timer frequency (ticks per second)	1.68e+08
Profiling data created	01-Feb-2016 14:59:19



2. Profiled Sections of Code

Section	Maximum Execution Time	Average Execution Time	Maximum Self Time	Average Self Time	Calls
IIR Filter int32 initialize	738	738	738	738	1
IIR Filter int32 [0.001 0]	548	548	548	548	1001

OK Help

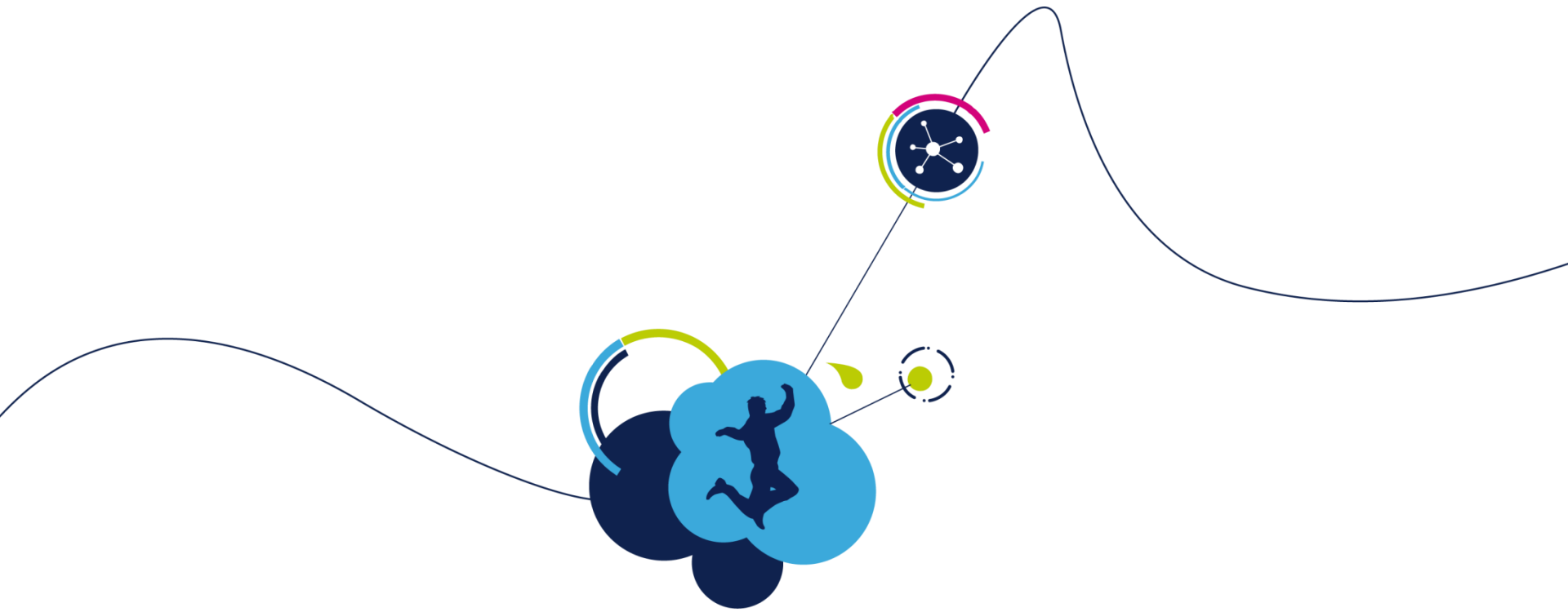


- Click on C code generated
 - To see MATLAB® generated code for STM32
 - or profiled sections

Calls	
1	
1001	

```
125  /* Single In-the-Loop Component */
126  if (xilFcnId == 0) {
127  taskTimeStart_IIR_Filter_int32(1U);
128  IIR_Filter_int32_initialize(rt_errorStatus, &(RTModel), &(localDW));
129  taskTimeEnd_IIR_Filter_int32(1U);
130  } else {

202  switch (xilTID) {
203  case 1:
204  taskTimeStart_IIR_Filter_int32(2U);
205  IIR_Filter_int32(&(i_Input), &(o_Output), &(localDW));
206  taskTimeEnd_IIR_Filter_int32(2U);
207  break;
```



Application Code Generation

- Step 1: Pure simulation

- Everything done on the PC

MATLAB®/
Simulink

- Step 2: Processor-in-the-loop (PIL)

- Algorithm fully executed on STM32
- Data (Input or output) exchanged between MATLAB®/Simulink and STM32 via UART

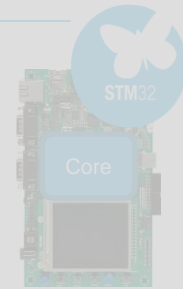
MATLAB®/
Simulink

STM32Cube
Embedded
Software

Embedded
Coder

STM32CubeMX

Toolchain



*: used only for UART

- Step 3: Everything on STM32

- Data (input or output) obtained within STM32 through its peripherals (ADC, Timers, ...) and algorithm fully executed on STM32

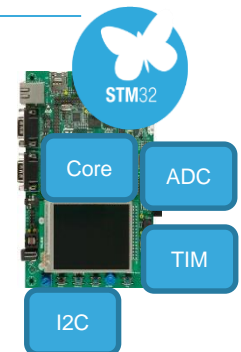
MATLAB®/
Simulink

Embedded
Coder

STM32Cube
Embedded
Software

STM32CubeMX


Toolchain

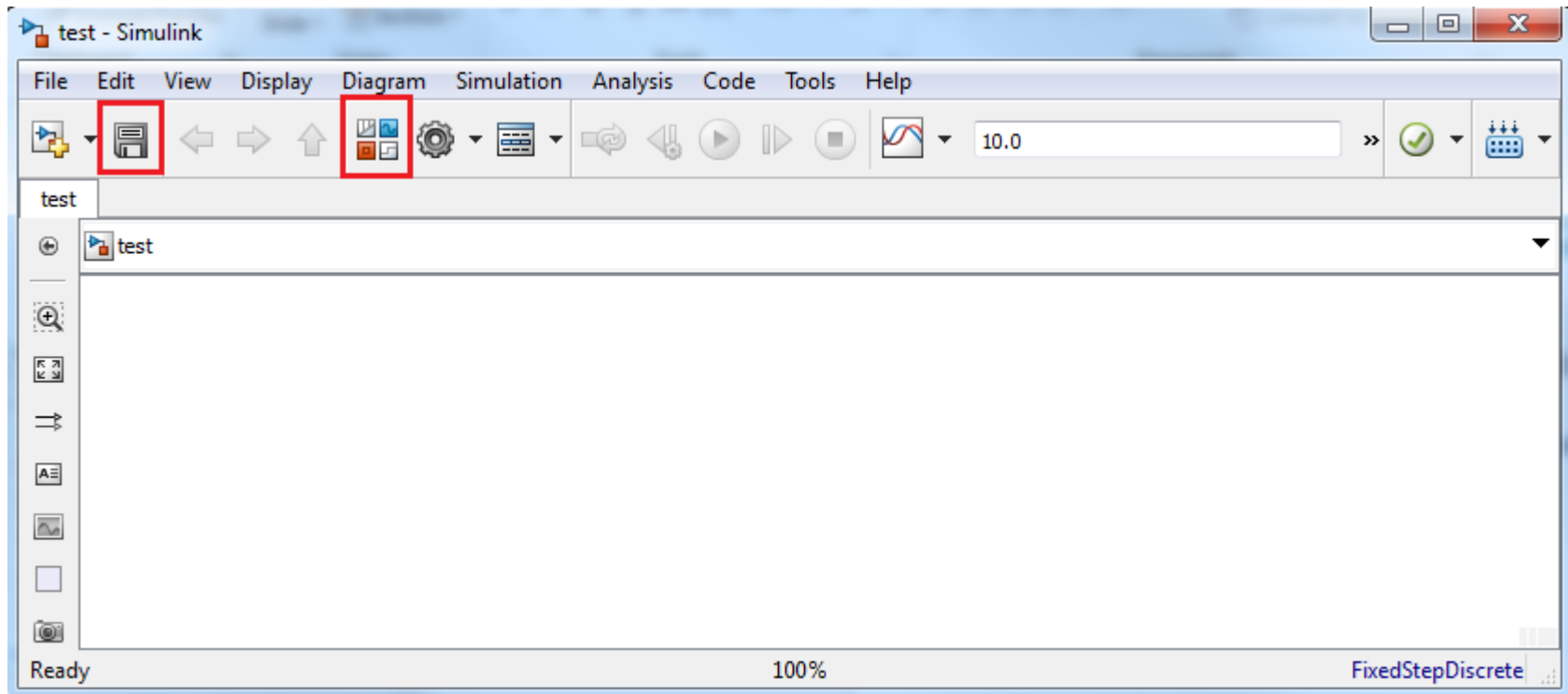


*: used only for UART

Simulink application development



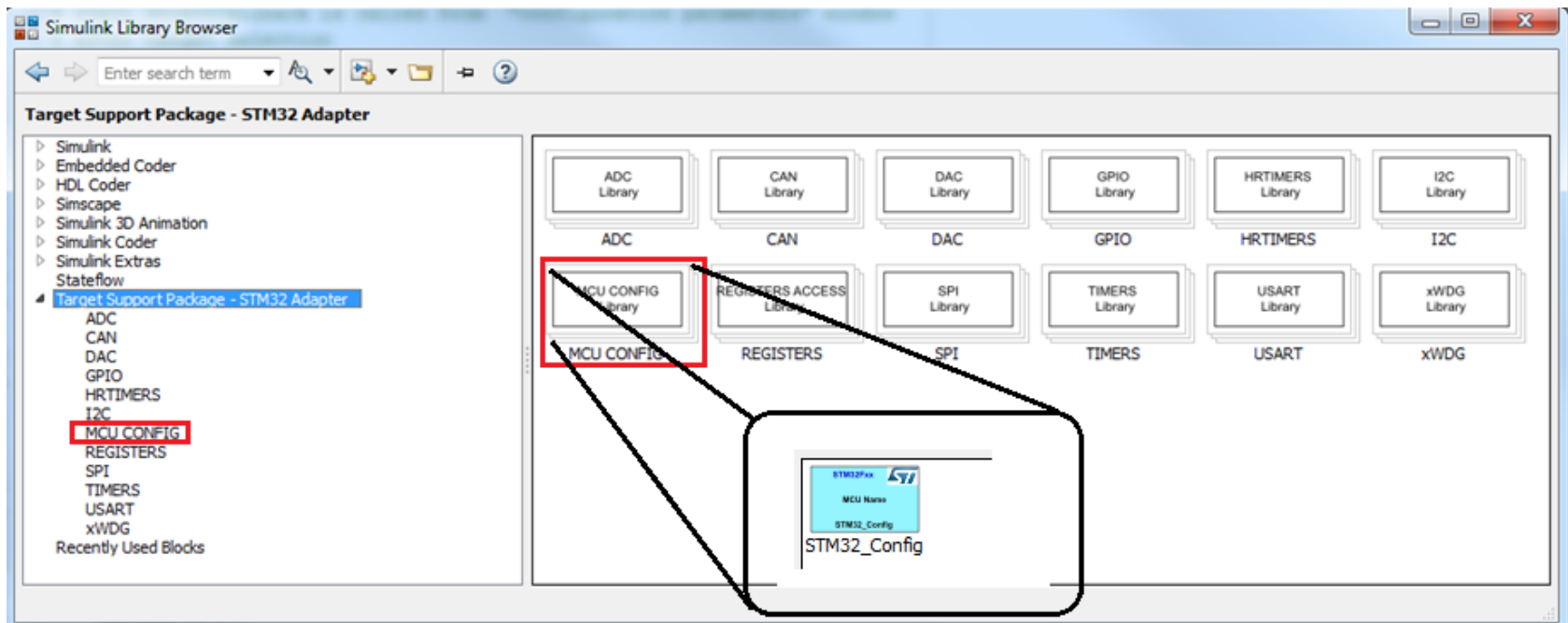
- Look at Simulink model Setting 1/4 to 4/4 to open and configure new model.
- **Save Simulink model** and open Library Browser
 - For example: Save model as test.slx into C:\TEMP\test repository 



STM32 Configuration 1/3



- STM32 Drivers Library
 - Several STM32 peripheral drivers are available.
- MCU Configuration
 - « MCU CONFIG » is the first library to open and use
 - Drag&Drop STM32_Config to your model.
 - STM32_Config is used to select STM32 configuration through STM32CubeMX configuration ioc file.



STM32 Configuration 2/3

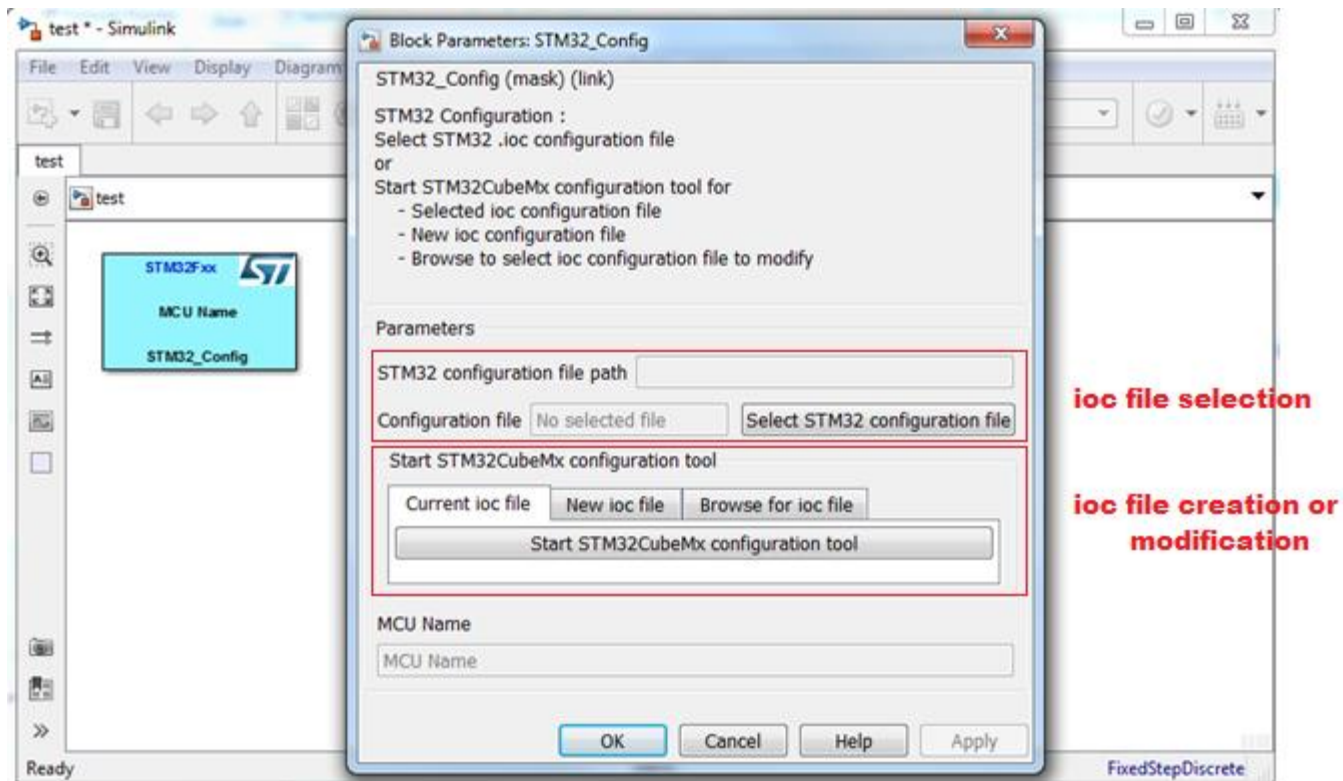


- IOC file selection

- .ioc file is a text file created and used by STM32CubeMX as STM32 descriptor.
- .ioc file contains STM32 configuration (pinout, peripheral selection & configuration)
- Double click STM32_Config to open block parameters window



- Select ioc file describing STM32 you want to use for your application with « Select STM32 configuration file »
 - It is the only and mandatory way to select .ioc file for Simulink application.
- You can also modify ioc file or create a new one and STM32CubeMX is automatically opened.



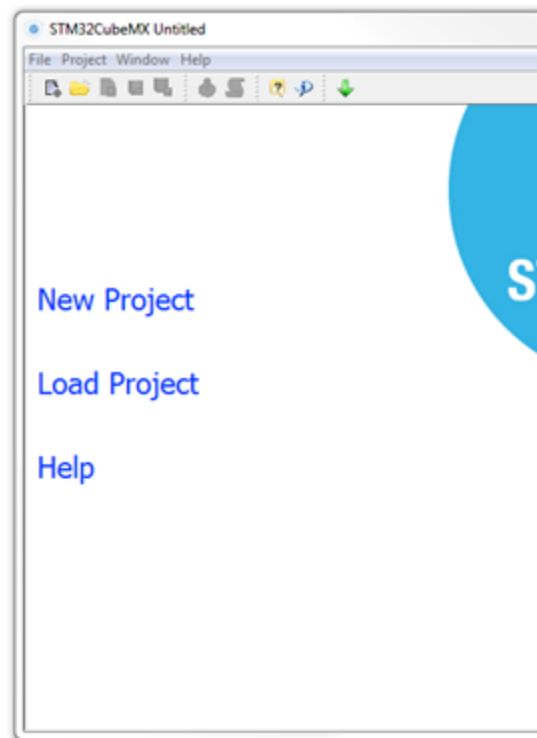
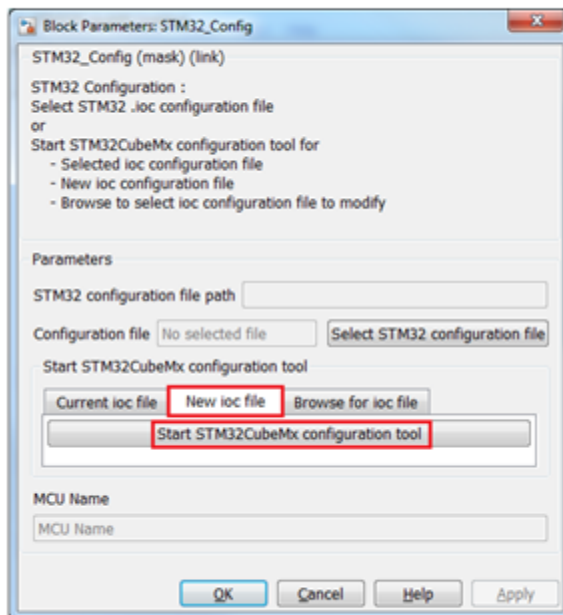
STM32 Configuration 3/3

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• IOC file creation

- Select « New ioc file » and click « Start STM32CubeMX configuration tool » button.
- STM32CubeMX opens.
- Look at http://www.st.com/web/catalog/tools/FM147/CL1794/SC961/SS1533/PF259242?s_searchtype=partnumber to get STM32CubeMX User Manual.
- Save STM32CubeMX ioc configuration file and select it using « Select STM32 configuration file » button.
 - ioc file is not automatically selected for Simulink application from STM32CubeMX



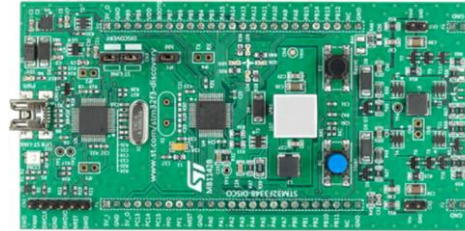
Simulink application example

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- Hardware :

- Example based on STM32F3348-DISCO
- Configuration :
 - Leds (LED3/4/5/6)
 - Push Button (User blue button)
 - USART2 Virtual Com Port (SB14&SB16 soldered)
 - ADC1
 - TIM1 & TIM6



- Software application :

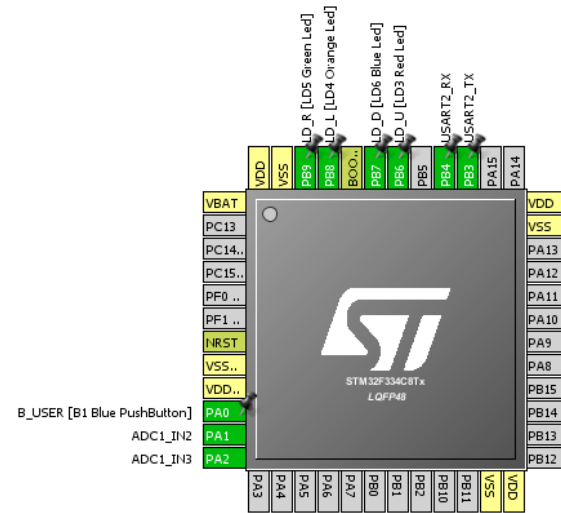
- Use TIM1 to blink LED3 at 1Hz
- Use TIM6 to blink LED4 at 2Hz
- Use TIM6 to trig ADC1 channels 2&3 conversion
- Blink Led6 when user push button is pressed
- Send ADC1 channel 3 values on USART2 when user push button is pressed

STM32CubeMX STM32F3348 Pinout



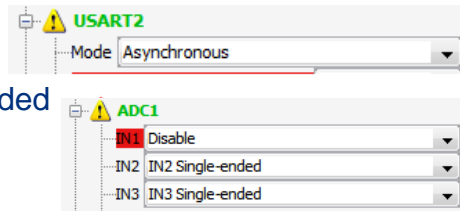
- Hardware pinout configuration

- PA0 : GPIO_EXTI0
- PA1 : ADC1_IN1
- PA2 : ADC1_IN2
- PB3 : Usart2_Tx
- PB4 : Usart2_Rx
- PB6 to PB9 : GPIO_Output

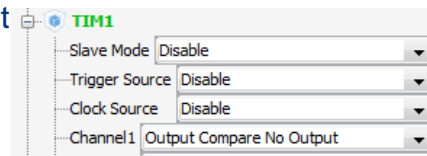


- Hardware setting

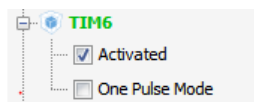
- USART2 is Asynchronous
- ADC1 IN2 & IN3 Single-ended



- TIM1 Channel1 as Output Compare No output



- TIM6 Activated (No Output)



STM32CubeMX Peripheral settings 1/2



Peripheral configuration :

USART2

- Baud Rate : 115200
- Word Length: 8 Bits
- Parity: None
- Stop Bits: 1
- Enable global interrupt

USART2 Configuration				
Parameter Settings	User Constants	NVIC Settings	GPIO Settings	DMA Settings
Interrupt Table	Enabled	Preemption Priority	Sub Priority	
USART2 global interrupt / USART2 wake-up interrupt through EXT line...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0	0	

ADC1

- Injected Channels 2&3
- Interrupt at end of sequence of conversion
- Conversion triggered from Timer6
- Interrupt Enabled

ADC1 Configuration				
Parameter Settings	User Constants	NVIC Settings	GPIO Settings	DMA Settings
Configure the below parameters :				
ADCs_Common_Settings	Independent mode			
ADC_Settings	ADC Asynchronous clock mode			
Clock Prescaler	ADC 12-bit resolution			
Resolution	Right alignment			
Data Alignment	Enabled			
Scan Conversion Mode	Disabled			
Continuous Conversion Mode	Disabled			
Discontinuous Conversion Mode	Disabled			
DMA Continuous Requests	End of sequence of conversion			
End Of Conversion Selection	Overrun data overwritten			
Overrun behaviour	Disabled			
Low Power Auto Wait	Disable			
ADC_Regular_ConversionMode	Enable			
Enable Regular Conversions	2			
ADC_Injected_ConversionMode	Trigger detection on the rising edge			
Enable Injected Conversions	Timer 6 Trigger Out event			
Number Of Conversions	None			
External Trigger Conversion Edge	Disabled			
External Trigger Source	1			
Injected Conversion Mode	Channel 2			
Queue Injected Context	7.5 Cycles			
Rank	No offset			
Channel	0			
Sampling Time	0			
Offset Number	0			
Injected Offset	0			
Rank	Channel 3			
Channel	7.5 Cycles			
Sampling Time	No offset			
Offset Number	No offset			
Injected Offset	0			

ADC1 Configuration				
Parameter Settings	User Constants	NVIC Settings	GPIO Settings	DMA Settings
Interrupt Table	Enabled			
ADC1 and ADC2 interrupts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			

STM32CubeMX Peripheral settings 2/2



• Peripheral configuration :

• TIM1

- Default configuration
- TIM1 Update interrupt enabled

TIM1 Configuration		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Parameter Settings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> User Constants <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NVIC Settings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DMA Settings		
Interrupt Table	Enabled	Preemption Priority
TIM1 break and TIM15 interrupts	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
TIM1 update and TIM16 interrupts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0
TIM1 trigger and commutation and TIM17 interrupts	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
TIM1 capture compare interrupt	<input type="checkbox"/>	0

• TIM6

- Trigger event :Update Event
- TIM6 global interrupt enabled

TIM6 Configuration		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Parameter Settings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> User Constants <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NVIC Settings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DMA Settings		
Interrupt Table	Enabled	Preemption
TIM6 global and DAC1 underrun error interrupts	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0

TIM6 Configuration	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Parameter Settings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> User Constants <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NVIC Settings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DMA Settings	
Configure the below parameters :	
<input type="checkbox"/> Counter Settings	
Prescaler (PSC - 16 bits value)	0
Counter Mode	Up
Counter Period (AutoReload Register - 16 bits va...)	0
<input type="checkbox"/> Trigger Output (TRGO) Parameters	
Trigger Event Selection	Update Event

• GPIO External interrupt

- External Interrupt Mode with Falling edge trigger detection

Pin Configuration							
GPIO ADC1 USART2							
Search Signals							
Search (Ctrl+F)							<input type="checkbox"/> Show only Modified Pins
Pin Name	Signal on Pin	GPIO mode	GPIO Pull Up ...	Maximum out...	Fast Mode	User Label	Modified
PA0	n/a	External Interr...	No pull up pull ...	n/a	n/a	B_USER [B1 Bl...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PB6	n/a	Output Push Pull	No pull up pull ...	Low	Disable	LD_U [LD3 Red...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PB7	n/a	Output Push Pull	No pull up pull ...	Low	Disable	LD_D [LD6 Bla...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PB8	n/a	Output Push Pull	No pull up pull ...	Low	Disable	LD_L [LD4 Ora...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PB9	n/a	Output Push Pull	No pull up pull ...	Low	Disable	LD_R [LD5 Gre...	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

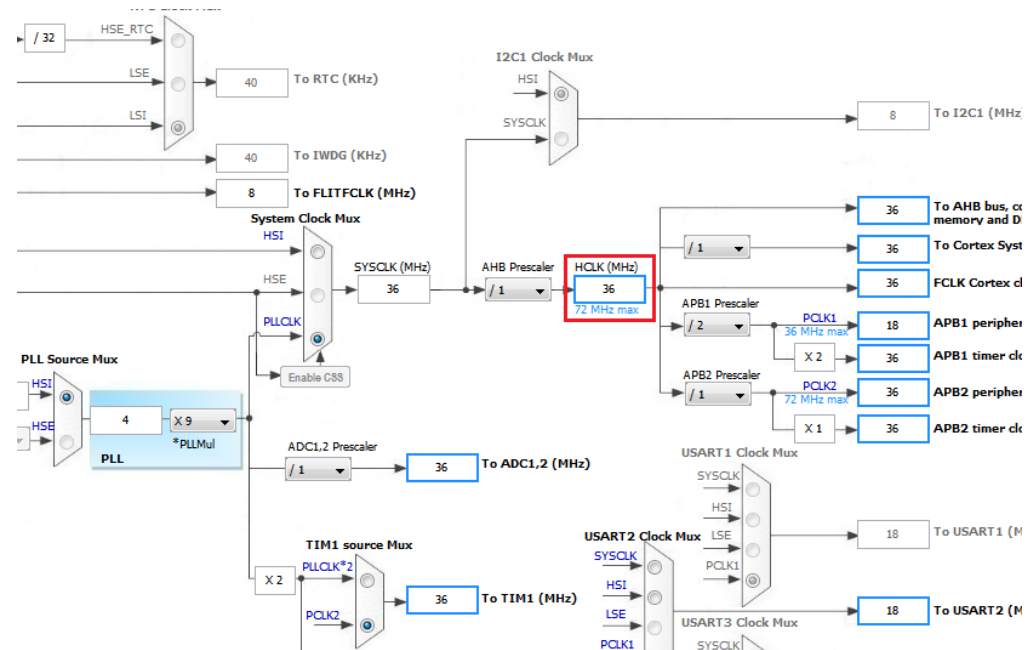
PA0 Configuration :	
GPIO mode	External Interrupt Mode with Falling edge trigger detection
GPIO Pull Up Pull Down	No pull up pull down
User Label	B_USER [B1 Blue PushButton]

STM32CubeMX Clock Configuration

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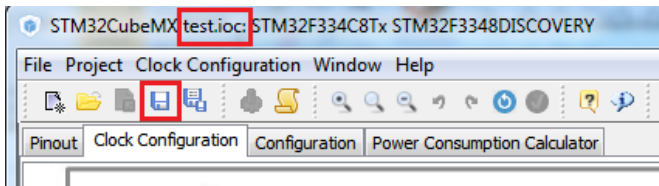
- Clock Default Configuration:
 - 16 MHz
- Modification not mandatory
 - Can be 36 MHz for example



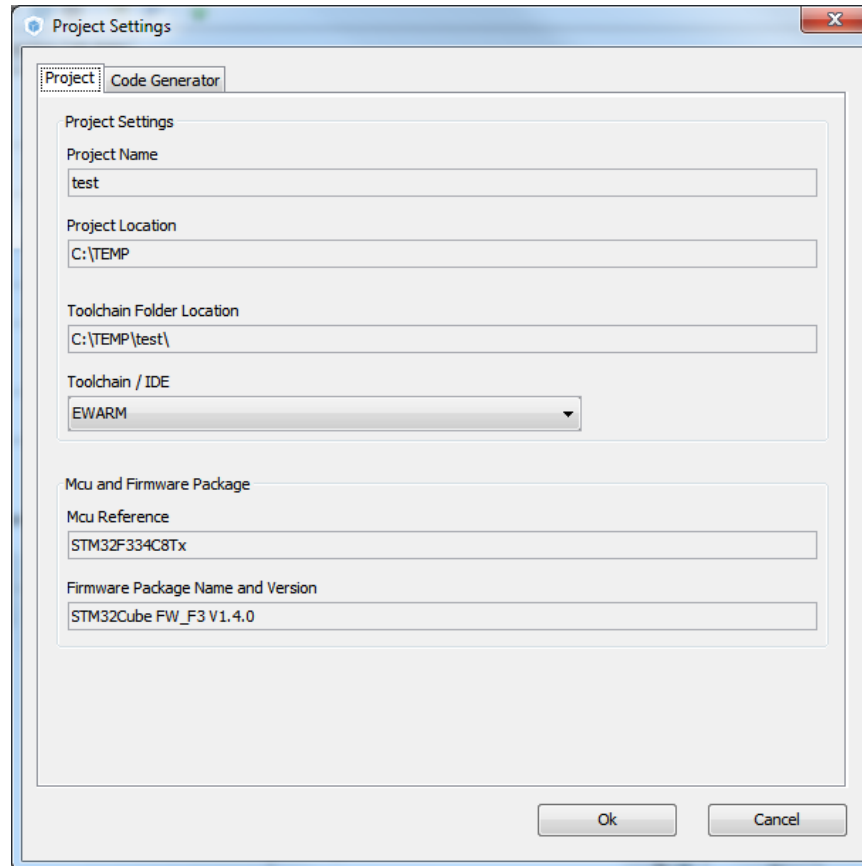
STM32CubeMX project Settings



- Project Name:
 - «test» for this example
- Project Location :
 - C:\TEMP for this example
- Save the current project
 - test.ioc file is available from c:\TEMP\test repository



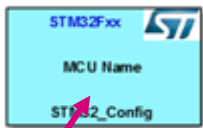
- You can save ioc file anywhere.
- It is preferable to save ioc file in same repository as model that will use it. Repository and ioc file must have same name.



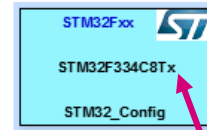
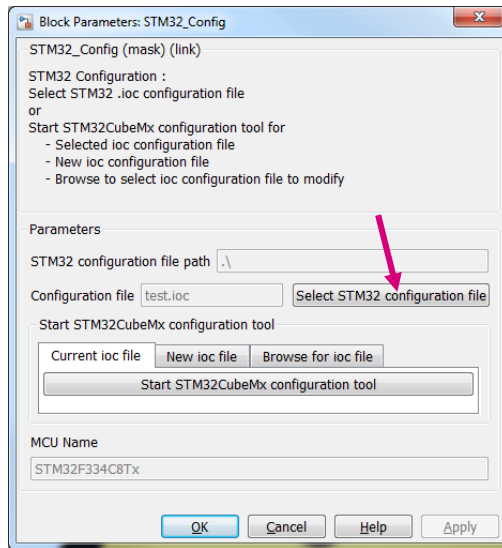
Simulink application IOC file selection



- IOC file selection
 - Ioc file has been created and can be selected
 - Open (double click) STM32_Config block parameters window
 - STM32 configuration path is related to model
 - .\ because test.ioc and test.slx in same repository



Double click



Simulink application for STM32F334C8Tx MCU

«Select STM32 configuration file »
Browse and select test.ioc file

USE TIM1 to Blink LED3 at 1Hz

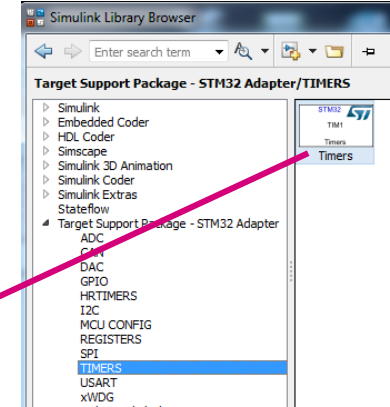
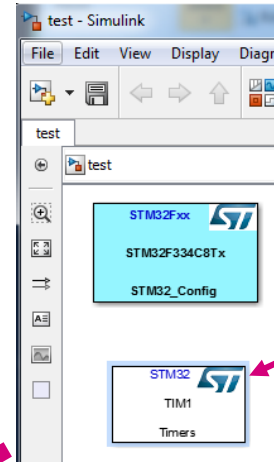
65



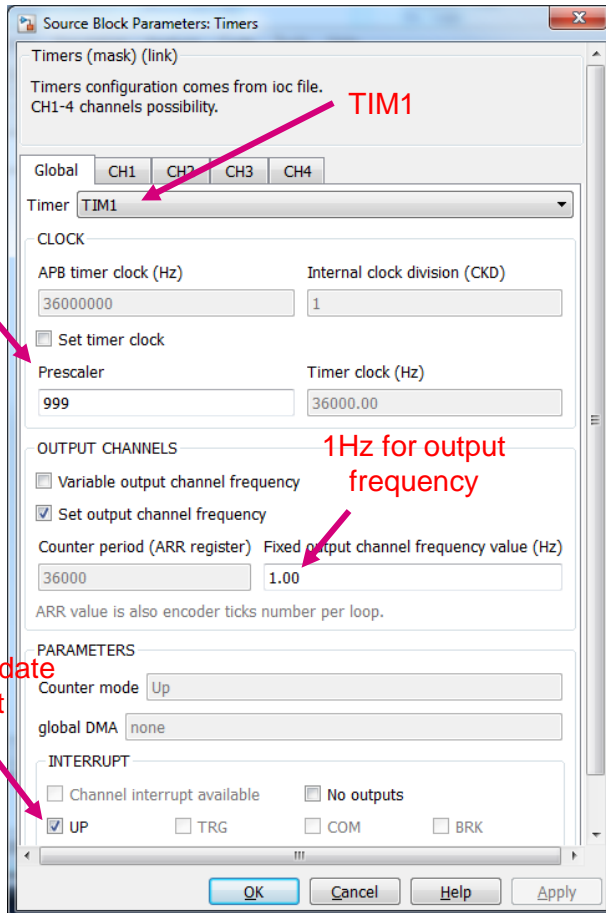
- Software application example:
 - **Use TIM1 to blink LED3 at 1Hz**
 - Use TIM6 to blink LED4 at 2Hz
 - Use TIM6 to trig ADC1 channels 2&3 conversion
 - Blink Led6 when user push button is pressed
 - Send ADC1 channel 3 values on USART2 when user push button is pressed

TIM1 Selection & Configuration

- TIM1 Selection
 - Drag&Drop Timers block from Simulink Library Browser
- TIM1 Configuration
 - Open (double click) Timers block parameters window
 - Select TIM1 and set parameters

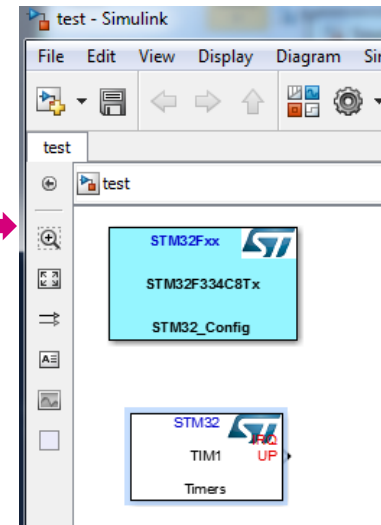


Prescaler or
Timer Clock



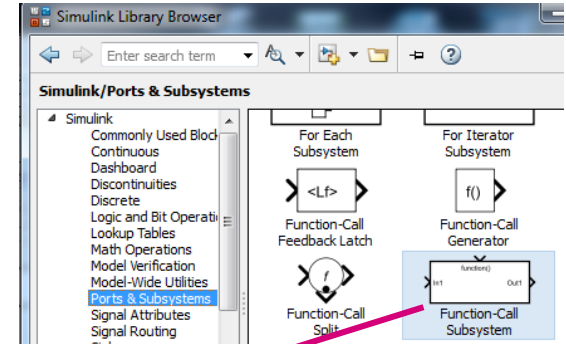
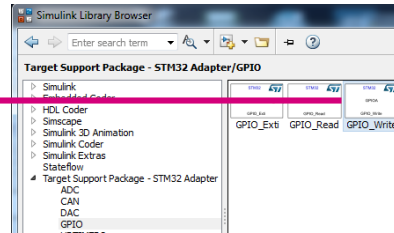
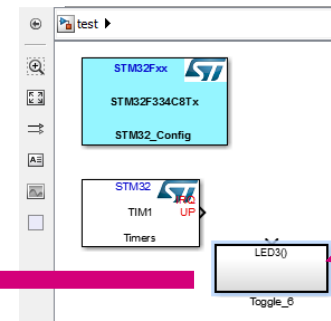
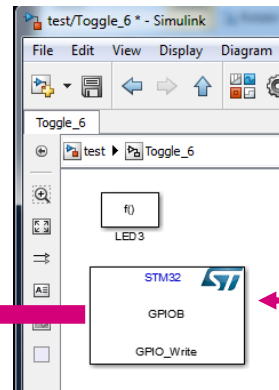
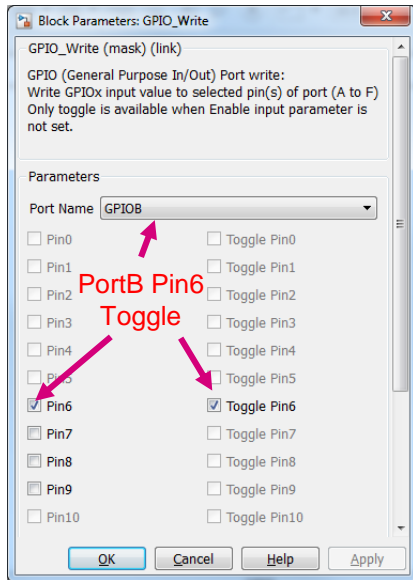
1Hz for output
frequency

Validate Update
interrupt

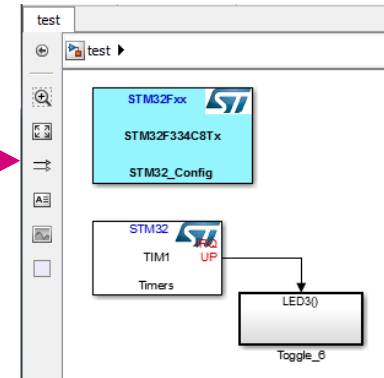


TIM1 Application

- TIM1 toggle LED3 at 1Hz
 - Drag&Drop Function-Call Subsystem from Simulink Library Browser (Simulink>Ports & Subsystems)
 - Open (double click) Function-Call block and Drag&Drop GPIO_Write block
 - Open (double click) GPIO_Write block parameters window and select Pin6 (LED3 is connected to Pin6)



LED3 will blink when TIM1 update interrupt occurs. Every second at 1Hz



USE TIM6 to Blink LED4 at 2Hz

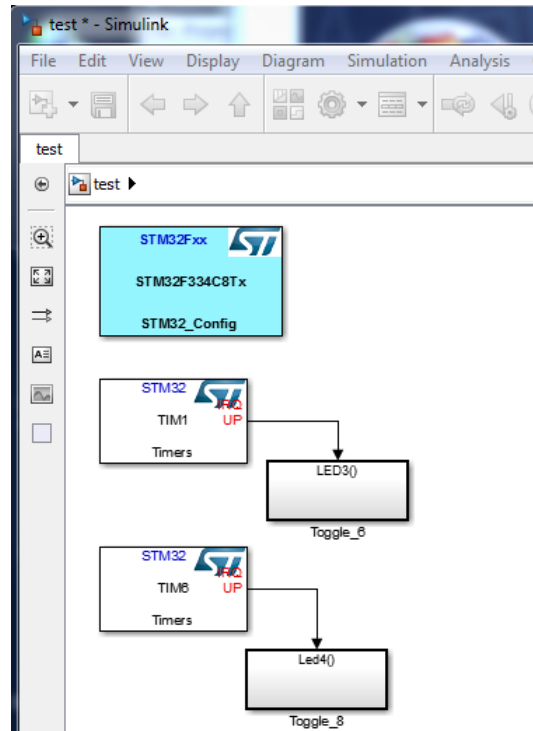
68



- Software application example:
 - Use TIM1 to blink LED3 at 1Hz
 - **Use TIM6 to blink LED4 at 2Hz**
 - Use TIM6 to trig ADC1 channels 2&3 conversion
 - Blink Led6 when user push button is pressed
 - Send ADC1 channel 3 values on USART2 when user push button is pressed

TIM6 Application

- TIM6 toggle LED4 at 2Hz
 - Make the same thing as for TIM1 but frequency is 2Hz and PortB Pin8 toggle as it is connected to Led4



LED4 will blink when TIM6 update interrupt occurs. Every 0.5 second at 2Hz

USE TIM6 to trig ADC1 channels 2&3

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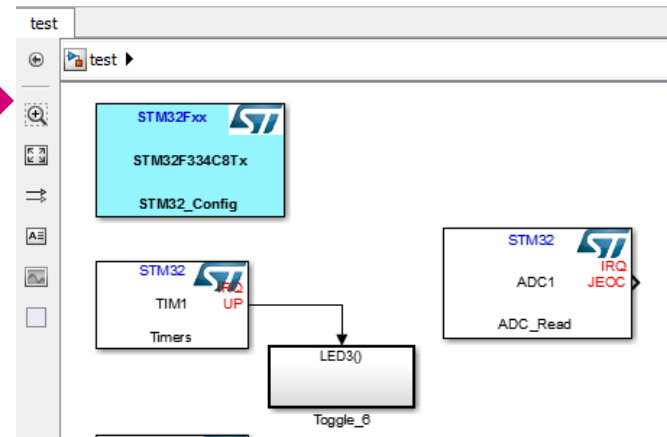
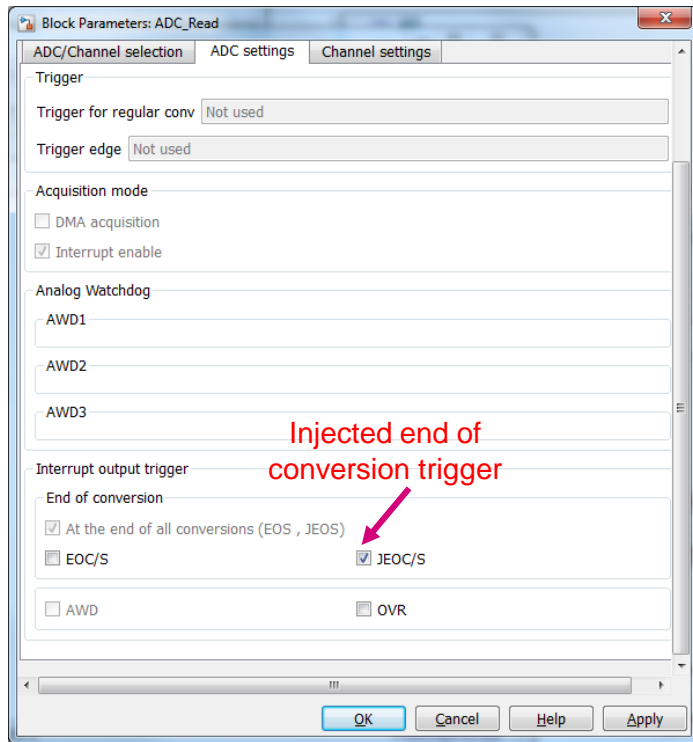
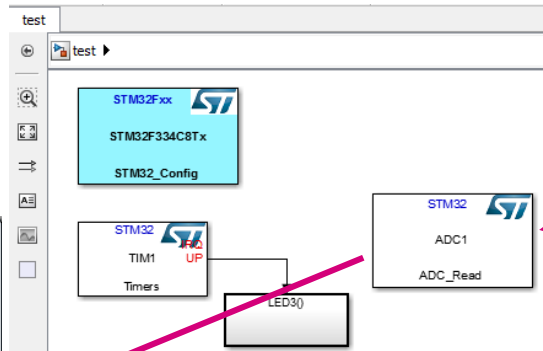
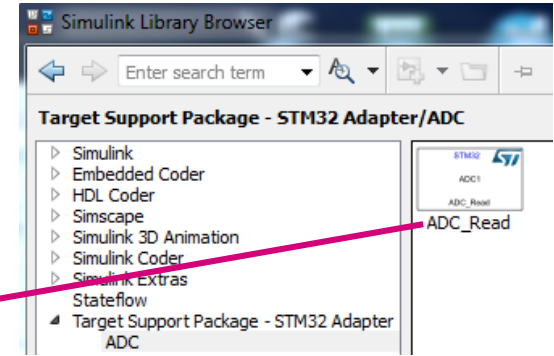


- Software application example:
 - Use TIM1 to blink LED3 at 1Hz
 - Use TIM6 to blink LED4 at 2Hz
 - **Use TIM6 to trig ADC1 channels 2&3 conversion**
 - Blink Led6 when user push button is pressed
 - Send ADC1 channel 3 values on USART2 when user push button is pressed

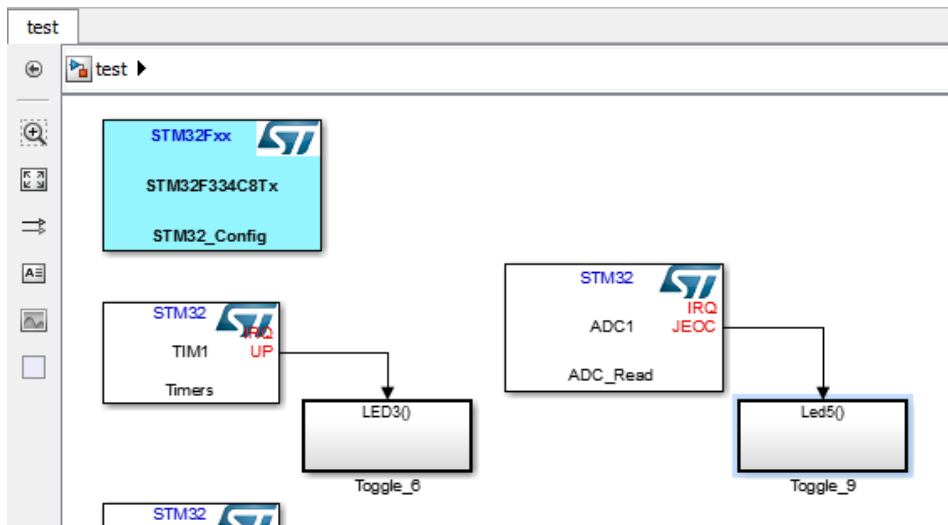
ADC1 Selection & Configuration

- ADC1 Selection
 - Drag&Drop ADC_Read block from Simulink Library Browser

- ADC1 Configuration
 - We don't need ADC values
 - Select JEOP/S as interrupt output trigger



- TIM6 trig ADC1 channels conversion
 - Blink LED5 at end of ADC1 conversion to verify that TIM6 has triggerer it.
 - Drag&Drop Function-Call Subsystem from Simulink Library Browser (Simulink>Ports & Subsystems) and add GPIO_Write block in.
 - Set GPIO_Write block parameters window to toggle Pin9 (LED5 is connected to Pin9)



LED5 will blink when ADC1 injected channels 2&3 has been converted.

Start of Conversion is triggered from TIM6

Channels 2&3 values are available at the end of conversion

Push Button functions

73

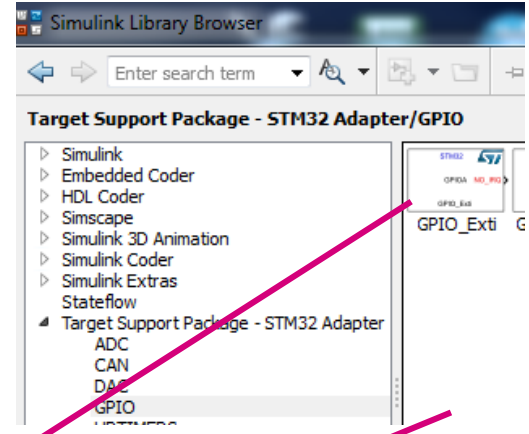
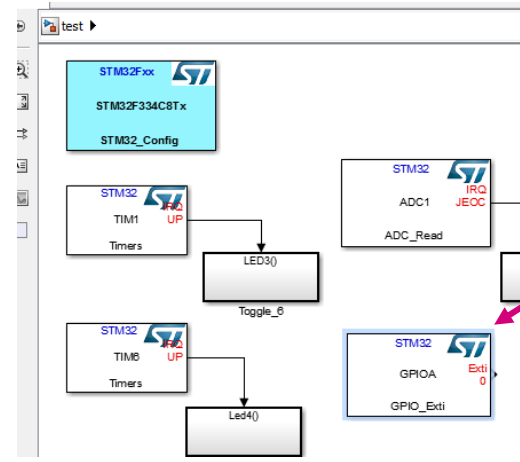
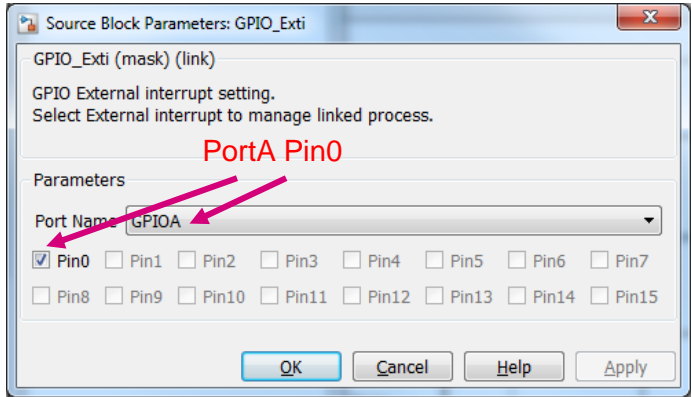


- Software application example:
 - Use TIM1 to blink LED3 at 1Hz
 - Use TIM6 to blink LED4 at 2Hz
 - Use TIM6 to trig ADC1 channels 2&3 conversion
 - **Blink Led6 when user push button is pressed**
 - **Send ADC1 channel 3 values on USART2 when user push button is pressed**

EXTI0 Selection & Configuration

EXTI0 Selection

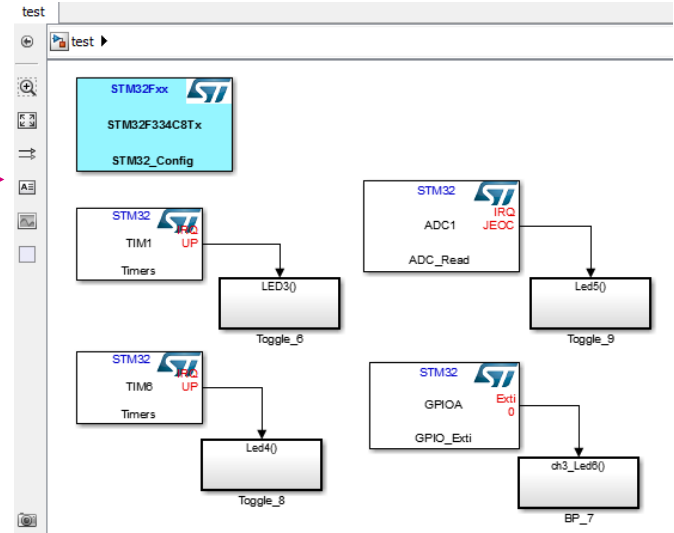
- Push Button is connected to External Interrupt 0 on PA0
- Drag&Drop GPIO_Exti block from Simulink Library Browser
- Open (double click) GPIO_Exti block parameters window and select GPIOA pin0



- Drag&Drop Function-Call Subsystem from Simulink Library Browser (Simulink>Ports & Subsystems) and connect it to Exti0 output

Every models in Function-Call connected to GPIO_Exti output will be executed for every action on push button.

We want to blink LED6 and send ADC1 ch3 value on USART2



Push Button Action 1/2

Blink LED6

- Open (double click) Function-Call block and Drag&Drop GPIO_Write block
- Open (double click) GPIO_Write block parameters window and select Pin7 (LED6 is connected to Pin7)

Send ADC1 Ch3 value on USART2

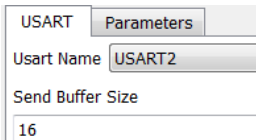
- Drag&Drop ADC_Read block from Simulink Library Browser
- Drag&Drop USART_Send block from Simulink Library Browser

ADC1 Settings

- Open (double click) ADC_Read block parameters window and select ADC1 Ch3

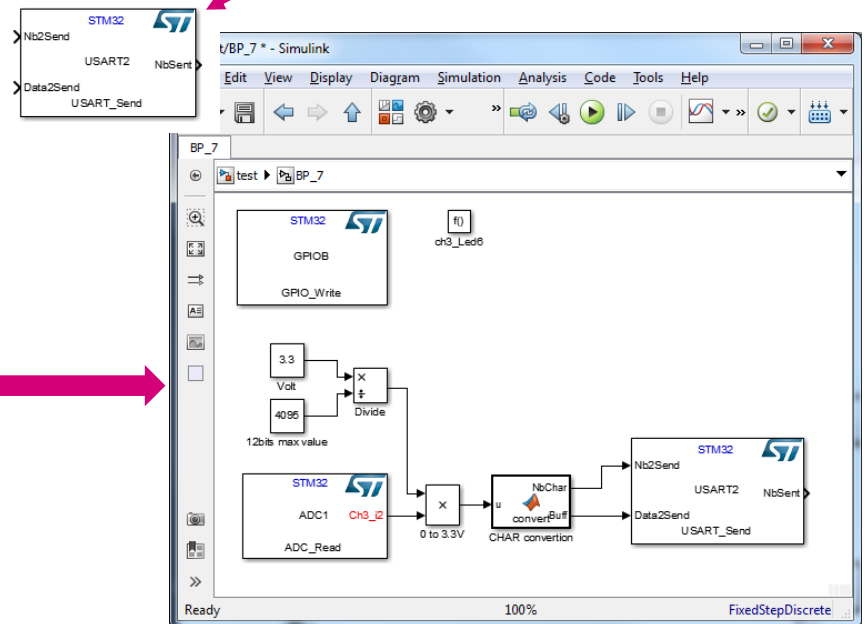
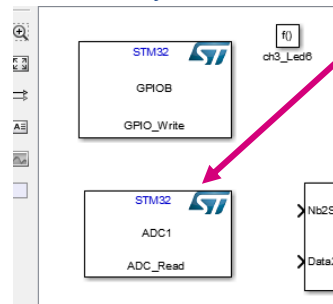
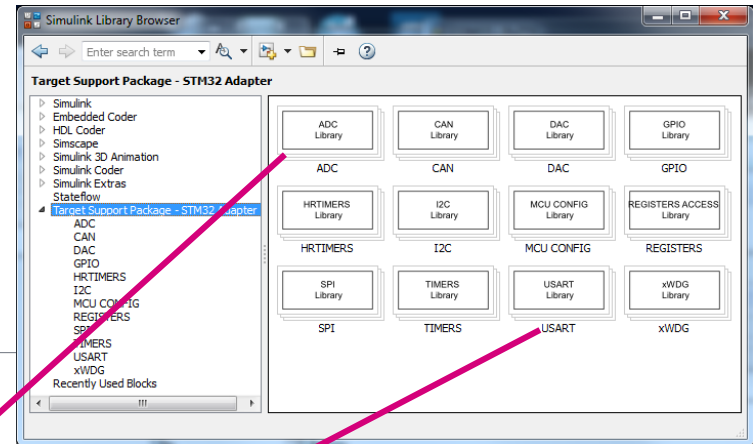
USART2 Settings

- Open (double click) USART2_Send block parameters window and set buffer size.



It is mandatory to set Buffer Size as close as messages sent in order to avoid memory waste.

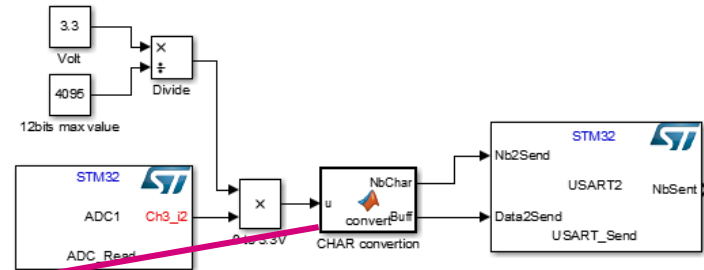
- Add signal processing.
- MATLAB® code can be added in « MATLAB Function » from Simulink Library Browser>User-Defined Functions>MATLAB Function



Push Button Action 2/2

MATLAB Function

- Add MATLAB® code to convert ADC1 Ch3 value to Buffer of characters
- MATLAB® function is converted to C code and integrated to generated project during « build » process.



```
BP_7/CHAR conversion x +
1 function [NbChar, Buff] = convert(u)
2     if coder.target('Sfun')
3         % Executing in MATLAB, Buff is null
4         Buff = uint32(0);
5         NbChar = uint16(0);
6     else
7         % Executing in the generated code.
8         buffer = zeros(1,15,'uint8');
9         coder.ceval('sprintf',coder.wref(buffer),['%2.2f',0],u);
10        tmp = uint8('Volt');
11        y = [buffer(1:4), tmp, 13, 10, 0];
12        Buff = coder.ceval('getBuffPtr',coder.ref(y));
13        NbChar = uint16(size(y,2));
14    end
15 end
```

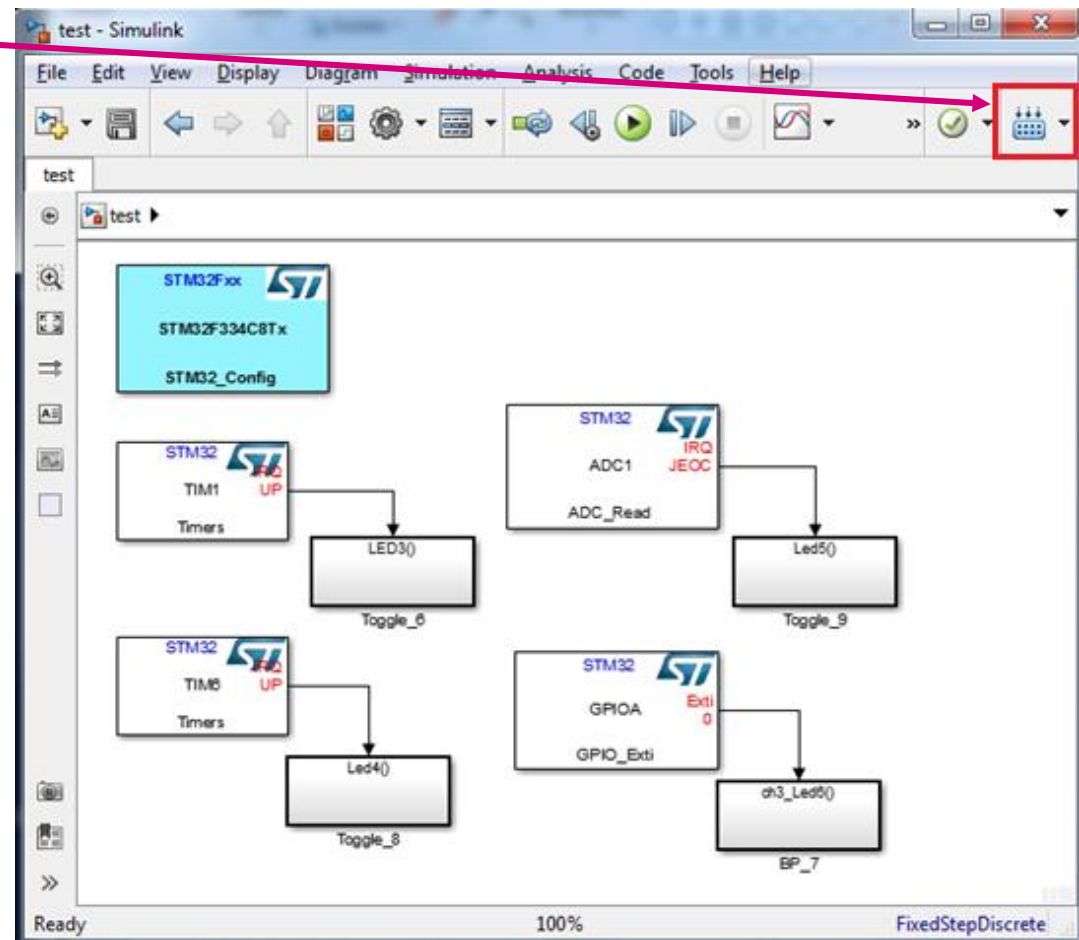
Nothing to do for Simulation

« xx.x Volt » Buffer to send through USART2



«getBuffPtr» is a C function provided with STM32-MAT/TARGET that convert MATLAB® array to C pointer.

- Generate code for created application
 - Press « Build Model » to automatically generate C code and toolchain project.



MATLAB® Code Generation 1/2

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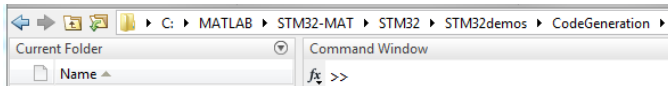


• Diagnostic Viewer

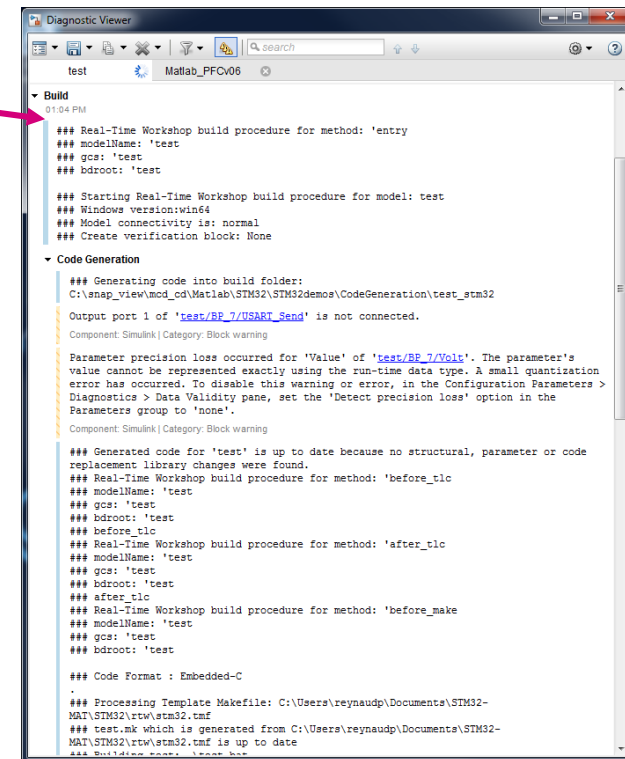
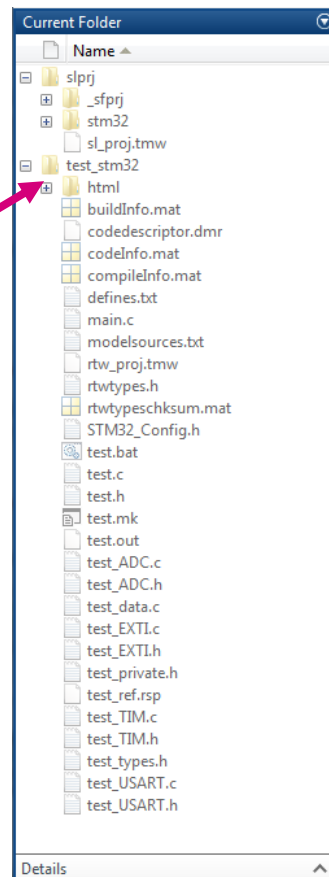
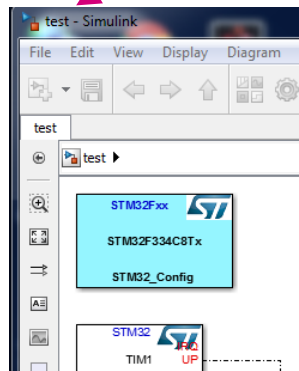
- Diagnostic Viewer window appears when you click on « View diagnostics » at the bottom of built model. It gives « Code Generation » information about Build process.

• Generated Code

- MATLAB® generates C code corresponding to Simulink model in selected Current Folder

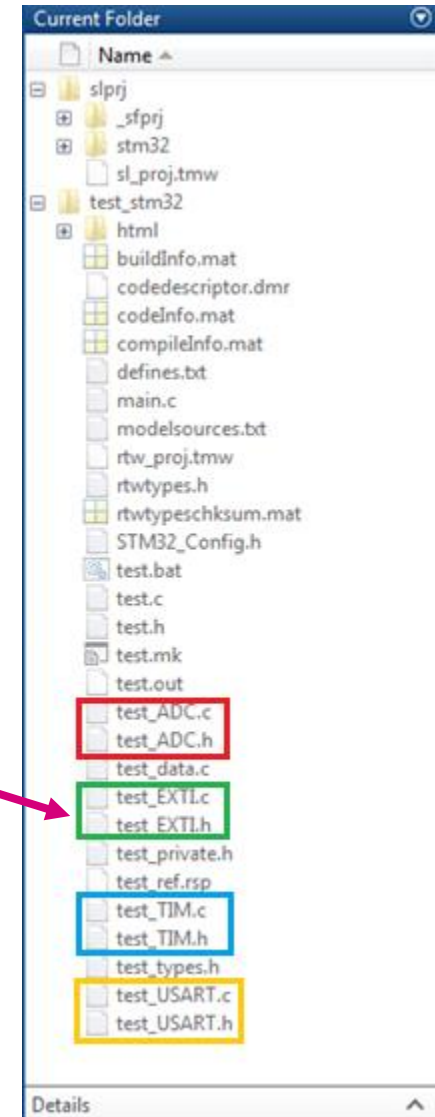
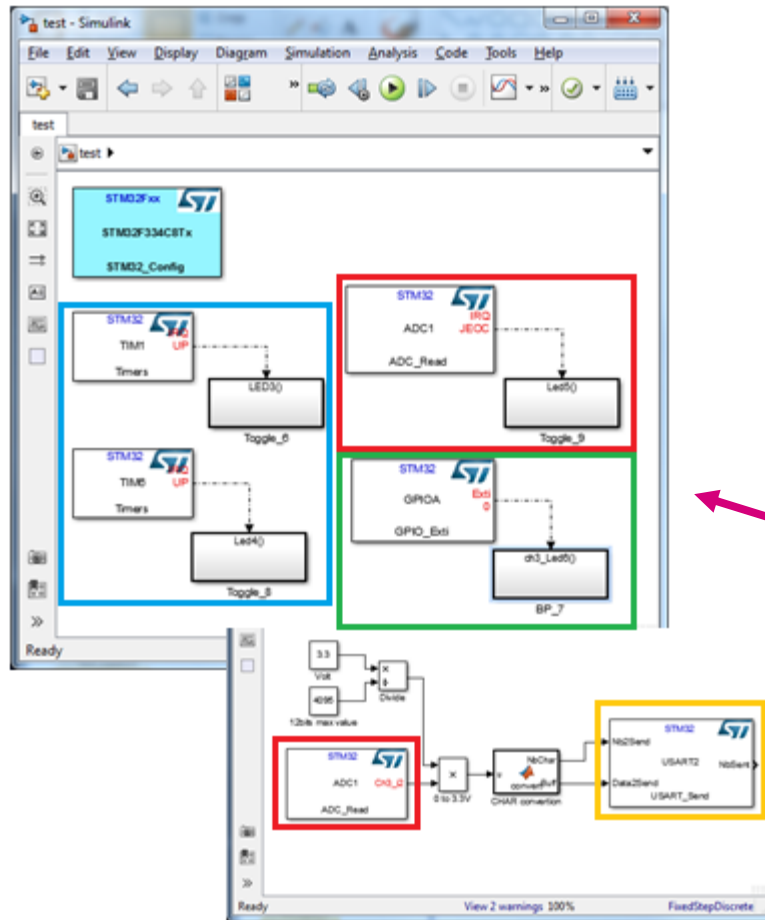


- STM32 code is generated in repository with name is created using name of Simulink model with « _stm32 »



MATLAB® Code Generation 2/2

- STM32 peripherals driver code is generated in .c/.h files with name is created using name of Simulink model and peripheral name.

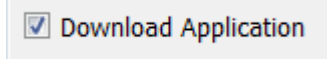


STM32CubeMX Code Generation 1/2

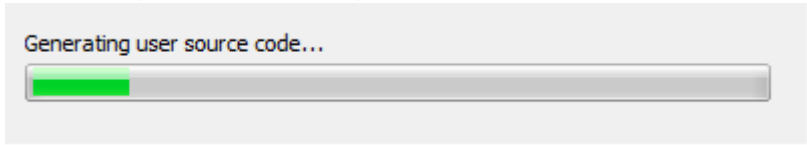


- STM32CubeMX process

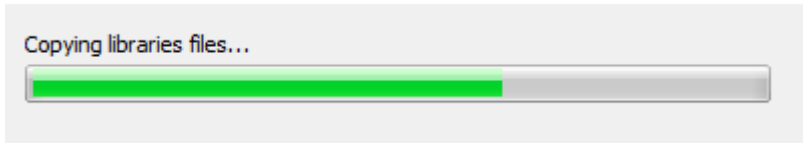
- STM32CubeMX is automatically called from MATLAB® when « Download Application » has been selected from Model Configuration window.



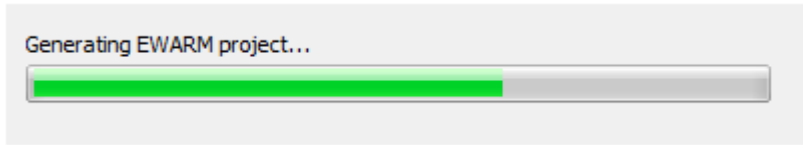
- STM32CubeMX generates configuration code.



- STM32CubeMX adds necessary library files.
.c/.h library files from HAL STM32 libraries.



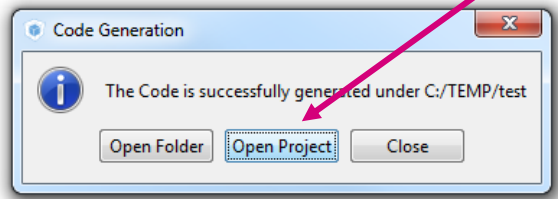
- STM32CubeMX generates toolchain project including files generated from MATLAB®



- STM32CubeMX generated project can be open



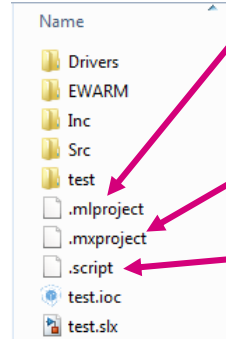
Click « Open Project » to automatically open project using selected toolchain.



STM32CubeMX Code Generation 2/2



- STM32CubeMX project generation
 - Project is generated in same repository as ioc file. (Example with Simulink « test » project)

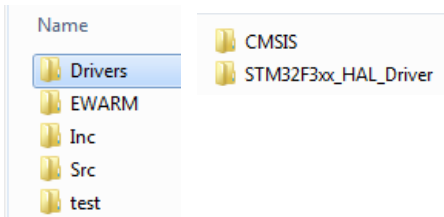


.mlproject : Generated from MATLAB®. Contains information about .c/.h files to add to project from MATLAB®

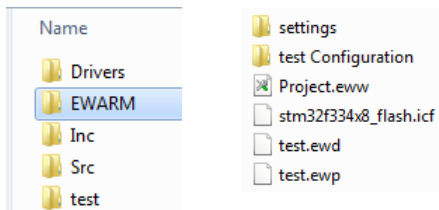
.mxproject : Generated from STM32CubeMX. Contains information about .c/.h files generated from STM32CubeMX

.script : Generated from MATLAB®. Contains STM32CubeMX command to generate project.

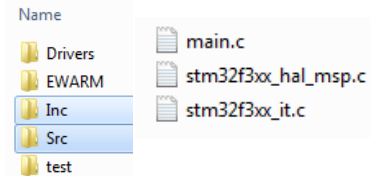
- STM32CubeMX project contains
 - Drivers : Contains STM32 selected library and CMSI files



- EWARM: Contains toolchain project files (IAR for example)



- Inc & Src: Contains STM32CubeMX generated or modified files.

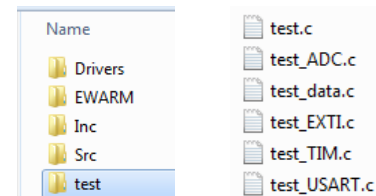


main.c : Generated from MATLAB®. It has been modified by STM32CubeMX to add project configuration.

_hal_msp.c: Peripherals configuration

_it.c : Interrupt handlers for configured interrupt only.

- test (Simulink project name): Contains all .c/h files generated from MATLAB®





It is required to know toolchain functionalities.

Toolchain Project



• Toolchain settings

- STM32CubeMX has automatically generated project including mandatory settings. It is exactly same project at it should be generated « by hand ». Possibility to tune all settings.



Example using EWARM (IAR) toolchain for Simulink test project

• Toolchain Actions

- Build project
- Download and Debug project

BUILD project

Download&Debug project

STM32 board must be connected to PC when you click « Download&Debug »



It is required to know toolchain functionalities.

Run Project

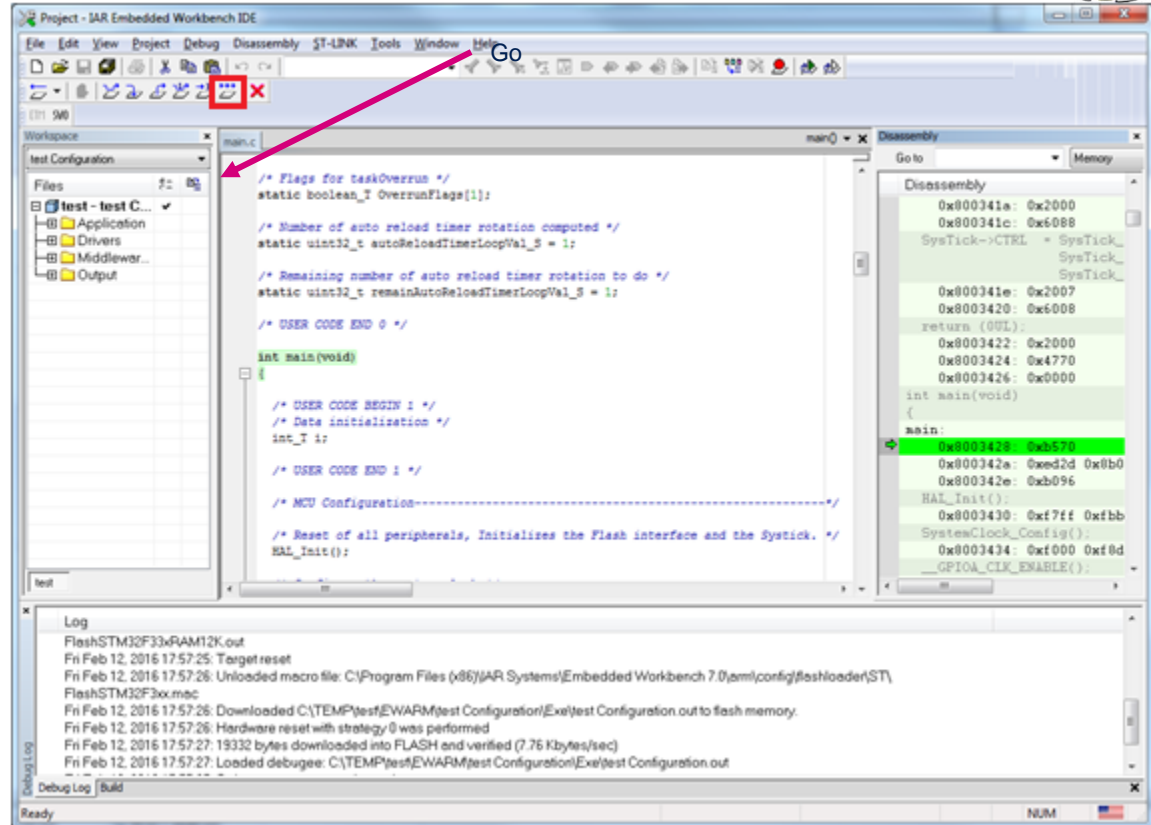


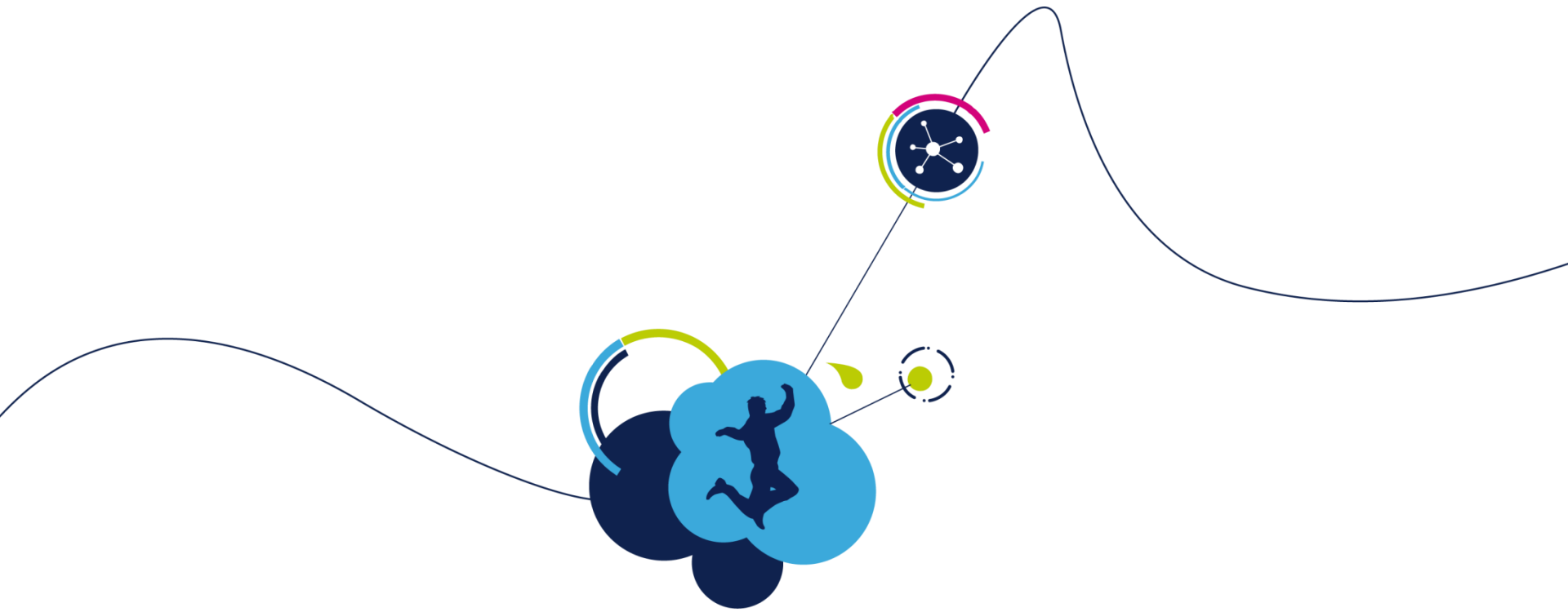
Example using EWARM (IAR) toolchain for Simulink test project

- Simulink « test » example results
 - Project is started and waits at 1st main instruction.
 - Click «Go»
 - LD3/LD4/LD5 are blinking
 - LD6 is alternatively ON and OFF when you press User button. ADC value set on PA2 (ADC1 Ch3) is sent to PC through USART.

You can see ADC value on PC using PuTTY for example.

```
COM15 - PuTTY
0.60Volt
1.02Volt
2.28Volt
3.30Volt
0.00Volt
█
```





External Mode

- Step 1: Pure simulation

- Everything done on the PC

MATLAB®/
Simulink

- Step 2: Processor-in-the-loop (PIL)

- Algorithm fully executed on STM32
- Data (Input or output) exchanged between MATLAB®/Simulink and STM32 via UART

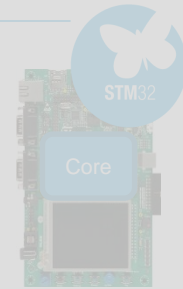
MATLAB®/
Simulink

STM32Cube
Embedded
Software

Embedded
Coder

STM32CubeMX

Toolchain



*: used only for UART

- External Mode

- Data (input or output) obtained within STM32 through its peripherals (ADC, Timers, ...) and algorithm fully executed on STM32.
- Data monitoring from Simulink via UART
- Not possible to modify STM32 configuration during External Mode.

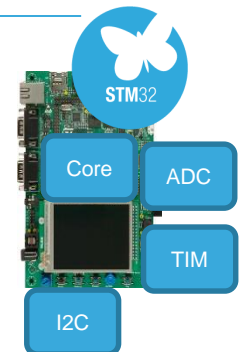
MATLAB®/
Simulink

Embedded
Coder

STM32Cube
Embedded
Software

STM32CubeMX

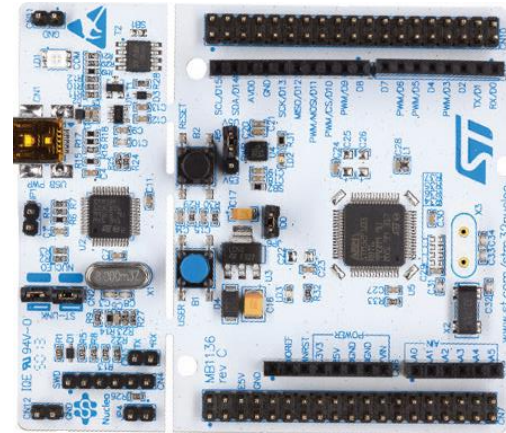
Toolchain



External mode example



- Hardware :
 - Example based on NUCLEO-F302R8
 - Configuration :
 - ADC1 : IN1

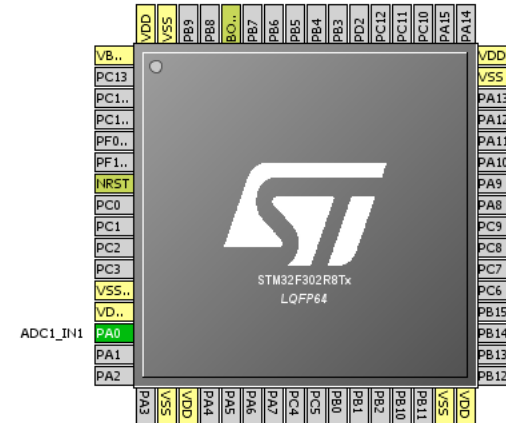
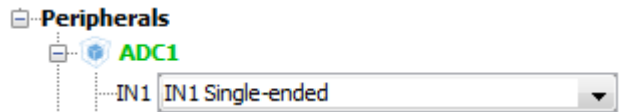


- Software application :
 - Read ADC1 IN1 value from Simulink

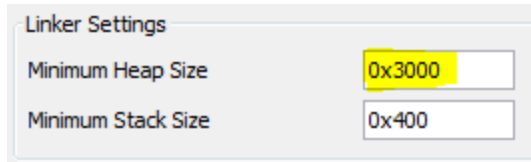
STM32CubeMX STM32F302R8 configuration



- Open STM32CubeMX tool and select STM32F302R8Tx
- Hardware setting
 - PA0: ADC1 IN1 Single-ended



- Project configuration
 - Heap Size : 0x3000



Because of communication flow between Simulink and STM32, Heap Size must be higher as possible.

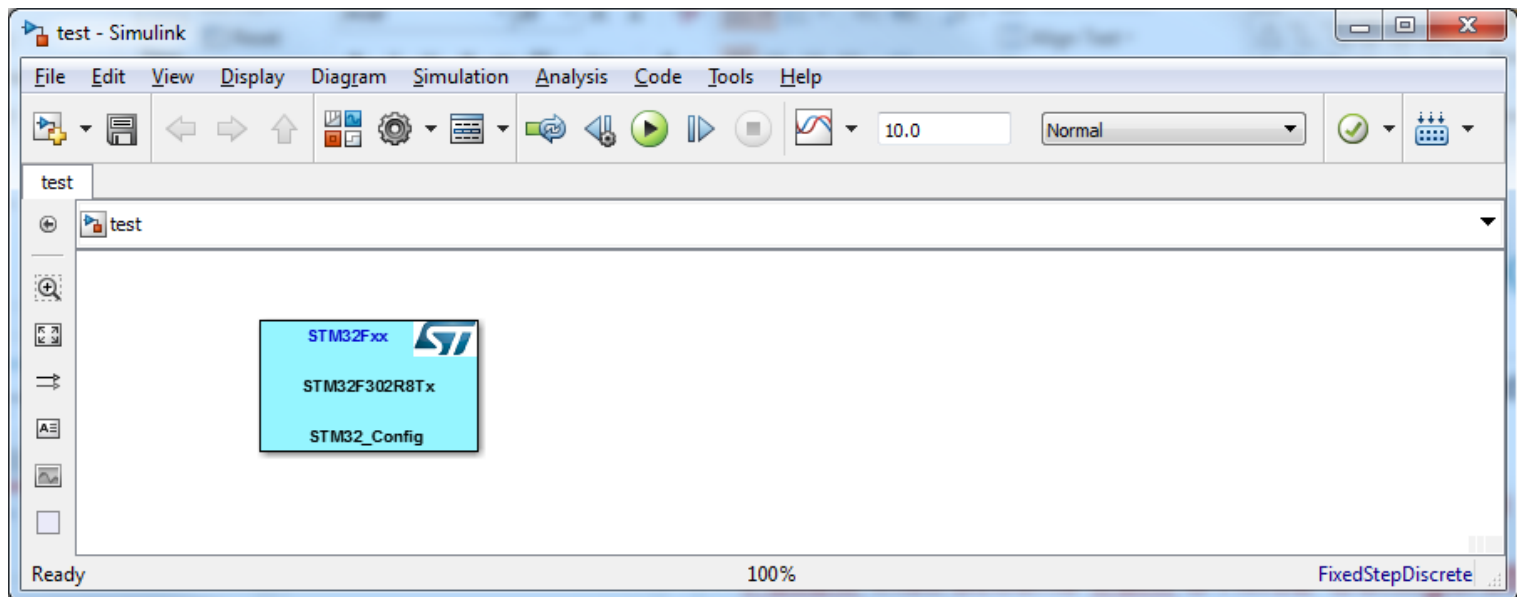
- Clock configuration
 - Set to Max : 64MHz if HSI used
- Save project

Simulink External Mode

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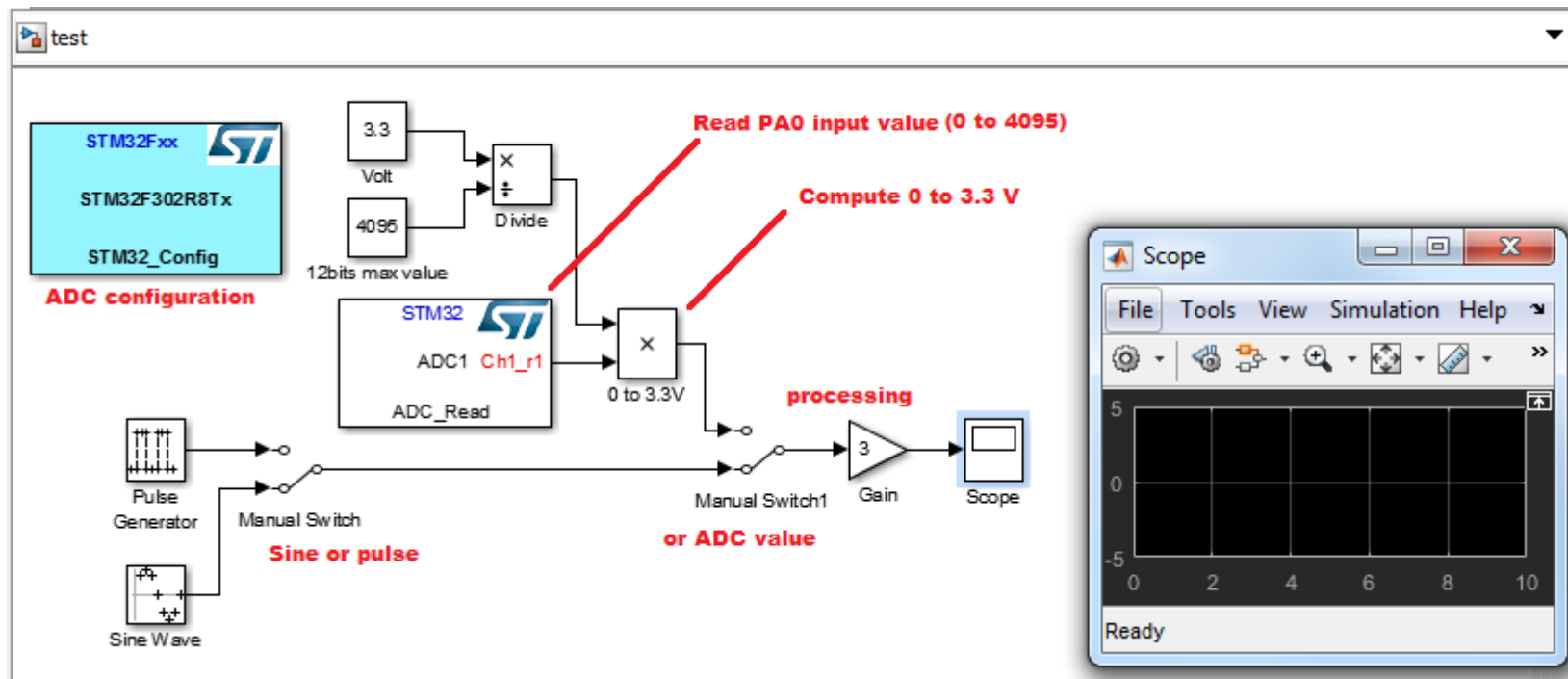
- Look at Simulink model Setting 1/4 to 4/4 to open and configure new model.
- **Save Simulink model** and open Library Browser
 - For example: Save model as test.slx into C:\TEMP\test repository
- **Follow instructions from STM32 Configuration 1/3 to 3/3 in order to select IOC configuration file you saved for STM302R8.**



Simulink External Mode



- PULSE or SIN or ADC value
 - Select source to scope on Simulink.
 - It can be Sine Wave or square pulses depending on Switch position or STM32 ADC1 PA0 input value depending on Switch1 position.

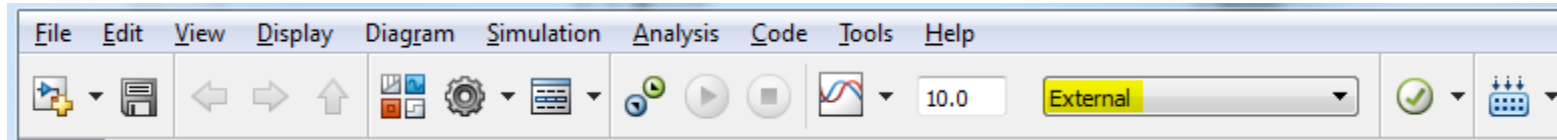


Simulink External Mode

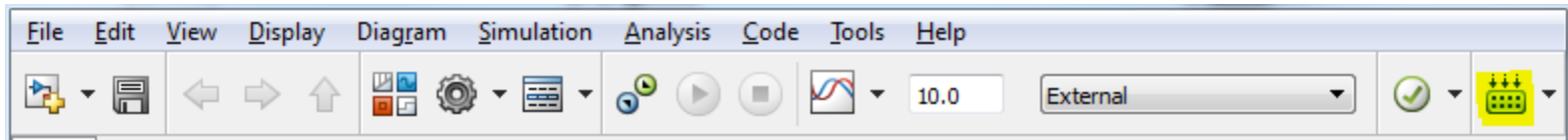
90



- Select External to enable External Mode



- Generate code for created application
 - Press « Build Model » to automatically generate C code and toolchain project.

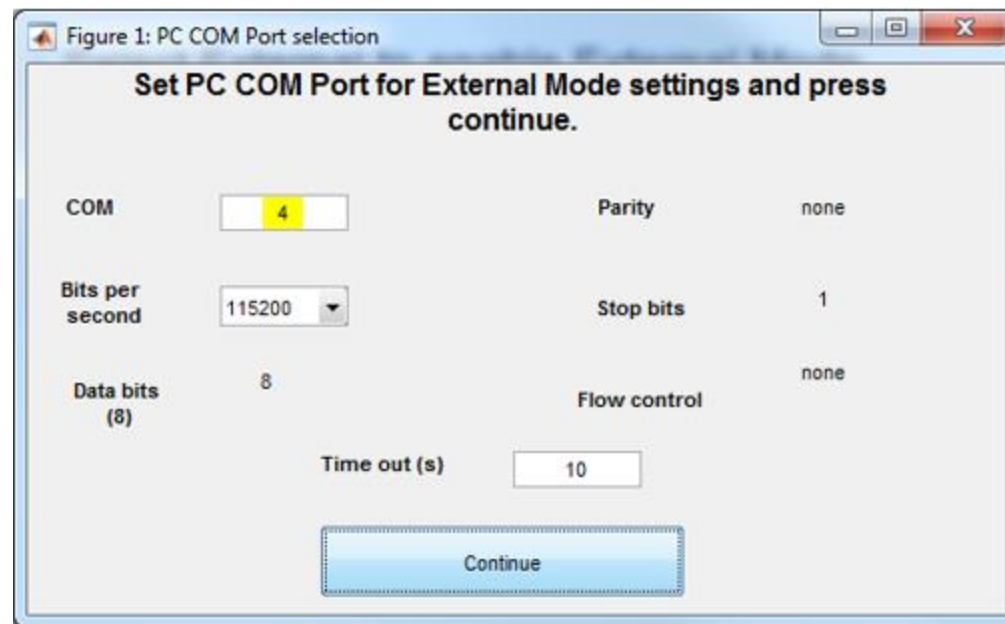
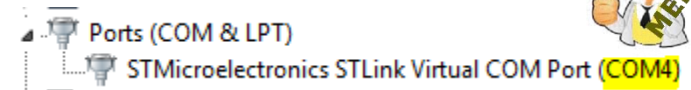


Simulink External Mode



- PC COM Port selection

- COM port number is given from Device manager



UART speed Baud Rate only is configurable.

Simulink External Mode

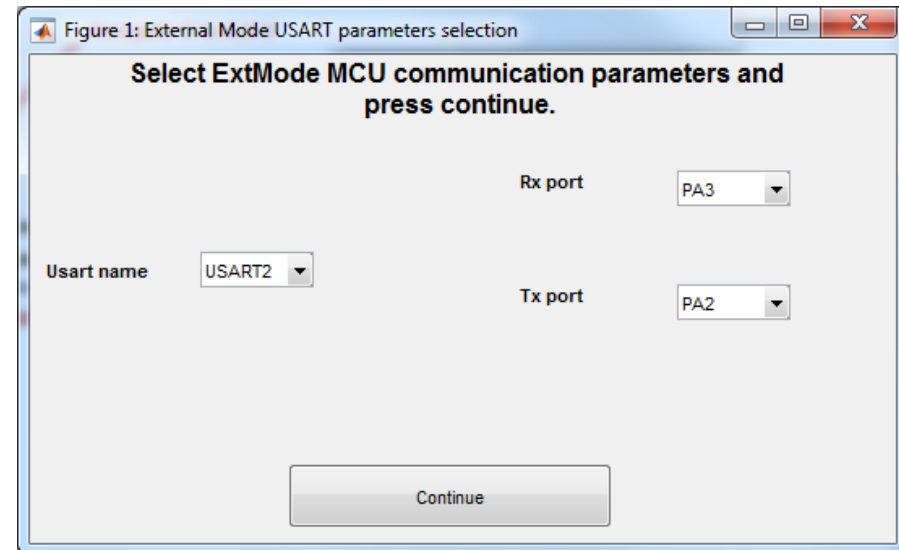


- STM32 UART selection
 - Selected UART depend on Virtual Com Port (VCP) configuration.
 - Look at User manual of used board
- NUCLEO-F302R8 example:

5.8 USART communication

The USART2 interface available on PA2 and PA3 of the STM32 microcontroller can be connected to ST-LINK MCU, STMicroelectronics Morpho connector or to Arduino connector. The choice can be changed by setting the related solder bridges. By default the USART2 communication between the target MCU and ST-LINK MCU is enabled in order to support Virtual Com Port for mbed (SB13 and SB14 ON, SB62 and SB63 OFF). If the communication between the target MCU PA2 (D1) or PA3 (D0) and shield or extension board is required, SB62 and SB63 should be ON, SB13 and SB14 should be OFF. In such case it possible to connect another USART to ST-LINK MCU using flying wires between Morpho connector and CN3. For instance on NUCLEO-F103RB it is possible to use USART3 available on PC10 (TX) & PC11 (RX). Two flying wires need to be connected as follow:

- PC10 (USART3_TX) available on CN7 pin 1 to CN3 pin RX
- PC11 (USART3_RX) available on CN7 pin 2 to CN3 pin TX

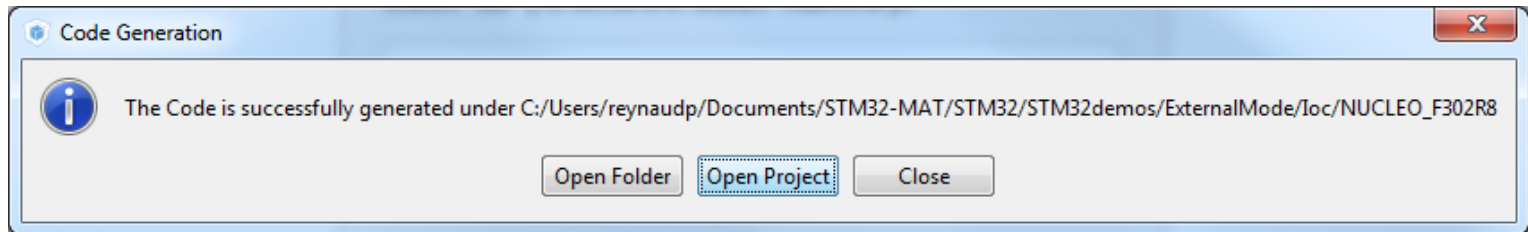


Simulink External Mode

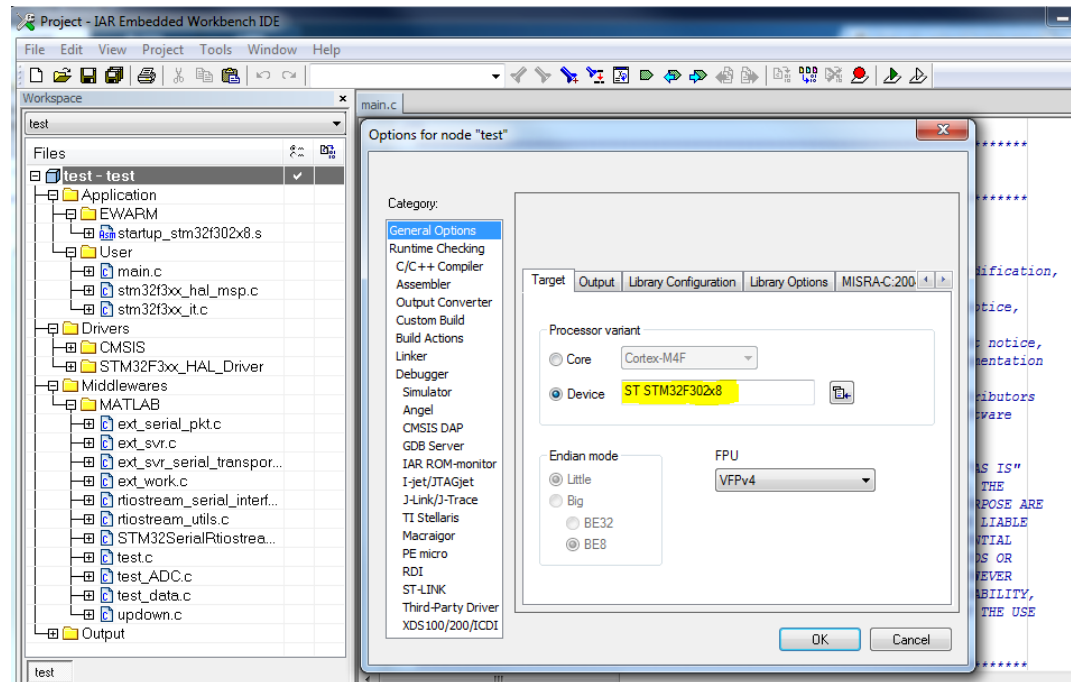


- Project Generation

- STM32CubeMX generates project as for Build Project Process.



- Click Open Project and verify Project Setting

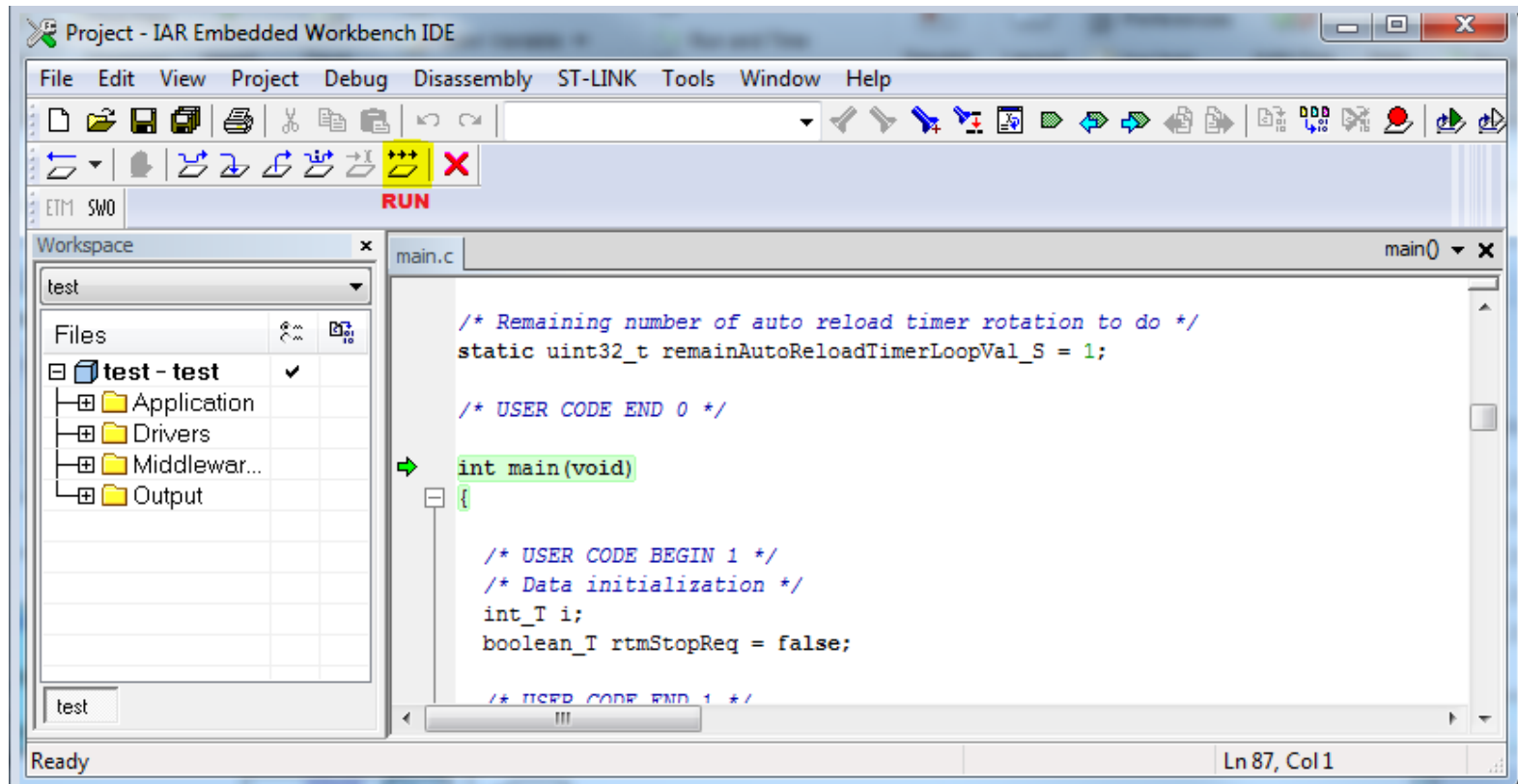


Simulink External Mode

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- Build, Download and Run project
 - STM32 target must run project before connection with Simulink is done.



Simulink External Mode



- Simulink External Mode settings
 - Verify Simulink model Configuration parameters window

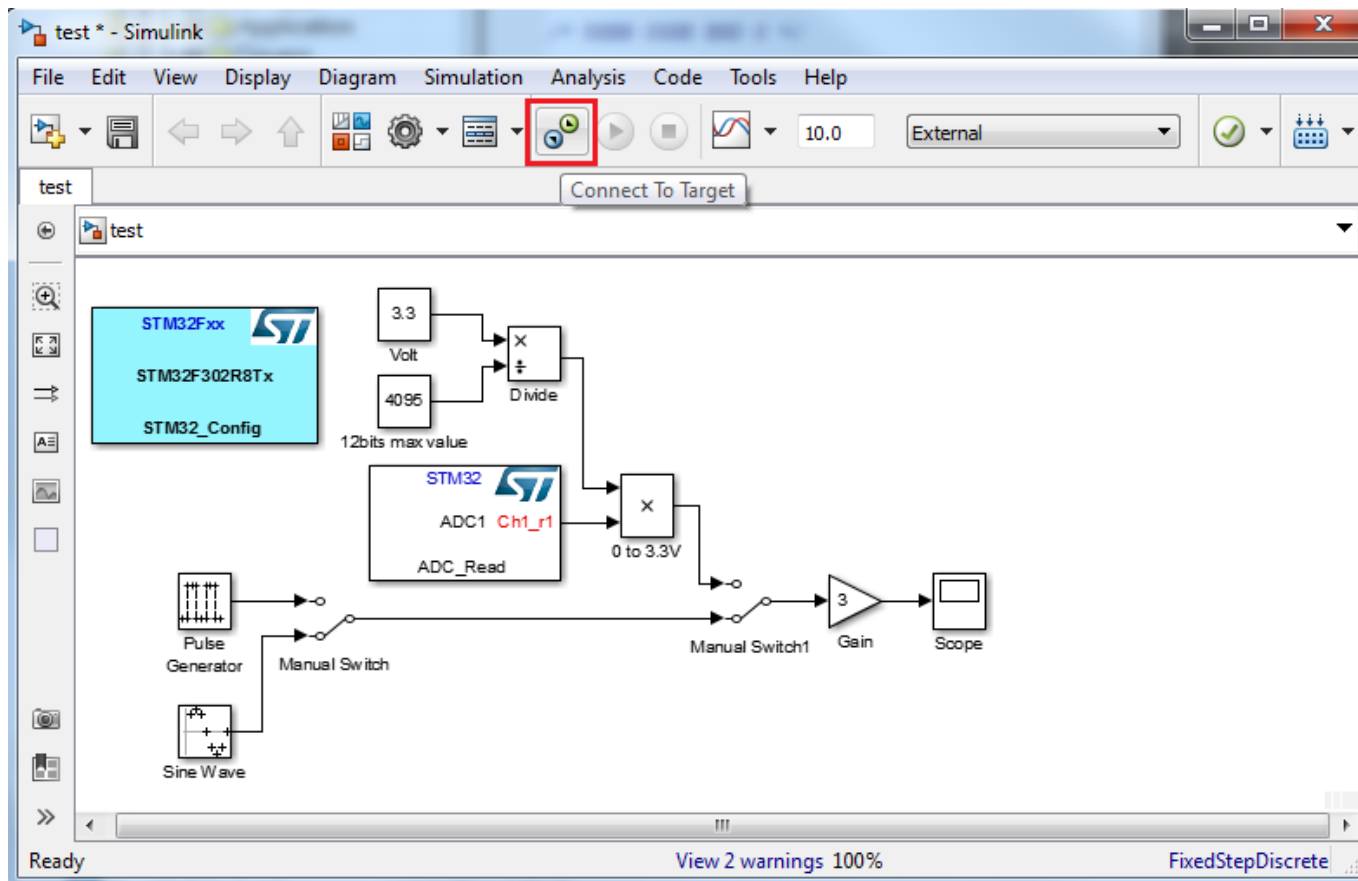
Configuration Parameters: test/Configuration (Active)

- Code Generation
 - absolute time
 - continuous time
 - non-inlined S-functions
 - variable-size signals
 - Multyword type definitions: System defined
- Code interface
 - Code interface packaging: Nonreusable function
 - Classic call interface
 - Single output/update function
 - Terminate function required
 - Suppress error status in real-time model data structure
 - Combine signal/state structures
- Data exchange
 - MAT-file logging
- Interface: External mode **External Mode Interface selected**
- Host/Target interface
 - Transport layer: stm32_serial **Only Serial Com is supported** MEX-file name: ext_serial_win32_comm
 - MEX-file arguments: 0,4,115200,10
 - 0 = Not verbose
 - 4 = PC COM port
 - 115200 = Com Speed
 - 10 = Timeout
- Memory management
 - Static memory allocation

Simulink External Mode



- STM32 – Simulink Connection
 - Click Connect To Target

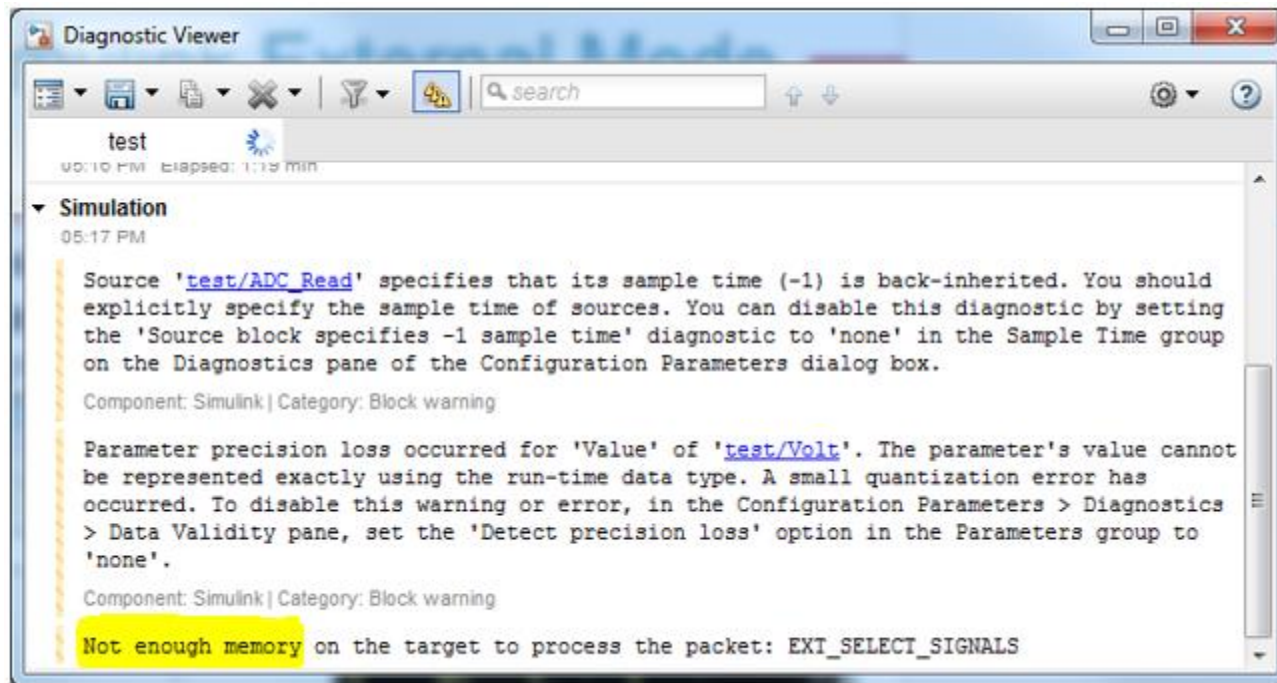


Simulink External Mode

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- Memory configuration
 - Connection can be done but no signal visible from scope.



Simulink External Mode

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- Memory configuration

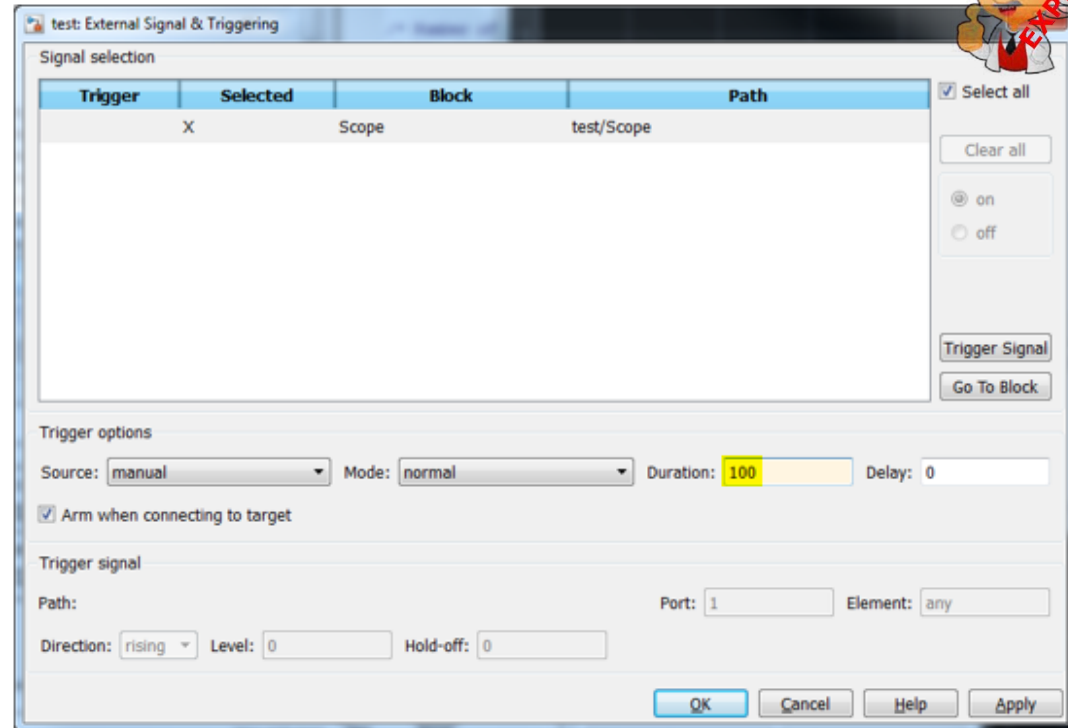
- Increase Heap Size from STM32CubeMX configuration if possible
- Or configure Signal & Triggering from External Mode Control Panel

The screenshot displays the Simulink External Mode interface. The main window shows a block diagram for a test setup. The diagram includes a 'STM32Fxx' block (STM32F302R8Tx) with 'STM32_Config' sub-blocks. A 'Pulse Generator' and 'Sine Wave' block are connected to a 'Manual Switch'. The signal path goes through an 'ADC1 Ch1_r1' block (ADC_Read) with a '12bits max value' label. The output is multiplied by a '3.3 Volt' value and divided by '4096' in a 'Divide' block. The result is then multiplied by a 'Gain' block (value 2) and sent to a 'Scope' block. A 'Manual Switch1' is also present in the signal path. The 'Code' menu is open, showing options for 'C/C++ Code', 'Data Objects', and 'External Mode Control Panel'. The 'External Mode Control Panel' dialog is open, showing options for 'Connection and triggering' (Disconnect, Stop Real-Time Code, Arm Trigger), 'Floating scope' (Enable data uploading checked, Duration: auto), 'Parameter tuning' (Batch download unchecked, Download button), and 'Configuration' (Signal & Triggering..., Data Archiving...). The status bar at the bottom indicates 'External' mode, 'View diagnostics', '100%' simulation progress, 'T=8211.300', and 'FixedStepDiscrete' solver.

Simulink External Mode



- Memory Configuration
 - Change Scope duration to 100



- Connect To Target again

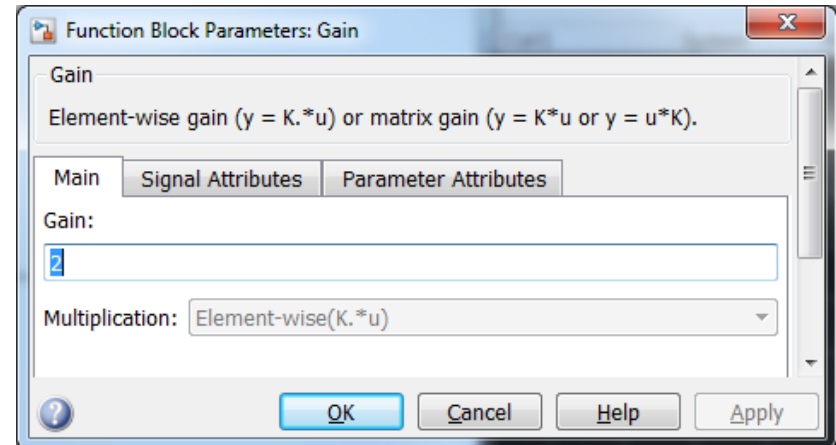
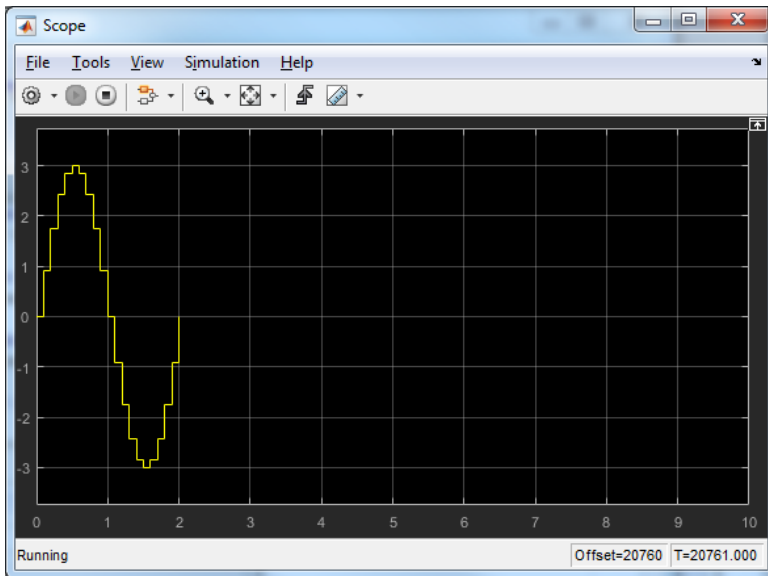


Simulink External Mode

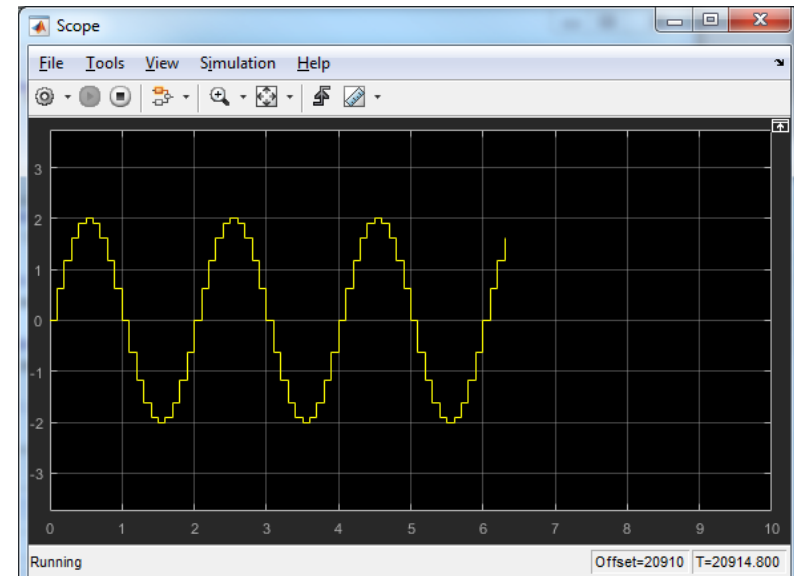
100



- Signal modification
 - Sine is selected (-3 to 3)



- Change Gain from 3 to 2
- Sine signal amplitude is now from -2 to 2

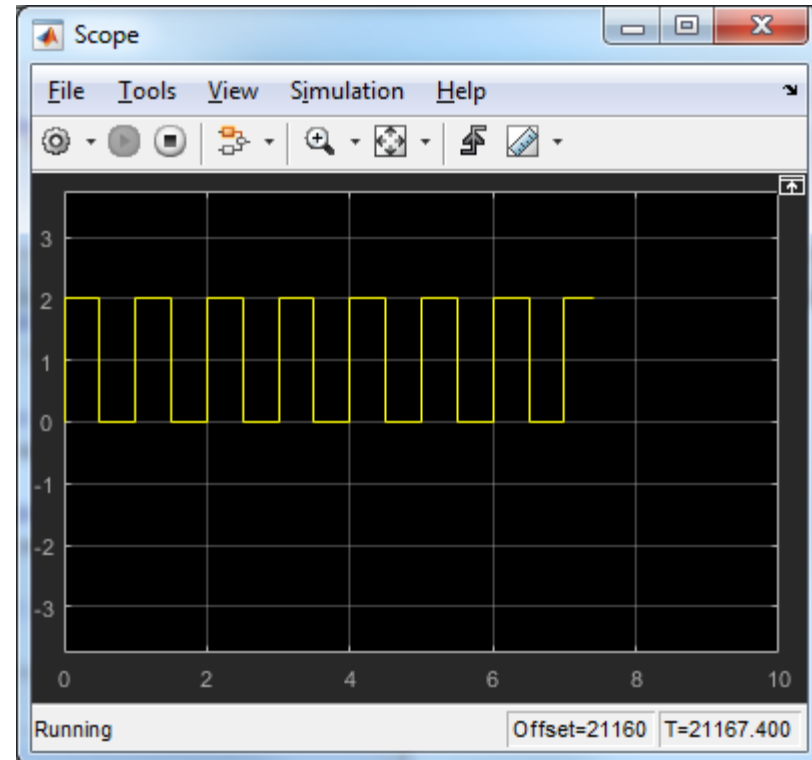
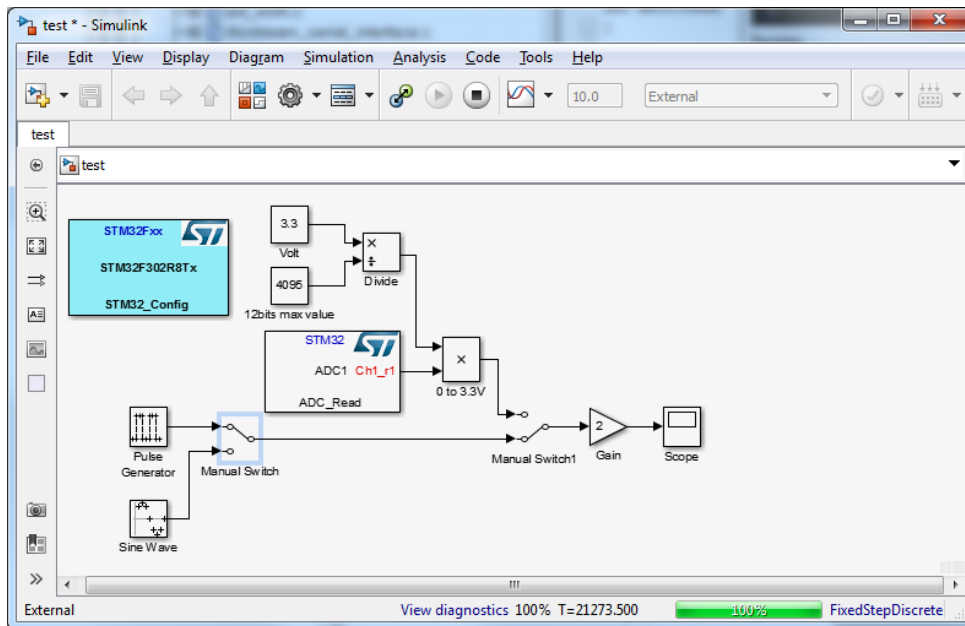


Simulink External Mode

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- Signal Selection
 - Double click Switch to select pulse generation

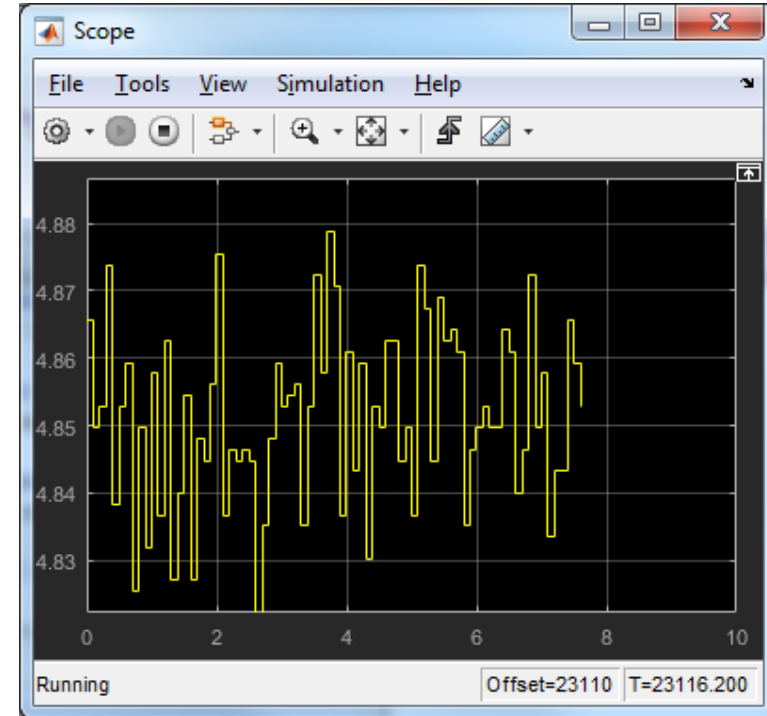
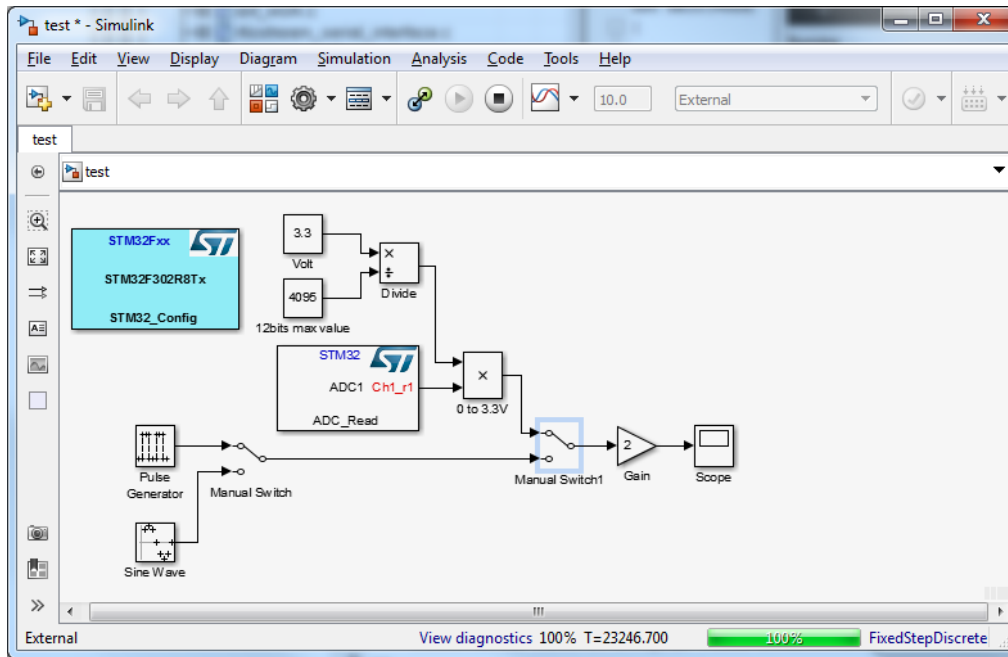


Simulink External Mode

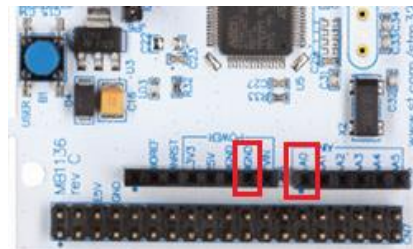
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- Signal Selection
 - Double click Switch1 to select signal from ADC1 PA0



NUCLEO AN-A0 Pin (connected to ADC1 IN1) and GND must be connected to a power supply (or voltage generator) max 3.3V.



Simulink External Mode

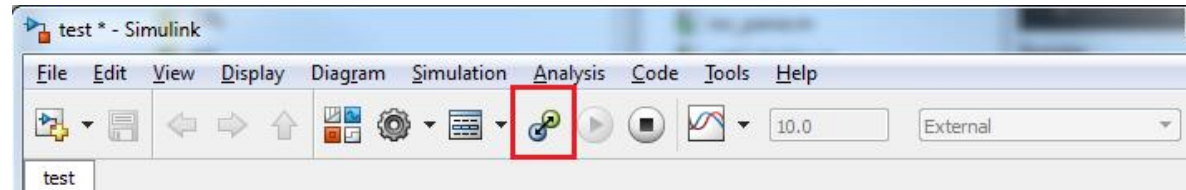
103



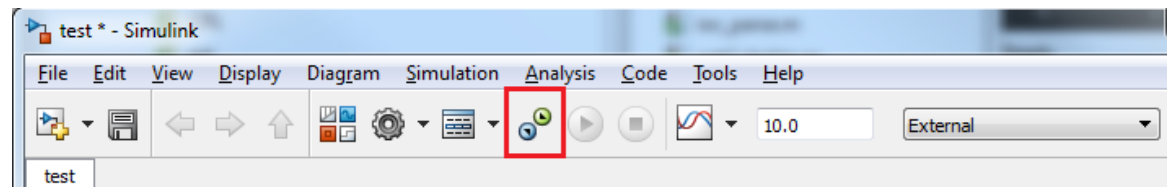
- Connected / Not connected

- As long as STM32 application is running, you can connect or disconnect Simulink model.

- Connected



- Not connected



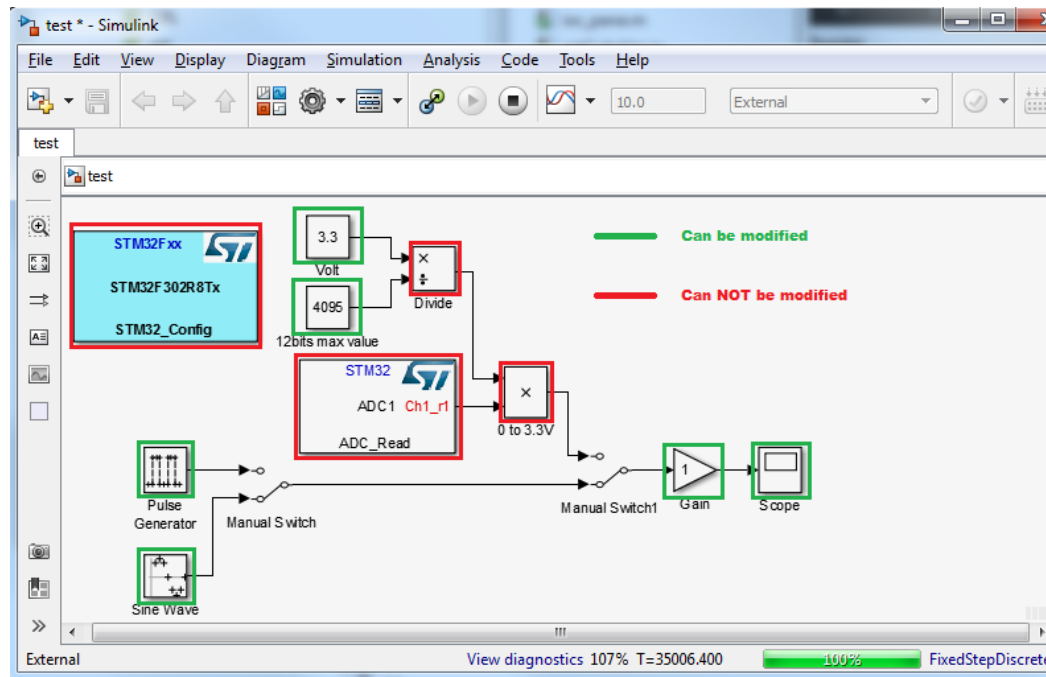
Simulink External Mode

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- Monitoring

- As long as STM32 application is running, you can modify Simulink model parameters.



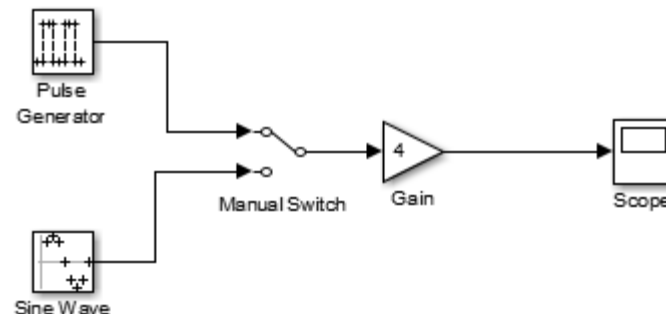
Monitoring means that only parameters can be modified. C generated code can't be modified. For example, it is not possible to replace x with + as x C code function has been generated.

Simulink External Mode

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- External Mode without ioc file selection.
 - It is possible to do STM32 External Mode for Simulink model without any STM32 driver used.
 - MCU used for External Mode is then selected using MCU selection window as PC port and STM32 USART for External Mode communication
 - IOC file is generated including selected STM32 MCU and USART for communication with Simulink.
 - STM32CubeMX generates code and project.
 - Process is same as process using STM32 drivers.



Releasing your creativity with the STM32

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